

# CHINT. NO. EN B94

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### India

# **CHINT India Energy Solution Private limited**

Discovery Tower Plot No. A-17 Ground Floor Industrial Area Sector: – 62 Noida –201301 India Hotline: - 18002707977 Company: - +91 1202975057



2020





NA1 Air Circuit Breaker



# **ABOUT CHINT**



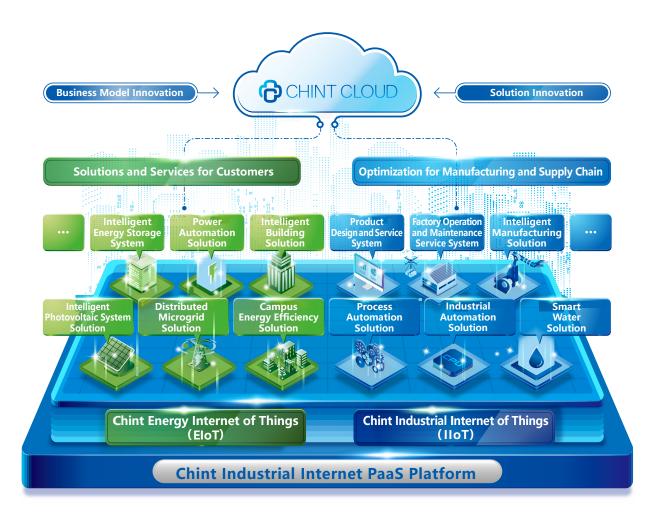
CHINT is a world renowned smart energy solution provider.

To comply with the trend of integrated development of modern energy, intelligent manufacturing and digital technology, CHINT has adopted the One Cloud & Two Nets as business strategy. As the platform of intelligent technology and data application, CHINT Cloud fulfills digital application and services in both internal and external. Based on the Industrial Internet of Things (IIoT), CHINT built an intelligent manufacturing system and realizes intelligent application in electrical industry. Relying on the Energy Internet of Things (EIoT), CHINT built its smart energy system and develops the regional EIoT mode.

Focusing on energy system of supply, storage, transmission, distribution and consumption, CHINT has core businesses of clean energy, energy distribution, big data and energy value-added services. Furthermore, CHINT pillar businesses include photovoltaic equipment, energy storage, power transmission & distribution, low-voltage apparatuses, intelligent terminals, software development and control automation. With developing into a platform enterprise, CHINT provides a package of energy solutions for public institutions, industrial & commercial users and end users, by building a regional smart energy operation ecosphere.

Founded in 1984, CHINT has developed business network in over 140 countries and regions with more than 30,000 employees. CHINT has reached annual sales of 10.5 billion USD, ranking Top 50 Asian Listed Companies and Top 100 China Private Enterprises.

# **ONE CLOUD & TWO NETS STRATEGY**



# **CHINT CLOUD**

Being the carrier of smart technology and data applications, CHINT Cloud connects corporate in-house manufacturing with operation and management data, realizing digital applications and services internally and externally.

# **CHINT EIOT**

Being a user-centric multi-energy complementary smart energy system, CHINT EloT provides a package of energy solutions for governments, industrial & commercial users and end users

# **CHINT IIoT**

Being a smart manufacturing system based on corporate digital transformation, CHINT IIoT constitutes a flexible, high-efficiency and intelligent industrial system.



# **RELIABLE QUALITY, BEST-SELLING WORLDWIDE**

3 global R&D centers: Europe、North America、Asia Pacific

6 worldwide marketing areas :
Asia Pacific、Western Asia and Africa、Europe、Latin America、North America、China

# 13 manufacturing bases :

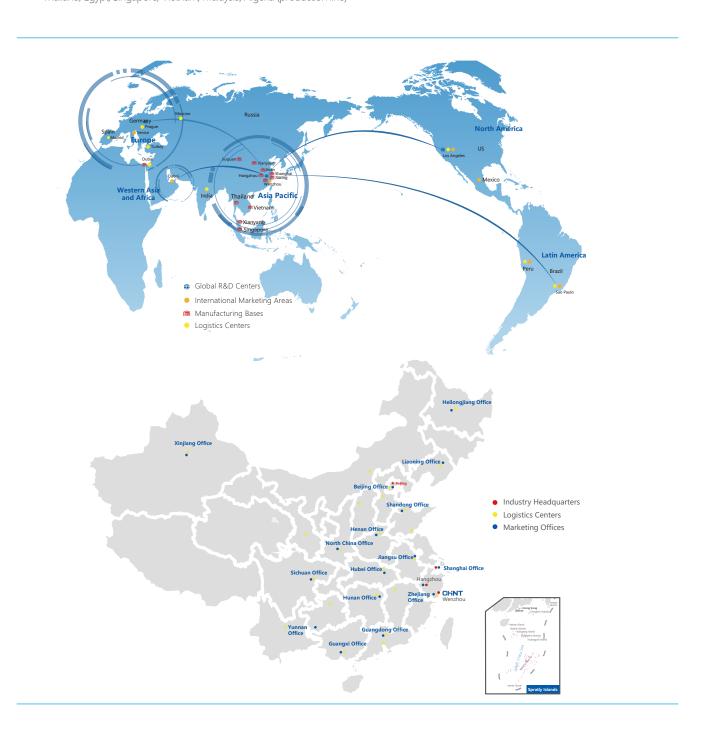
China (Wenzhou, Shanghai, Hangzhou, Jiaxing, Xianyang, Jiuquan, Jinan), Thailand, Egypt, Singapore, Vietnam, Malaysia, Algeria (production line)

20 overseas subsidiaries

16 marketing offices in China

32 international logistics centers

2300 sales companies



# **CHINT HONORS**

# Comprehensive Strength

- 2015, top 100 enterprises in China machinery industry
- 2016, top 100 enterprises of Zhejiang Province
- 2017, ranking the 85th place among top 500 China private enterprises
- 2017, innovative leading enterprise of Zhejiang Province
- 2017, top 100 enterprises in innovation capacity among the national hi-tech enterprises of Zhejiang Province

# **Quality Management**

- 2016, advanced unit and user-satisfied enterprise in national user satisfaction project
- 2016, executive director unit of Asia Quality Function Development Association
- 2017, quality good faith enterprise of China machinery industry
- 2017, national product and service quality good faith demonstration enterprise

# Independent Innovation

- 2015, Science and Technology Award of China Electrotechnical Society
- 2016, Golden Patent Prize of Zhejiang Province and Patent Recognition Award of Zhejiang Province for two serial products
- 2016, national intellectual property demonstration enterprise
- 2016, group member of China Intellectual Property Society
- 2016, member of Global Energy Interconnection Development and Cooperation Organization

# Social Responsibilities

- 2014, five-star enterprise of China industry sector in performing social responsibilities
- 2016, National Enterprise of Observing Contract and Valuing Credit
- 2017, credit management demonstration enterprise of Zhejiang Province
- 2018, the 10th "China Charity Award" of the Ministry of Civil Affairs

# **QUALIFICATION CERTIFICATION**

The products have been accredited through China Compulsory Certification (CCC) as well as UL of US, CE of EU, VDE and TÜV of Germany, EAC of Russia, KEMA of Netherlands, RCM of Australia, RCC of South Africa and other international product certifications.























# CRAFTSMANSHIP FORGES HIGH-QUALITY PRODUCTS

# Craftsmanship Forges High-quality Products

CHINT Electrics, a core controlled company belonging to CHINT Group, it focuses on R&D, design, manufacturing and sales of low-voltage apparatus products and provides system solutions for building, power supply, hoisting, HVAC, telecommunication and other industrial customers. For over 30 years since its founding, CHINT has provided reliable products and services for over

140 countries and regions, and has become one of world famous low-voltage apparatus brand operators.

CHINT will continuously satisfy the increasing market demand through technical and innovative services advancing with the times, and will provide safer, more reliable products and create more secure and comfortable living environment.



# **CHINT KUNLUN SERIES**

# Air Circuit Breaker

- Built-in busbar temperature sensor;
- Fine shell-frame division ;
- Man-machine interconnection;
- Strong environmental adaptability.

# Moulded Case Circuit Breaker

- Fine shell-frame division ;
- Line protection;
- Double insulation ;
- Man-machine interconnection;
- Strong environmental adaptability.

# Terminal Distribution Apparatus

- Clear contact window;
- Small size and high current;
- More current specification options;
- Abundant accessories ;
- Strong environmental adaptability.

# Motor Control and Protection

- Suitable for large voltage fluctuation;
- Humane design ;
- Fine current specification ;
- More standard auxiliary contacts;
- Strong environmental adaptability.





# **NA1 Air Circuit Breaker**

NA1



NA1

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**Summary** 

# **5 basic frame sizes**

For your various requirements, the Air Circuit Breaker NA1 includes 5 basic frame sizes as followed.

NA1-1000X 200A to 1000A



NA1-2000X,NA1-2000XN, NA1-2000XH 630A to 2000A



NA1-3200X,NA1-3200XN,NA1-4000X 2000A to 4000A



NA1-6300X,NA1-6300XN 4000A to 6300A











#### 1. General

### 1.1 Application scope

NA1 series air circuit breaker is suitable for the circuit of AC 50Hz/60Hz with rated service voltage 400V, 690V and rated service current up to 6300A. It is mainly used to distribute electric energy and protect circuits and electric equipment against over-load, under-voltage, short-circuit and singlephase earthing fault.

With intelligentized and selective protection functions, the breaker can improve the reliability of power supply, and avoid unnecessary power failure. The breaker is applicable for power stations, factories, mines (for 690V) and modern highbuildings, especially for the distribution system of intelligentized building.

1.2 Standard: IEC/EN 60947-2.

# 2. Operating conditions

- 2.1 Temperature condition:
  - $-5^{\circ}\text{C}\sim40^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; the average value within 24h shall not exceed +35°C (special situation excluded);
- 2.2 Altitude:≤2000m;
- 2.3 Pollution grade: Grade 3;
- 2.4 Air conditions:

At mounting site, relative humidity not exceed 50% at the max temperature of +40°C, higher relative humidity is allowable under lower temperature, RH could be 90% at +20°C, special measures should be taken to occurrence of dews;

2.5 Note: Without the intelligent controller, the breaker functions as a switch-disconnector.

#### 2.6 Type designation

Voltage of secondary circuit AC220V, AC380V, AC230V, AC400V DC220V, DC110V

> Wiring of main circuit: H:Horizontal wiring of main circuit V:Vertical wiring of main circuit

Mode of installation: F:Fixed type D:Draweout type

Mode of operation: M:Manual P: Power-driven

No. of poles: 3:3-pole 4:4-pole

Intelligent controller: M: Standard type 3M: Multifunctional type 3H: Communication type

## Rated current:

Frame size rated current	Rated current
	200A
	400A
1000A	630A
	800A
	1000A
	630A
	800A
20004	1000A
2000A	1250A
	1600A
	2000A
	2000A
3200A	2500A
	3200A
4000A	4000A
	4000A
6300A	5000A
	6300A

Breaking capacity:

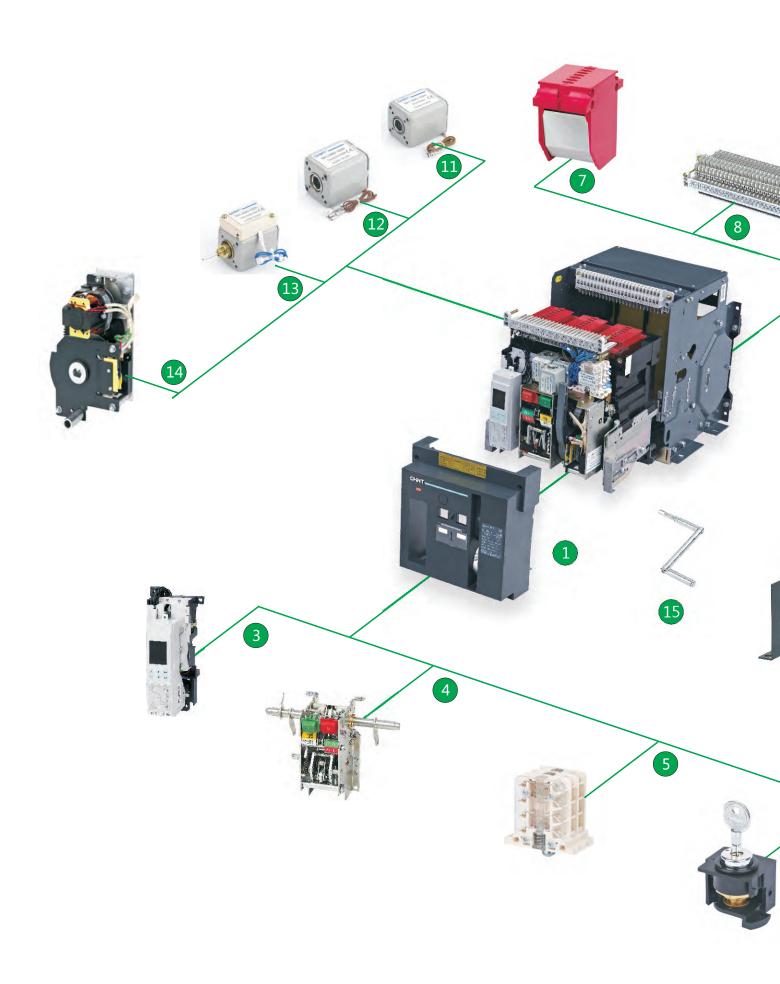
Χ XN ХН

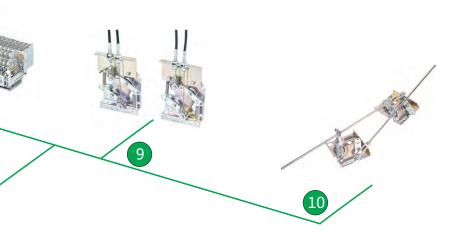
Frame size rated current: 1000,2000,3200,4000,6300

Design sequence number

ACB

Company code



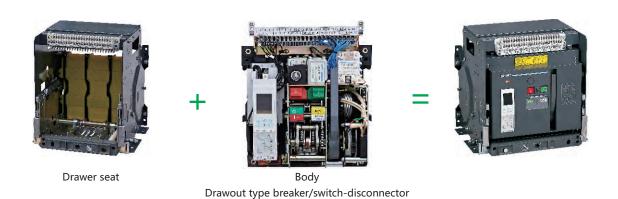




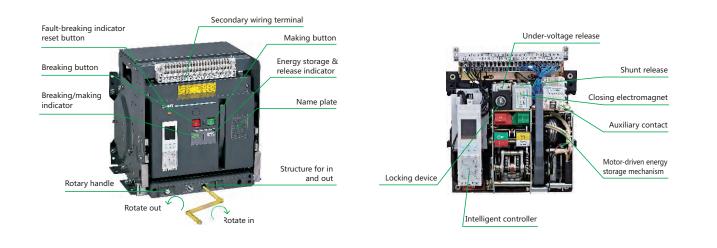
# NA1 Air Circuit Breaker

- 1 Drawout type
- 2 Fixed type
- 3 Intelligent controller
- 4 Operating mechanism
- 5 Auxiliary contact
- 6 Locking-device
- 7 Arcing chamber
- 8 Secondary wiring terminal
- 9 Wire-cable mechanical interlock
- (10) Connecting-rod type mechanical interlock
- (11) Shunt release
- (12) Closing electromagnet
- (13) Under-voltage release
- (14) Motor-driven energy-storage mechanism
- (15) Rotary handle
- (16) Mounting plate

# 3. Structure







# 4. Main technical parameter

Туре			NA1-1000X						
Pated ultimate sho	ort circuit breaking capacity (Icu)	AC400V	42						
Nated ditillate 311c	or circuit breaking capacity (icu)	AC690V	25						
Rated service shor	t circuit breaking capacity (Ics)	AC400V	30						
Nated Service Shor	t circuit breaking capacity (ics)	AC690V	20						
Rated short-time w	vithstand current (Icw.1s)	AC400V	30						
nated short time v	vicistaria carrette (2011.13)	AC690V	20						
Rated current In	(A)		200	400	630	800	1000		
Number of poles			3, 4						
Rated voltage Ue	(V)		AC 400, AC 690						
Rated insulation vo	oltage Ui (V)		800						
Rated current of N	-pole In (A)		100%In						
Fixed disconnectio	on time (ms)		23~32						
Intelligent	Standard type (M)		•	•	•	•	•		
controller	Communication type (H)		•	•	•	•	•		
	Electric life		AC 400V:6500, AC 690V:3000						
Operation performance	Mechanical life		Non-maintenance 15,000						
Mechanical life			Maintenance 30,000						
Connection pattern		Horizontal, Vertical							
standard configuration		Drawout 3P/4P	38/55						
		Fixed 3P/4P	22/26.5						

Туре		NA1-2000X		N/	NA1-2000XN		NA1-2000XH	
		AC400V	80		50			65
Rated ultimate short circuit br	eaking capacity (Icu)	AC415V	50		40			50
		AC690V	50		40			50
		AC400V	65		50			65
Rated service short circuit bre	aking capacity (Ics)	AC415V	40		40			40
		AC690V	40		40			40
		AC400V	50 50			50		
Rated short-time withstand	I (Icw.1s)	AC415V	40 40			40		
		AC690V	40		40			40
Rated short-time withstand	1 (Tau 2a)	AC400V	42		42			42
Rated short-time withstand	1 (ICW.3S)	AC415V	42		42			42
Rated current In (A)			630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000
Number of poles			3, 4					
Rated voltage Ue (V)			AC400, AC415	5, AC690				
Rated insulation voltage Ui	(V)		1000					
Rated current of N-pole In	(A)		100%In					
Fixed disconnection time (r	ms)		23~32					
Intelligent	Standard type (M)		•	•	•	•		•
controller	Communication type (H)		•	•	•	•	•	•
Operation performance	Electric life		AC400:6500	AC690V:3000				
	Mechanical life		Non-mainten	ance 15,000				
Weetianical inc		Maintenance	30,000					
Connection pattern		Horizontal, Ve	ertical					
Motor operational standard configuration weight (kg)	Drawout 3P/4P		67.5 / 80		70	/ 84		79 / 90.5
	Fixed 3P/4P		42 / 52		44	/ 52		45 / 54

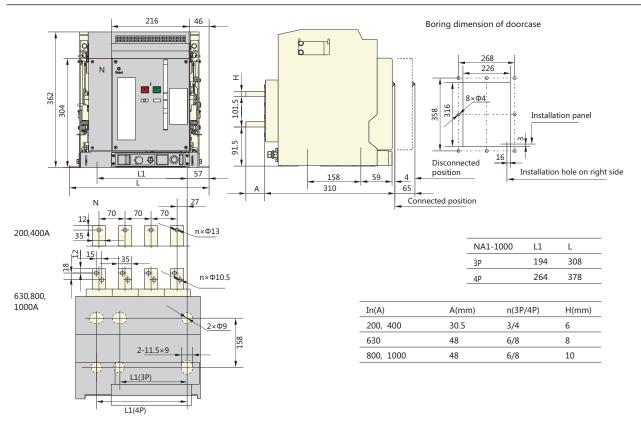
Туре			NA1-3200X		NA1-3200XN	NA1-4000X	
		AC400V	80		65	80	
Rated ultimate short circuit bre	aking capacity (Icu)	AC415V	65		50	_	
		AC690V	65		50	65	
		AC400V	65		65	65	
Rated service short circuit breal	king capacity (Ics)	AC415V	65		50	_	
		AC690V	65		50	65	
		AC400V	65		65	65	
Rated short-time withstand	(Icw.1s)	AC415V	50		50	_	
		AC690V	50		50	50	
Data dalam tima mithatan d	(I 2-)	AC400V	45		45	_	
Rated short-time withstand	(ICW.3S)	AC415V	45		45	_	
Rated current I <sub>n</sub> (A)		'	2000	2500	3200	4000	
Number of poles			3, 4			3	
Rated voltage Ue (V)			AC400, AC415, AC690				
Rated insulation voltage Ui (	(V)		1000				
Rated current of N-pole I <sub>n</sub> (A	A)		100%In				
Fixed disconnection time (m	s)		23~32				
Intelligent	Standard type (M)		•	•	•	•	
controller	Communication type (H)		•	•	•	•	
Operation performance	Electric life		AC400V:3000 AC690V:2000			AC400V:1500 AC690V:1000	
	Mechanical life		Non-maintenance 10,000				
<b>.</b>			Maintenance 20,000				
Connection pattern		Horizontal, Vertical					
Motor operational standard configuration weight (kg)	Drawout 3P/4P		90.5 / 116	90.5 / 116	103 / 130	132	
	Fixed 3P/4P		55 / 68	55 / 68	56.5 / 71	72 / -	

Туре			NA1-6300X		NA1-6300XN			
		AC400V	120		100			
Rated ultimate short circuit brea	aking capacity (Icu)	AC415V	85		75			
		AC690V	85		75			
		AC400V	100		100			
Rated service short circuit break	king capacity (Ics)	AC415V	75		75			
		AC690V	75		75			
		AC400V	100	100				
Rated short-time withstand (	Icw.1s)	AC415V	75		75			
		AC690V	75		75			
Rated short-time withstand (	In., 2a)	AC400V	50		50			
Rated Short-time withstand (	ICW.55)	AC415V	50		50			
rated current In (A)			4000	5000	6300			
Number of poles			3, 4					
Rated voltage Ue (V)			AC400, AC415,AC690					
Rated insulation voltage Ui (	V)		1000					
Rated current of N-pole In (	A)		50%In —					
Fixed disconnection time (m	Fixed disconnection time (ms)			23~32				
Intelligent	Standard type (M)		•	•	•			
controller	Communication type (H)		•	•	•			
Operation performance	Electric life		AC400V:1500 AC690V:1000					
			Non-maintenance 5000					
	Mechanical life		Maintenance 10,000					
Connection pattern		Horizontal, Vertical						
Motor operational standard configuration	Drawout 3P/4P		210 / 233	210 / 233	233 / -			
weight (kg)	Fixed 3P/4P		-/-	-/-	-/-			

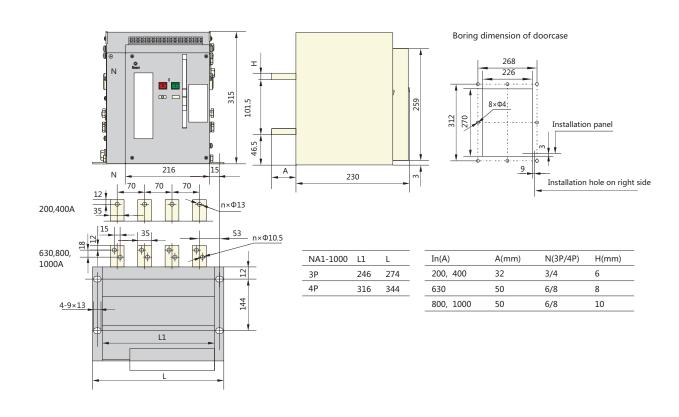
Standard configuration: M type intelligent controller; Under-voltage release; Shunt release; Motor-driven energy-storage mechanism; Closeing electromagnet.

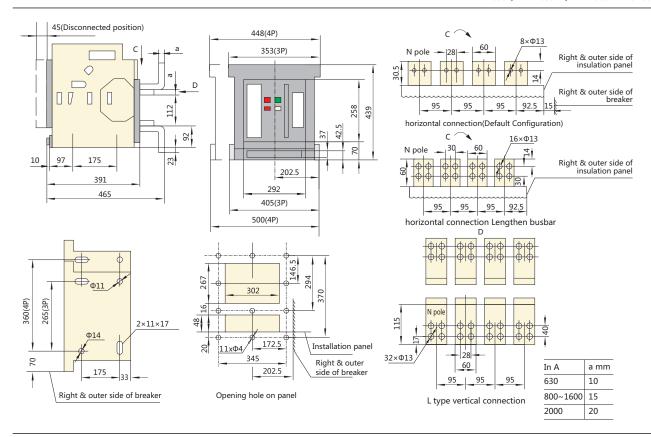
# 5. Dimensions and connection

NA1-1000X Drawout-type

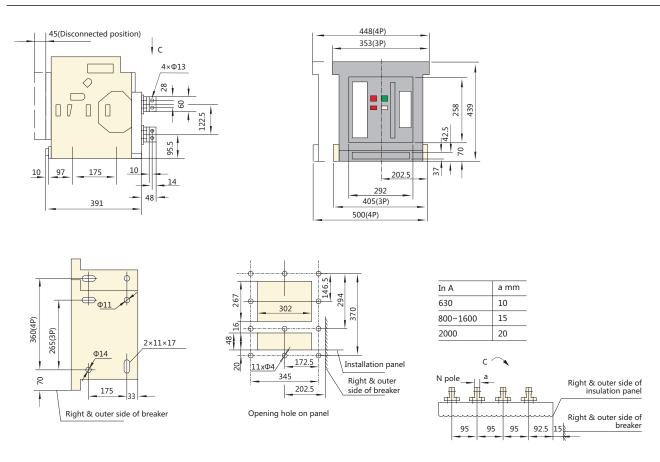


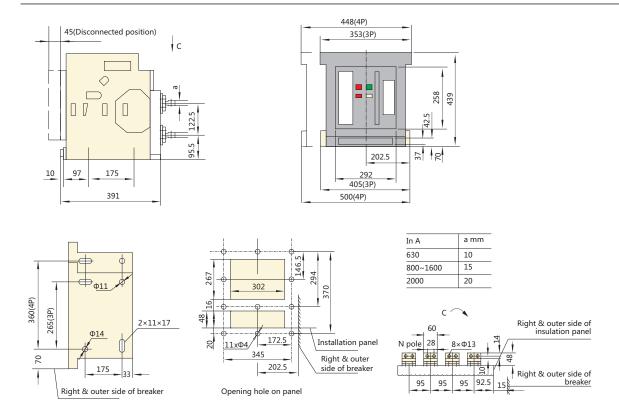
NA1-1000X Fixed-type



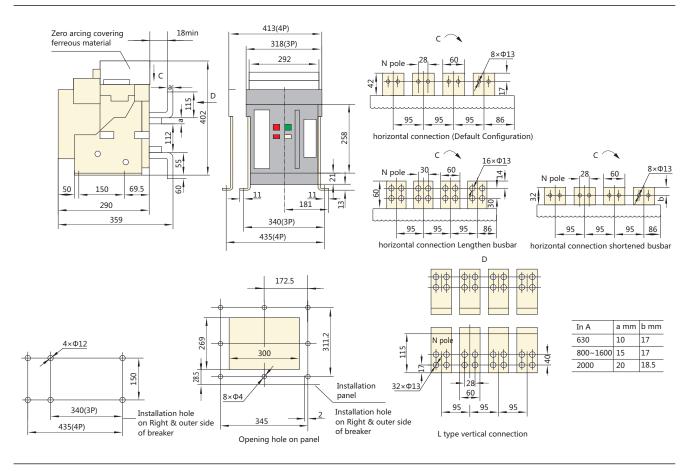


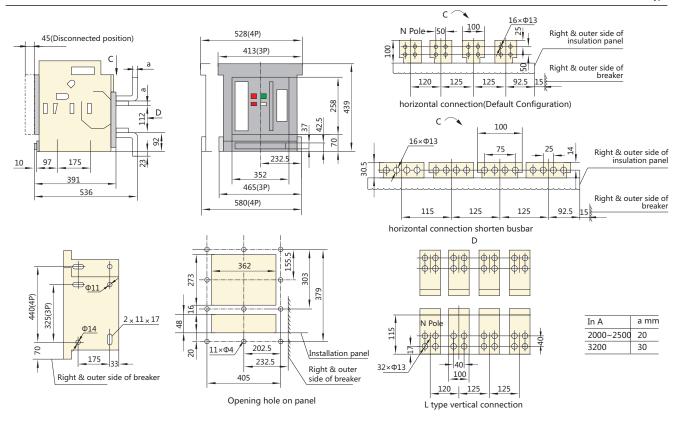
NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH Drawout-type,vertical,rear connection,rotation busbar



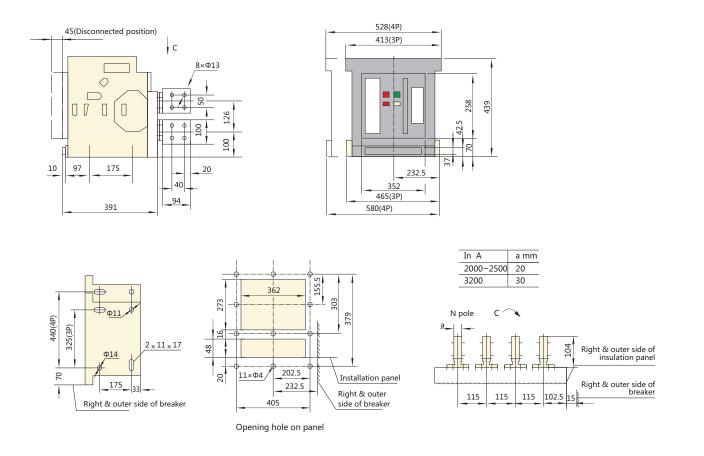


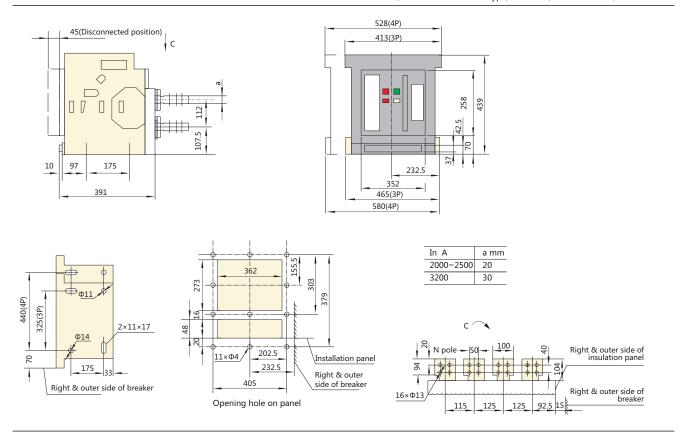
NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH Fixed-type



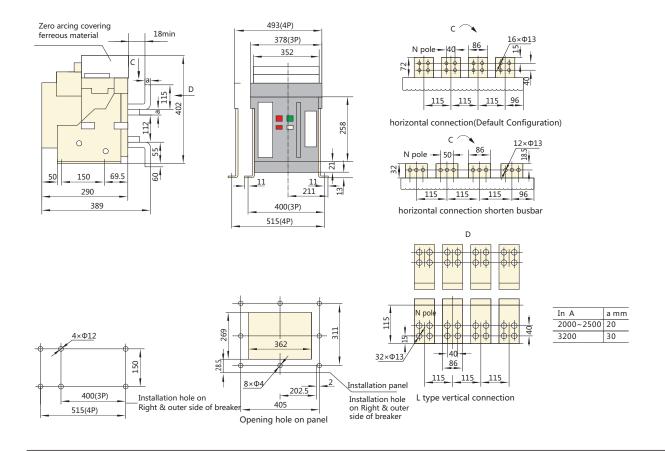


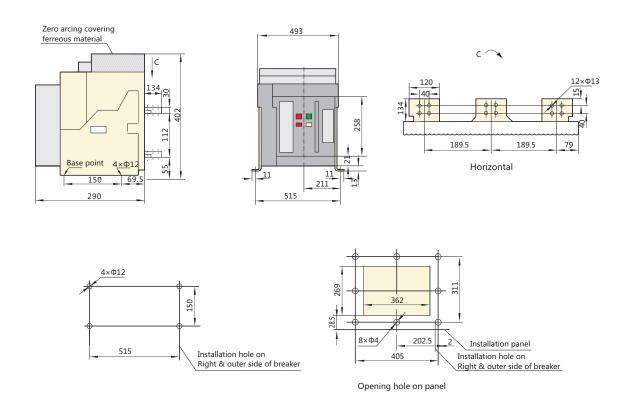
NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN Drawout-type,vertical,rear connection,rotation busbar



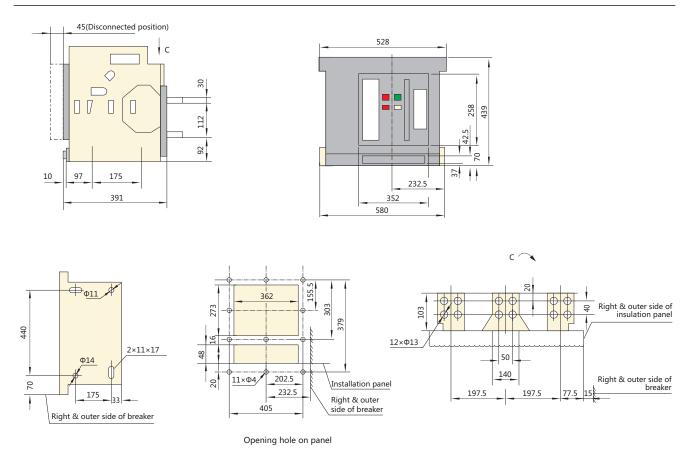


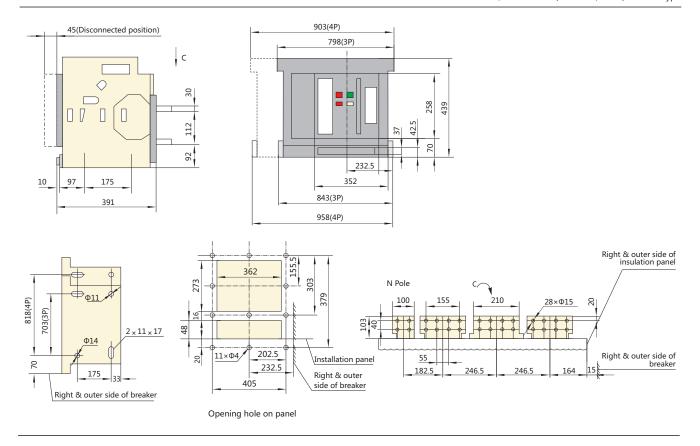
NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN Fixed-type

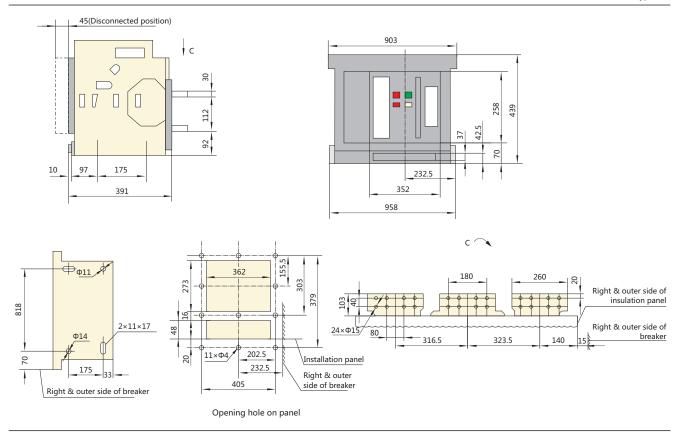




NA1-4000X Drawout-type (3P)



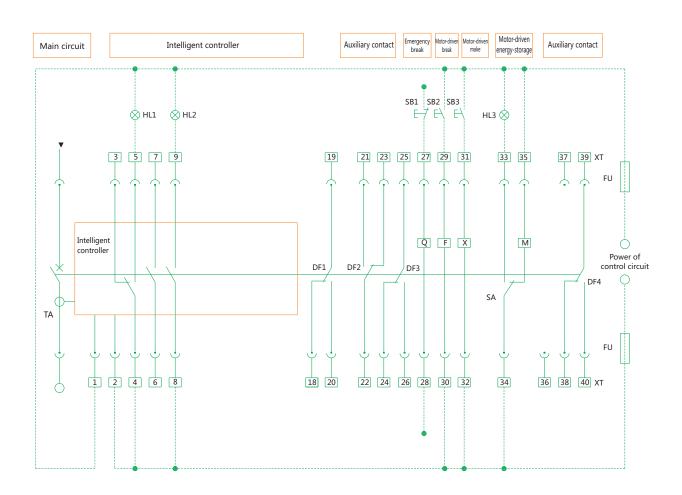




# 6. Secondary circuit wiring

#### 6.1 NA1-1000X

Standard type, type (M/3M)



HL1: Failure indicator

HL2: Close indicator

HL3: Energy storage indicator

SB1: Under-voltage button

SB2: Shunt button

SB3: Close button

Q: Under-voltage release

F: Shunt release

X: Close electromagnet

M: Energy storage motor

DF1-DF4: Auxiliary switch

1\*, 2\*: Auxiliary power input

3",4",5": Fault trip contact output(4" common terminal, contact capacity AC230V,5A

6\*,7\*: To be connected with current transformer(selective)

#### Note:

Dashed is to be connected by users.

8\*,9\*: Making indicator (capacity AC400V,1A)

27\*,28\*: Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit)

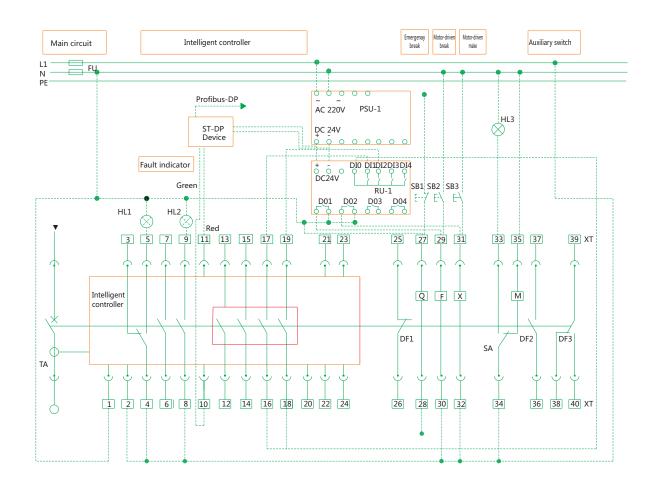
29",30": Shunt release

31\*,32\*: Closing electromagnet

33\*,34\*,35\*: Energy storage motor

18\*~26\*, 38\*~40\*: Auxiliary contact

(auxiliary contact capacity: AC230V,5A)



HL1: Failure indicator

HL2: Close indicator

HL3: Energy storage indicator

SB1: Under-voltage button

SB2: Shunt button

SB3: Close button

Q: Under-voltage release

F: Shunt release

X: Close electromagnet

M: Energy storage motor

DF1-DF3: Auxiliary switch

1\*, 2\*: Auxiliary power input(DC24)

3\*,4\*,5\*: Fault trip contact output(4\* common terminal, contact capacity AC230V,5A

6\*, 7\*: To be connected with current transformer(N/O auxiliary contact, capacity AC400V, 1A,when no current transformer)

#### Note:

Dashed is to be connected by users.

8\*,9\*: Making indicator(capacity AC400V,1A)

10\*, 11\*: communication output

12", 13": Signal alarm of load 1 output

14\*, 15\*: Signal alarm of load 2 output

16\*, 17\*: Making signal output

18\*, 19\*: Closing signal output

20\*: Communication shield ground line

21\*~24\*: Voltage signal input of phase N,A,B,C

(With voltage measurement);

21#~23# is a set of auxiliary switches

(Without voltage measurement)

22# common terminal, contact capacity AC230V,5A

25", 26": Auxiliary contact (capacity:AC230V,5A)

27\*,28\*: Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit)

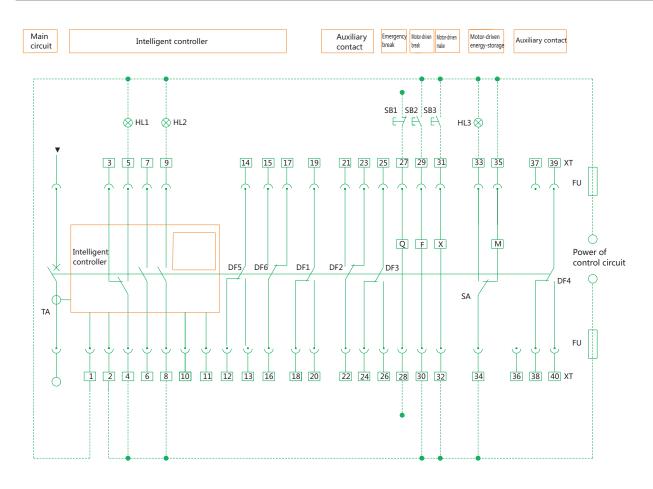
29",30": Shunt release

31\*,32\*: Closing electromagnet

33\*,34\*,35\*: Energy storage motor

36\*~40\*: Auxiliary contact (capacity:AC230V,5A)

Six pairs change-over contacts standard type (M/3M)



HL1: Failure indicator

HL2: Close indicator

HL3: Energy storage indicator

SB1: Under-voltage button

SB2: Shunt button

SB3: Close button

Q: Under-voltage release

F: Shunt release

X: Close release

M: Energy storage motor

DF1-DF6: Auxiliary switch

1\*, 2\*: Auxiliary power input

3\*,4\*,5\*: Fault trip contact output(4\* common terminal, contact capacity AC230V,5A

6\*, 7\*: to be connected with current transformer(selective)

# Note:

Six pairs change-over contacts, without any additional function. Dashed is to be connected by users.

8\*,9\*: Making indicator (capacity AC400V,1A)

12\*~26\*: Auxiliary contact(auxiliary

contact capacity: AC230V,1A)

27\*,28\*: Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit)

29\*,30\*: Shunt release

31\*,32\*: Closing release

33\*,34\*:Energy storage indicator

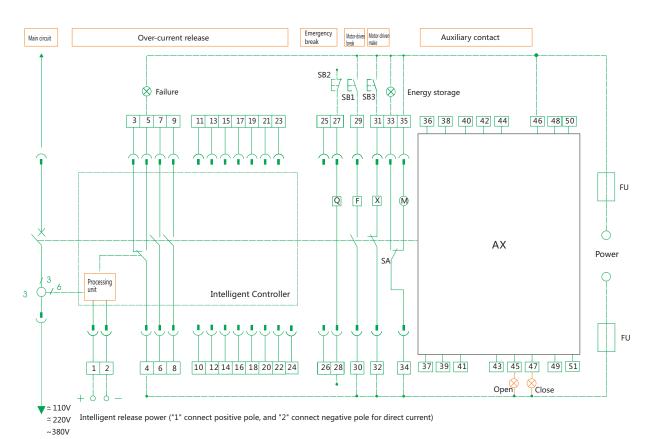
34\*,35\*: Energy storage motor

38\*~40\*: Auxiliary contact(auxiliary

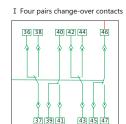
contact capacity: AC230V,1A)

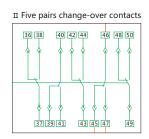
#### 6.2 NA1-2000X~6300X

The secondary circuit wiring for NA1-2000X~6300X with standard type (M) intelligent controller and instantaneous under-voltage release



### The auxiliary contact modes for customer use





SB1: Shunt button

SB2: Under-voltage button

SB3: Making button

Q: Under-voltage release

F: Shunt release

X: Closing electromagnet

M: Energy storage motor

XT: Connection terminal

SA: Position switch

Note: If control voltage of Q, F, X is different from each other,

they can be connected to different power.

1\*,2\*: Auxiliary power input

3\*,4\*,5\*: Fault trip contact output(4# common terminal)

6\*,7\*,8\*,9\*: Auxiliary contact, normal open,

10\*~24\*: empty

25\*,26\*: to be connected with current transformer(selective)

27",28": Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit)

29",30": Shunt release

31\*,32\*: Closing release

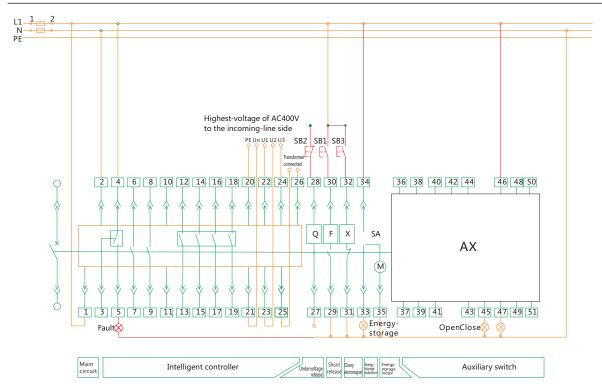
33\*,34\*: Energy storage indicator

34\*,35\*: Energy storage motor

36\*,51\*: Auxiliary contact

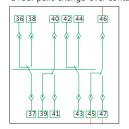
### Circuit explanation for signal output:

- a. Broken-line parts shall be provided by customers.
- b. Terminals  $6^{\circ}_{,}7^{\circ}$  can output NC (normal close) contact if that is required by users.
- c. Terminal 35" can be directly connected to power (automatic pre-storing energy), alternatively connect power after connecting NO button (manual-controlled pre-storing energy).
- d. Terminals 21\*~24\* is only for wiring with function meter display. (excluding the special wiring)

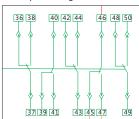


The auxiliary contact modes for customer use

I Four pairs change-over contacts



II Five pairs change-over contacts



SB1: Shunt button

SB2: Under-voltage button

SB3: Making button

Q: Under-voltage release

F: Shunt release

X: Closing release

M: Energy storage motor

XT: connection terminal

SA: Position switch

1\*, 2\*: Intelligent controller power input

Note: When the power supply of the intelligent controller is AC power, the  $1^* \sim 2^*$  connects to the AC power directly. When the power supply is DC power, forbid connecting the 1\*~2\* to the DC power directly. Add a DC power supply module, then the DC power connect to the input terminal of the DC power supply module, and the 1"~2" connect to the output terminal of the DC power supply module, or else the intelligent controller will be damaged.

3\*,4\*,5\*: Fault trip contact output(4\*common terminal)

6\*,7\*,8\*,9\*: Auxiliary contact(normal open)

10"~11": empty

12"~19": The programmable output terminal. The normal products without these terminals,

but if the customer special ordered, the cost extra added.

3M type acquiescence output:

12\*,13\*: Signal alarm of load 1 output; 14\*,15\*: Signal alarm of load2 output

16",17": Self-diagnose alarm; 18",19": Fault trip; 20": PE line; 21"~24": Display the voltage of the signal input.

The normal products without these terminals,

if the customer special ordered the function meter, the cost extra added.

21\*: N phase input terminal

22",23",24": A, B, C three phase power input terminal (note the sequence)(highest-voltage of AC 400V)

25",26": Connect to the N phase current transformer or the input terminal of the current leakage transformer.

The normal products without these terminals, if the customer special ordered, the cost extra added.

27",28": Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit); 29",30": Shunt release; 31",32": Closing release;

33",34": Energy storage indicator; 34",35": Energy storage motor; 36"~51": Auxiliary contact

# Note:

- a. Red colored part is to be connected by users
- b. When the power system is three phase three wire, directly connect the Un to U2.
- (If the voltage exceeds 400V, special explanation when ordered)

SB1: Shunt button; SB2: Under-voltage button SB3: Making button; Q: Under-voltage release

M: Energy storage motor; XT: connection terminal

Note: When the power supply of the intelligent controller is AC power, the  $1^* \sim 2^*$  connects to the AC power directly. When the power supply is DC power, forbid connecting the  $1^* \sim 2^*$  to the DC power directly. Add a DC power supply

module, then the DC power connect to the input terminal of the DC power supply module, and the  $1^{s} \sim 2^{s}$  connect to

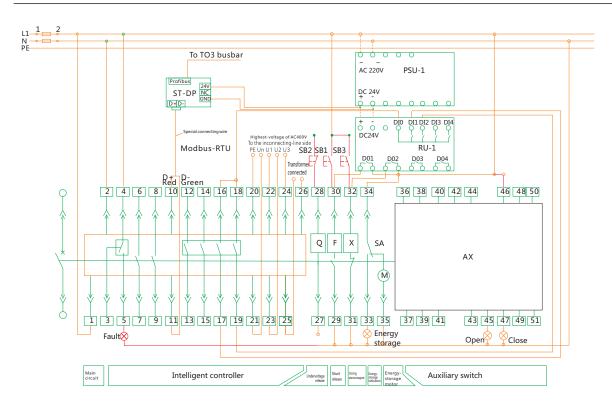
the output terminal of the DC power supply module,

or else the intelligent controller will be damaged.

F: Shunt release; X: Closing release

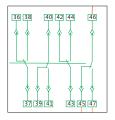
1\*, 2\*: Intelligent controller power input

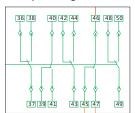
SA: Position switch



The auxiliary contact modes for customer use

I Four pairs change-over contacts II Five pairs change-over contacts





3",4",5": Fault trip contact output(4" common terminal) 6",7",8",9": Auxiliary contact ( normal open )

10"~11": communication output

12",13": Signal alarm of load 1 output; 14",15": Signal alarm of load2 output

16\*,17\*:Breaking signal output; 18\*,19\*:Making signal output

20\*: PE line; 21\*: N phase input terminal

22",23",24": A, B, C three phase power input terminal (note the sequence)(highest-voltage of AC 400V)

25"26": Connect to the N phase current transformer or the input terminal of the current leakage transformer.

The normal products without these terminals, if the customer special ordered, the cost extra added.

ST~DP: DP protocol module. There is no need for the ST-DP protocol module,

if the communication protocol is Modbus-RTV. But when the communication protocol is Profibus-DP,

the ST-DP protocol module is necessary, but the cost extra added.

ST power module IV: power converter (optional components)

ST201: Magnify the signal capacity of the controller. (optional components) If the customer special ordered, the cost extra added.

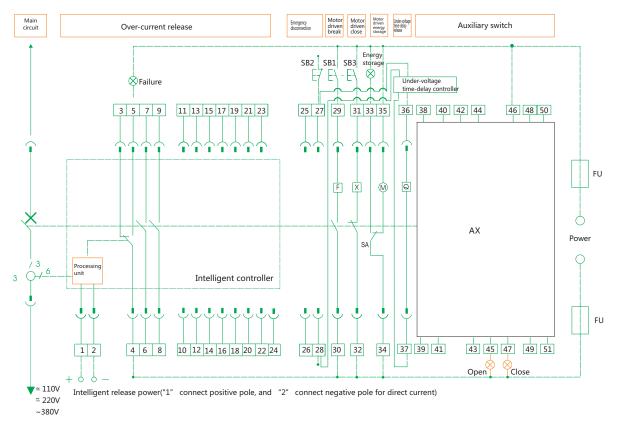
27",28": Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit); 29",30": Shunt release

31\*,32\*: Closing release; 33\*,34\*: Energy storage indicator

34\*,35\*: Energy storage motor; 36\*~51\*: Auxiliary contact

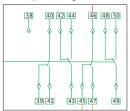
# Note:

- a. Red colored part is to be connected by users
- b. When the power system is three phase three wire, directly connect the Un to U2. (If the voltage exceeds 400V, special explanation when ordered)



### The auxiliary contact modes for customer use

#### I Four pairs change-over contacts



SB1: Shunt button SB2: Under-voltage button SB3: Making button

Q: Under-voltage time-delay release F: Shunt release

X: Closing electromagnet M: Energy storage motor

XT: Connection terminal SA: Position switch

Note: If control voltage of Q, F, X is different from each other, they can be connected to different power.

### 1\*,2\*: Auxiliary power input

3\*,4\*,5\*: Fault trip contact output(4# common terminal)

6\*,7\*,8\*,9\*: Auxiliary contact (normal open)

10"~24": empty

25\*,26\*: to be connected with current transformer(selective)

27\*,28\*: Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit)

29\*,30\*: Shunt release

31\*,32\*: Closing release

33\*,34\*: Energy storage indicator

34\*,35\*: Energy storage motor

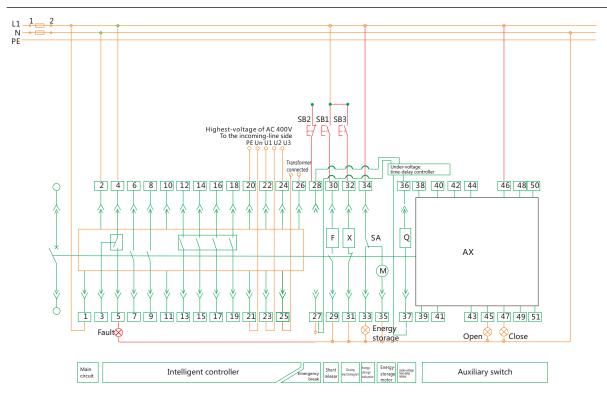
36\*,37\*: Under-voltage time delay release

38"~51": Auxiliary contact

# Circuit explanation for signal output:

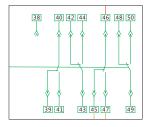
- a. Broken-line parts shall be provided by customers.
- b. Terminals 6\*,7\* can output NC (normal close) contact if that is required by users.
- c. Terminal 35\* can be directly connected to power (automatic pre-storing energy), alternatively connect power after connecting NO button (manual-controlled pre-storing energy).
- d. The 21\*~24\* is only for wiring with function meter display. (Excluding the special wiring)

The secondary circuit wiring for NA1-2000X~6300X with type (3M) intelligent controller and time-delay under-voltage release



The auxiliary contact modes for customer use

I Four pairs change-over contacts



SB1: Shunt button; SB2: Under-voltage button

SB3: Making button; Q: Under-voltage release

F: Shunt release; X: Closing release

M: Energy storage motor; XT: Connection terminal

SA: Position switch

1<sup>#</sup>, 2<sup>#</sup>: Intelligent controller power input

Note: When the power supply of the intelligent controller is AC power, the  $1^* \sim 2^*$  connects to the AC power directly. When the power supply is DC power, forbid connecting the  $1^* \sim 2^*$  to the DC power directly. Add a DC power supply module, then the DC power connect to the input terminal of the DC power supply module, and the  $1^* \sim 2^*$  connect to the output terminal of the DC power supply module, or else the intelligent controller will be damaged.

3'',4'',5'': Fault trip contact output(4'' common terminal); 6'',7'',8'',9'': Auxiliary contact (normal open)  $10'' \sim 11''$ : empty;  $12'' \sim 19''$  are the programmable output terminal. The normal products without these terminals, but if the customer special ordered, the cost extra added.

3M type acquiescence output:

12",13": Signal alarm of load 1 output; 14",15": Signal alarm of load2 output

16\*,17\*: Self-diagnose alarm; 18\*,19\*: Fault trip

20": PE line; 21"~24": Display the voltage of the signal input. The normal products without these terminals,

if the customer special ordered the function meter, the cost extra added.

21": N phase input terminal; 22",23",24": A, B, C three phase power input terminal (note the sequence)(Highest-voltage of AC400V)

25",26" Connect to the N phase current transformer or the input terminal of the current leakage transformer.

The normal products without these terminals, if the customer special ordered, the cost extra added.

27\*,28\*: Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit); 29\*,30\*: Shunt release

31\*,32\*: Closing release; 33\*,34\*: Energy storage indicator

34\*,35\*: Energy storage motor; 36\*,37\*: Under-voltage time delay release

38"~51": Auxiliary contact

#### Note:

- a. Red colored part is to be connected by users
- b. When the power system is three phase three wire, directly connect the Un to U2. (If the voltage exceeds 400V, special explanation when ordered)

SB3: Making button; Q: Under-voltage release

M: Energy storage motor; XT: Connection terminal

Note: When the power supply of the intelligent controller is AC power, the  $1^* \sim 2^*$  connects to the AC power directly. When the power supply is DC power, forbid connecting the  $1^* \sim 2^*$  to the DC power directly. Add a DC power supply module, then the DC power connect to the input terminal

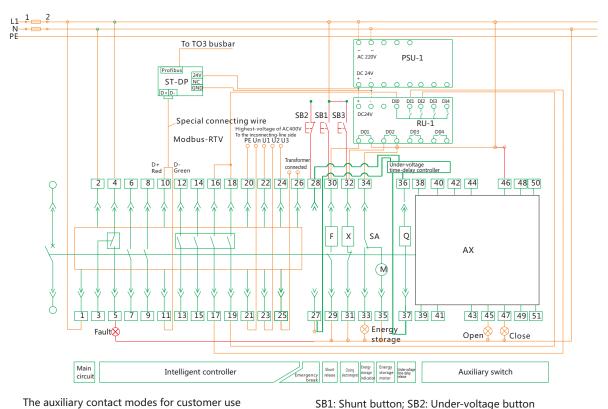
of the DC power supply module, and the  $1^* \sim 2^*$  connect to the output terminal of the DC power supply module,

or else the intelligent controller will be damaged.

F: Shunt release; X: Closing release

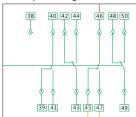
1<sup>#</sup>, 2<sup>#</sup>: Intelligent controller power input

SA: Position switch



The auxiliary contact modes for customer use

I Four pairs change-over contacts



3\*,4\*,5\*: Fault trip contact output(4\* common terminal)

6\*,7\*,8\*,9\*: Auxiliary contact (normal open)

10\*~11\*: Communication output; 12\*,13\*: Signal alarm of load 1 output

14\*,15\*: Signal alarm of load 2 output; 16\*,17\*: Breaking signal output; 18\*,19\*: Closing signal output

20\*: PE line; 21\*: N phase input terminal

22\*,23\*,24\*. A, B, C three phase power input terminal (note the sequence)(highest-voltage of AC400V)

25",26" Connect to the N phase current transformer or the input terminal of the current leakage transformer.

The normal products without these terminals, if the customer special ordered, the cost extra added.

ST~DP: DP protocol module. There is no need for the ST-DP protocol module,

if the communication protocol is Modbus-RTV. But when the communication protocol is Profibus-DP,

the ST-DP protocol module is necessary, but the cost extra added.

ST power module IV: power converter (optional components)

ST201: Magnify the signal capacity of the controller. (optional components)

If the customer special ordered, the cost extra added.

27\*,28\*: Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit); 29\*,30\*: Shunt release

31\*,32\*: Closing release; 33\*,34\*: Energy storage indicator

34\*,35\*: Energy storage motor; 36\*,37\*: Under-voltage time delay release

38"~51": Auxiliary contact

#### Note:

a. Red colored part is to be connected by users

b. When the power system is three phase three wire, directly connect the Un to U2.

(If the voltage exceeds 400V, special explanation when ordered)

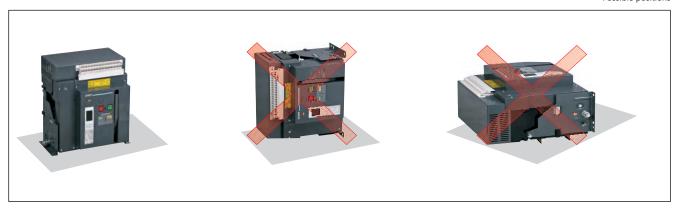
#### 7. Installation

#### 7.1 Installation

7.1.1 Unload the breaker from the soleplate of package. If it is drawout type, firstly pull out the handle under the drawer-base of breaker, and plug it into the hole on central part of plastic cover under the drawer-base crossbeam, anticlockwise turns the handle, the body will slowly slide along the outside of drawer-base.

When the guide rod points to separated position and handle can't be rotated any longer, pull out the handle and firmly grasp the aluminum handle on drawer-base, pull out the breaker body and remove it form the base, then move the base from the sole plate and clean up the dirty things inside the drawer-base.

Possible positions



7.1.2 Check the insulation resistance with a 500V megger, resistance should not be less than  $20M\Omega$  when ambient temperature is  $20^{\circ}\text{C}\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$  and relative humidity is  $50\%\sim70\%$ . Otherwise dry it.

#### 7.1.3 Power supply

NA1 devices can be supplied either from the top or from the bottom without reduction in performance, in order to facilitate connection when installed in a switchboard.



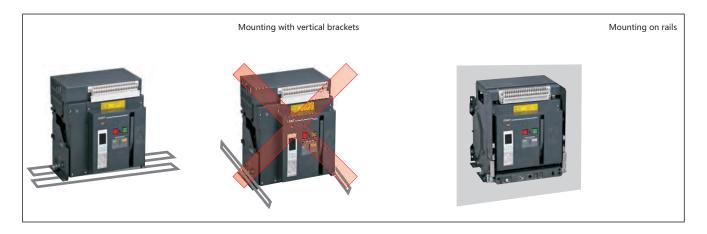
7.1.4 Put the breaker (fixed-type) or drawer-base (drawout-type) into the installation-bracket, and make it fixed, directly connect the cable wire of main circuit to the bus wire of fixed-type circuit breaker. Alternatively put breaker body onto the slideway of drawer-base. Plug the handle into installation hole, clockwise turns it until the under-part of drawer-base points at the connection position and "click" sound is heard. It indicates that breaker body has been connected to its place, then connect the cable of main circuit to drawer-base.

### Mounting the circuit-breaker

It is important to distribute the weight of the device uniformly over a rigid mounting surface such as rails or a base plate.

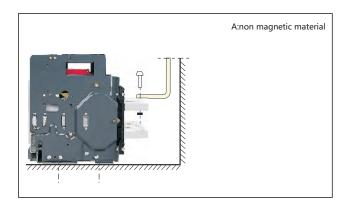
This mounting plane should be perfectly flat (tolerance on support flatness: 2 mm). This eliminates any risk of deformation which could interfere with correct operation of the circuit breaker.

NA1 devices can also be mounted on a vertical plane using the special brackets.



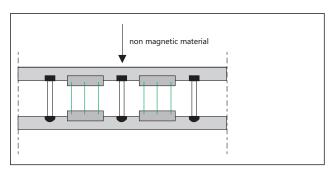
#### 7.1.5 Partitions

Sufficient openings must be provided in partitions to ensure good air circulation around the circuit breaker; Any partition between upstream and downstream connections of the device must be made of nonmagnetic material. For high-currents, of 2500 A and upwards, the metal supports or barriers in the immediate vicinity of a conductor; Metal barriers through which a conductor passes must not form a magnetic loop.



#### **Busbars**

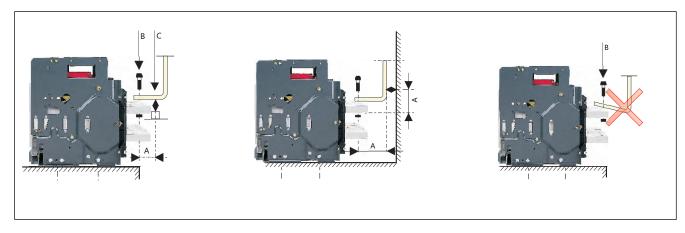
The mechanical connection must be exclude the possibility of formation of a magnetic loop around a conductor.



#### 7.1.6 Busbar connections

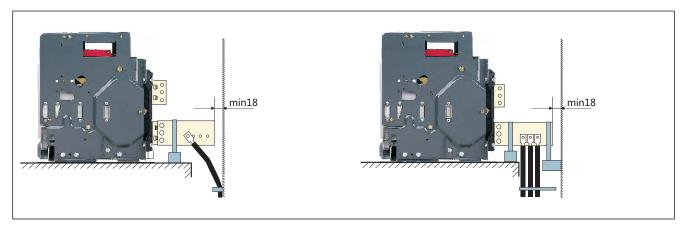
The busbars should be suitably adjusted to ensure the connection points are positioned on the terminals before the bolts B are inserted. The connections are held by the supporter which is fixed to the framework of the switchboard, in this way the circuit breaker terminals do not have to support its weight C.

(This support should be placed close to the terminals).



#### 7.1.7 Main circuit adopts cable connection

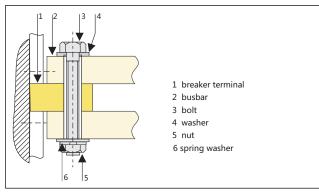
Users should not apply too strong mechanical strength on the terminals of Air Circuit Breaker. Extend the bus-bar of circuit breaker with connecting bus-bar, position the wiring piece of cable before inserting bolts; the cable should be fixed on the frame of distributing cabinet firmly.



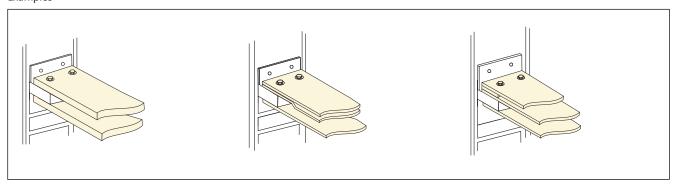
#### 7.1.8 Clamping

Correct clamping of busbars depends on the tightening torques used for the nuts and bolts, etc. Over-tightening may have the same consequences as under-tightening.

For connecting busbars to the circuit breaker, the tightening torques to be used are shown in the table below. These values are for use with copper busbars and steel nuts and bolts, class  $\geq 8.8$ .



# Examples



#### Preferred tightening torque for NA1's tightening components

Type of screw	Application	Preferred tightening torque
M3	Screws for secondary terminals	0.5~0.7 N·m
M10	Installing bolts of Air Circuit Breaker	38~55 N·m
M12	Connection terminals	61~94 N·m

#### Connected position



Test position



Disconnected position



#### Drawout position











1.Both main circuit and control circuit are connected

2.Normal application conditions

1.The main circuit is disconnected, and the control circuit is connected 2.Test application conditions.

Neither the main circuit nor the control circuit is connected. Main body is out of the drawer seat.

7.2 Wiring the secondary circuit according to electric principle diagram.

Note: Bolts, nuts, gaskets shouldn't be left inside the drawer seat to avoid being blocked.

#### 7.3 Operation

Check the rated voltage of the following components whether conforms to the power voltage . Such as under voltage release, shunt release, closing electromagnet, motor-driven mechanism and intelligent controller.

#### 7.4 Maintenance

Check the technical parameters in time or add some lubricating oil, etc.

This breaker structure is arranged vertically and modularized composition with each functioncell separated, which make the maintenance easy.

It has compact structure, reliable operation and strong free maintenance capability. Please check the technical parameters on the nameplate in accordance with the requirements of order before installation.

Secondary connecting part Arcing chamber Main body Drawer seat Slideway

Making the secondary circuit power, the motor-driven mechanism can store energy automatically until hearing the click and energy stored indicating on the panel.

Otherwise press the storage handle for 6 times until hearing the click and the indicator display energy stored

And the closing operation can be realized either by closing electromagnet or manual button.



# 8. Recommendation for user's connecting bus-bar

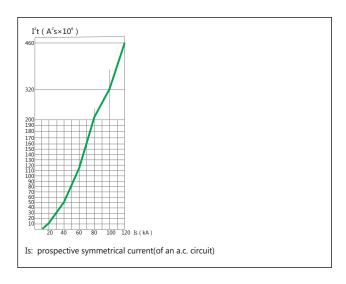
Inm(A)		NA1-	1000X				NA1-	2000X/	NA1-20	000XN/	NA1-20	00XH	NA1-32	00X/NA1-	3200XN	NA1-400	0X	NA1-630	0X/NA1-	6300XN
In(A)		200	400	630	800	1000	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2000	2500	3200	4000/3P	4000/4P	4000	5000	6300
	Thickness(mm)	5	5	5	6	8	5	6	8	10	12	10	8	10	10	10	-	10	10	10
Busbar	Width(mm)	30	30	40	50	50	60	60	60	60	60	60	100	100	100	120	-	100	100	100
	Number	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	4	4	-	5	7	8

Note: the specifications in the table is obtained as the ambient temperature of air circuit breaker is  $40^{\circ}$ C, with open installation; this is in compliance with the specification of copper busbars adopted under the heating conditions regulated in IEC/EN60947-2.

#### 9. Power loss

Inm(A)		NA1-1	.000X				NA1-2	2000X/N	IA1-200	0XN/N	41-2000	XH	NA1-320	00X/NA1	-3200XN	NA1-4000	K	NA1-630	00X/NA1	-6300XN
In(A)		200	400	630	800	1000	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2000	2500	3200	4000/3P	4000/4P	4000	5000	6300
Power	Drawer type	40	101	123	110	171	70	110	172	268	440	530	384	600	737	921	-	575	898	1426
loss (W)	Fixed type	33	85	107	94	146	34.4	50	78	122	200	262	200	312	307	450	-	-	-	-

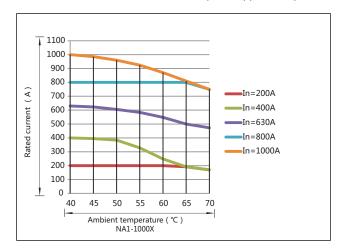
# 10. A<sup>2</sup>S curve

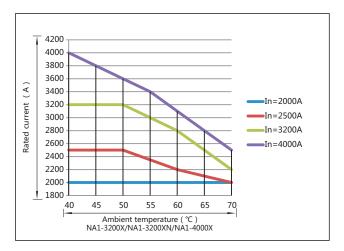


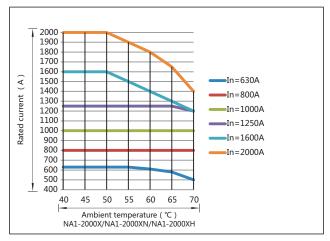
# 11. Temperature compensation correction

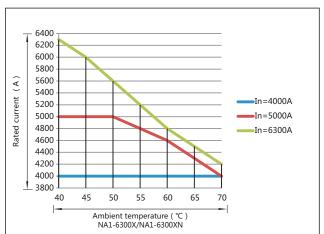
Standard	Ambient temperature	NA1-	1000X				NA1-	2000X/	/NA1-20	000XN/	/NA1-2	000XH	NA1-4	•	NA1-32	00XN		6300X/ 6300XN	
	40°C	200	400	630	800	1000	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2000	2500	3200	4000	4000	5000	6300
	45°C	200	395	623	800	985	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2000	2500	3200	3800	4000	5000	6000
	50°C	200	384	605	800	960	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2000	2500	3200	3600	4000	5000	5600
IEC/EN60947-2	55°C	200	328	584	800	924	630	800	1000	1250	1500	1900	2000	2300	3000	3400	4000	4800	5400
	60°C	200	248	548	800	870	610	800	1000	1250	1300	1800	2000	2200	2800	3200	4000	4800	5200
	65°C	192	192	500	800	810	610	800	1000	1250	1300	1650	2000	2200	2600	3000	4000	4600	5100
	70℃	170	170	473	750	750	473	800	1000	1200	1200	1400	2000	2000	2200	2520	4000	4000	4200

Note: The ACB is to calibrated at 40°C, special application please refer to the table above and the curve below.









# 12. Coordination recommendations

Capacity of transformer (kVA) & parallelly connected number	Rated current of transformer In(A)	Short circuit current of main circuit (kA)	Breaking capacity of air circuit breaker for main circuit (kA)
1×250	360	9	9
2×250	360	9	9
3×250	360	9	18.5
1×315	455	11.4	11.4
2×315	455	11.4	11.4
3×315	455	11.4	22.7
1×400	578	14.4	14.4
2×400	578	14.4	14.4
3×400	578	14.4	28.8
1×500	722	18	18
2×500	722	18	18
3×500	722	18	36.1
1×630	910	22.7	22.7
2×630	910	22.7	22.7
3×630	910	22.7	44.5
1×800	1154	19.3	19.3
2×800	1154	19.3	19.3
3×800	1154	19.3	38.5
1×1000	1444	24	24
2×1000	1444	24	24
3×1000	1444	24	48.1
1×1250	1805	30	30
2×1250	1805	30	30
3×1250	1805	30	60.1
1×1600	2310	36.5	36.5
2×1600	2310	36.5	36.5
3×1600	2310	36.5	73
1×2000	2887	48.2	48.2
2×2000	2887	48.2	48.2
3×2000	2887	48.2	96.3
1×2500	3608	60	60
2×2500	3608	60	60
1×3150	4550	75.8	75.8
2×3150	4550	75.8	75.8

Type of air circuit breaker for main circuit	Number and area of the busbar for main circuit (n×W×T)	Breaking capacity of air circuit breaker for branch circuit (kA)	Air circuit breaker for branch circuit
NA1-1000X-400		9	
NA1-1000X-400	2×(5×30)	18.5	NA1, NM8
NA1-1000X-400		27.5	
NA1-1000X-630		11.4	
NA1-1000X-630	2×(5×40)	22.7	NA1, NM8
NA1-1000X-630		34.1	
NA1-1000X-630		14.4	
NA1-1000X-630	2×(5×40)	28.8	NA1, NM8
NA1-1000X-630		43.2	
NA1-1000X-800		18	
NA1-1000X-800	2×(6×50)	36.1	NA1, NM8
NA1-1000X-800		54.1	
NA1-1000X-1000		22.7	
NA1-1000X-1000	2×(8×50)	44.5	NA1, NM8
NA1-2000X-1000		67.2	
NA1-2000X-1250		19.3	
NA1-2000X-1250	2×(10×60)	38.5	NA1, NM8
NA1-2000X-1250		57.8	
NA1-2000X-1600		24	
NA1-2000X-1600	2×(12×60)	48.1	NA1, NM8
NA1-2000X-1600		72.1	
NA1-2000X-2000		30	
NA1-2000X-2000	3×(10×60)	60.1	NA1, NM8
NA1-2000X-2000		90.1	
NA1-3200X-2500		36.5	
NA1-3200X-2500	2×(10×100)	73	NA1, NM8
NA1-3200X-2500		109.5	
NA1-3200X-3200		48.2	
NA1-3200X-3200	4×(10×100)	96.3	NA1, NM8
NA1-3200X-3200		144.5	
NA1-6300X-4000	4×(10×120)	60	NIA1 NIMO
NA1-6300X-4000	4×(10×120)	120	NA1, NM8
NA1-6300X-5000	7./(10./(100)	75.8	NIA1 NIMO
NA1-6300X-5000	7×(10×100)	151.6	NA1, NM8

# 13. Selectivity protection

# 13.1 Selective protection between NM8 and NA1

				Circuit breaker	NA1-2000X/NA1-	2000XN/NA1-2000	хн	
				Rated current (A)	630	800	1000	1250
				Default setting ratings of short time-delay 8In (kA)	5.04	6.4	8	10
Downstream			Upstream	Setting range (kA)	0.63 ~ 9.45	0.8~12	1~15	1.25~18.75
				Delayed tripping time (s)	0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4			
		I		Returnable time	0.06, 0.14, 0.23, 0.3	55		I
Frame size rated current	Rated current (A)	Instantaneous setting ratings (kA)						
	16	0.16 0.19(motor)			0.63~9.45 0.63~9.45	0.8~12 0.8~12	1~15 1~15	1.25~18.75 1.25~18.75
	20	0.2 0.24(motor)			0.63~9.45 0.63~9.45	0.8~12 0.8~12	1~15 1~15	1.25~18.75 1.25~18.75
	25	0.25 0.30(motor)			0.63~9.45 0.63~9.45	0.8~12 0.8~12	1~15 1~15	1.25~18.75 1.25~18.75
	32	0.32 0.38(motor)			0.63~9.45 0.63~9.45	0.8~12 0.8~12	1~15 1~15	1.25~18.75 1.25~18.75
NM8-125	40	0.40 0.48(motor)			0.63~9.45 0.6624~9.45	0.8~12 0.8~12	1~15 1~15	1.25~18.75 1.25~18.75
NM8S-125	50	0.50 0.60(motor)			0.69~9.45 0.828~9.45	0.8~12 0.828~12	1~15 1~15	1.25~18.75 1.25~18.75
	63	0.63 0.75(motor)			0.8694~9.45 1.035~9.45	0.8694~12 1.035~12	1~15 1.035~15	1.25~18.75 1.25~18.75
	80	0.80 0.96(motor)			1.104~9.45 1.325~9.45	1.104~12 1.325~12	1.104~15 1.325~15	1.25~18.75 1.325~18.75
	100	1.0 1.20(motor)			1.38~9.45 1.656~9.45	1.38~12 1.656~12	1.38~15 1.656~15	1.38~18.75 1.656~18.75
	125	1.25 1.5(motor)			1.725~9.45 2.07~9.45	1.725~12 2.07~12	1.725~15 2.07~15	1.725~18.75 2.07~18.75
	100	1.0 1.2(motor)			1.38~9.45 1.656~9.45	1.38~12 1.656~12	1.38~15 1.656~15	1.38~18.75 1.656~18.75
NM8-250	160	1.6 1.92(motor)			2.208~9.45 2.65~9.45	2.208~12 2.65~12	2.208~15 2.65~15	2.208~18.75 2.65~18.75
NM8S-250	200	2.0 2.4(motor)			2.76~9.45 3.312~9.45	2.76~12 3.312~12	2.76~15 3.312~15	2.76~18.75 3.312~18.75
	250	2.5 3.0(motor)			3.45~9.45 4.14~9.45	3.45~12 4.14~12	3.45~15 4.14~15	3.45~18.75 4.14~18.75

		NA1-3200X/NA1-3	3200XN		NA1-4000X	NA1-6300X/NA1-	6300XN	
1600	2000	2000	2500	3200	4000	4000	5000	6300
12.8	16	16	20	25.6	32	32	40	50.4
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5
0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4								
0.06, 0.14, 0.23,	, 0.35							
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4 ~ 60	5~75	6.3~94.5
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4 ~ 60	5~75	6.3~94.5
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4 ~ 60	5~75	6.3~94.5
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4 ~ 60	5~75	6.3~94.5
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4 ~ 60	5~75	6.3~94.5
1.656~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4 ~ 60	5~75	6.3~94.5
1.725~24	1.725~30	1.725~30	1.725~37.7	1.725~48	1.725~60	1.725~60	1.725~75	1.725~94.5
2.07~24	2.07~30	2.07~30	2.07~37.7	2.07~48	2.07~60	2.07~60	2.07~75	2.07~94.5
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4 ~ 60	5~75	6.3~94.5
1.656~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4 ~ 60	5~75	6.3~94.5
2.208~24	2.208~30	2.208~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5
2.65~24	2.65~30	2.65~30	2.65~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5
2.76~24	2.76~30	2.76~30	2.76~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	

3.312~37.7

3.45~37.7

4.14~37.7

4~60

4~60

4.14~60

5~75

5~75

5~75

6.3~94.5

6.3~94.5

6.3~94.5

4~60

4~60

4.14~60

3.312~48

3.45~48

4.14~48

3.312~24

3.45~24

4.14~24

3.312~30

3.45~30

4.14~30

3.312~30

3.45~30

4.14~30

				Circuit breaker	NA1-2000X/NA1-20	00XN/NA1-2000XH		
				Rated current (A)	630	800	1000	1250
_				Default setting ratings of short time-delay 8In (kA)	5.04	6.4	8	10
Downstream			Upstream	Setting range (kA)	0.63 ~ 9.45	0.8~12	1~15	1.25~18.75
				Delayed tripping time (s)	0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4			
	T.			Returnable time	0.06, 0.14, 0.23, 0.35			
Frame size rated current	Rated current (A)	Instantaneous setting ratings (kA)						
	250	2.5 3.0(motor)			3.45~9.45 4.14~9.45	3.45~12 4.14~12	3.45~15 4.14~15	3.45~18.75 4.14~18.75
	315	3.15 3.78(motor)			4.347~9.45 5.216~9.45	4.347~12 5.216~12	4.347~15 5.216~15	4.347~18.75 5.216~18.75
	350	3.5 4.2(motor)			4.83~9.45 5.796~9.45	4.83~12 5.796~12	4.83~15 5.796~15	4.83~18.75 5.796~18.75
NM8-630 NM8S-630	400	4.0 4.8(motor)			5.52~9.45 6.624~9.45	5.52~12 6.624~12	5.52~15 6.624~15	5.52~18.75 6.624~18.75
	500	5.0 6.0(motor)			6.9~9.45 8.28~9.45	6.9~12 8.28~12	6.9~15 8.28~15	6.9~18.75 8.28~18.75
	630	6.3 7.56(motor)			8.694~9.45	8.694~12 10.44~12	8.694~15 10.44~15	8.694~18.75 10.44~18.75
NM8S-630	630	6.3 7.56(motor)			8.694~9.45	8.694~12 10.44~12	8.694~15 10.44~15	8.694~18.75 10.44~18.75
	700	7.0 8.4(motor)				9.66~12 11.59~12	9.66~15 11.59~15	9.66~18.75 11.59~18.75
	800	8.0 9.6(motor)				11.04~12	11.04~15 13.25~15	11.04~18.75 13.25~18.75
NM8-1250	1000	10 12(motor)					13.8~15	13.8~18.75 16.56~18.75
NM8S-1250	1250	12.5 15.0(motor)						17.25~18.75

		NA1-3200X/NA1-	-3200XN		NA1-4000X	NA1-6300X/NA1-6	5300XN	
1600	2000	2000	2500	3200	4000	4000	5000	6300
12.8	16	16	20	25.6	32	32	40	50.4
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5
0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4								
0.06, 0.14, 0.23,	0.35							
3.45~24	3.45~30	3.45~30	3.45~37.7	3.45~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5
4.14~24	4.14~30	4.14~30	4.14~37.7	4.14~48	4.14~60	4.14~60	5~75	6.3~94.5
4.347~24	4.347~30	4.347~30	4.347~37.7	4.347~48	4.347~60	4.347~60	5~75	6.3~94.5
5.216~24	5.216~30	5.216~30	5.216~37.7	5.216~48	5.216~60	5.216~60	5.216~75	6.3~94.5
4.83~24	4.83~30	4.83~30	4.83~37.7	4.83~48	4.83~60	4.83~60	5~75	6.3~94.5
5.796~24	5.796~30	5.796~30	5.796~37.7	5.796~48	5.796~60	5.796~60	5.796~75	6.3~94.5
5.52~24	5.52~30	5.52~30	5.52~37.7	5.52~48	5.52~60	5.52~60	5.52~75	6.3~94.5
6.624~24	6.624~30	6.624~30	6.624~37.7	6.624~48	6.624~60	6.624~60	6.624~75	6.624~94.5
6.9~24	6.9~30	6.9~30	6.9~37.7	6.9~48	6.9~60	6.9~60	6.9~75	6.9~94.5
8.28~24	8.28~30	8.28~30	8.28~37.7	8.28~48	8.28~60	8.28~60	8.28~75	8.28~94.5
8.694~24	8.694~30	8.694~30	8.694~37.7	8.694~48	8.694~60	8.694~60	8.694~75	8.694~94.5
10.44~24	10.44~30	10.44~30	10.44~37.7	10.44~48	10.44~60	10.44~60	10.44~75	10.44~94.5
8.694~24	8.694~30	8.694~30	8.694~37.7	8.694~48	8.694~60	8.694~60	8.694~75	8.694~94.5
10.44~24	10.44~30	10.44~30	10.44~37.7	10.44~48	10.44~60	10.44~60	10.44~75	10.44~94.5
9.66~24	9.66~30	9.66~30	9.66~37.7	9.66~48	9.66~60	9.66~60	9.66~75	9.66~94.5
11.59~24	11.59~30	11.59~30	11.59~37.7	11.59~48	11.59~60	11.59~60	11.59~75	11.59~94.5
11.04~24	11.04~30	11.04~30	11.04~37.7	11.04~48	11.04~60	11.04~60	11.04~75	11.04~94.5
13.25~24	13.25~30	13.25~30	13.25~37.7	13.25~48	13.25~60	13.25~60	13.25~75	13.25~94.5
13.8~24	13.8~30	13.8~30	13.8~37.7	13.8~48	13.8~60	13.8~60	13.8~75	13.8~94.5
16.56~24	16.56~30	16.56~30	16.56~37.7	16.56~48	16.56~60	16.56~60	16.56~75	16.56~94.5

17.25~48

20.7~48

17.25~60

20.7~60

17.25~60

20.7~60

17.25~75

20.7~75

17.25~94.5

20.7~94.5

17.25~24

20.7~24

17.25~30

20.7~30

17.25~30

20.7~30

17.25~37.7

20.7~37.7

# 13.2 Selective protection in NA1

				Circuit breaker	NA1-2000X/NA	1-2000XN/NA1-	2000XH	
				Rated current (A)	630	800	1000	1250
				Default setting ratings of short time-delay 8In (kA)	5.04	6.4	8	10
Downstream			Upstream	Setting range (kA)	0.63 ~ 9.45	0.8~12	1~15	1.25~18.75
				Delayed tripping time (s)	0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4			
	Frame size Rated Default instantaneous			Returnable time	0.06, 0.14, 0.23, 0	.35		
Frame size rated current	Rated current (A)	Default instantaneous setting ratings 12In (kA)						
	400	4.8			6.348~9.45	6.348~12	6.348~15	6.348~18.75
	630	7.56				9.998~12	9.998~15	9.998~18.75
NA1-2000X	800	9.6					12.696~15	12.696~18.75
NAI 2000X	1000	12						15.87~18.75
	1250	15						
	1600	19.2						
	2000	24						
	2000	24						
NA1-3200X	2500	30						
	3200	38.4						
	3200	38.4						
NA1-4000X	4000	48						
	4000	48						
NIA1 (200V	5000	60						
NA1-6300X	6300	75						

Note: It can satisfy the selective protection if only the short time-delay setting value of the superior breaker 1.32 times more than the subordinate breaker, when the instantaneous setting value is adjustive.

		NA1-3200X/NA1-	3200XN		NA1-4000X	NA1-6300X/NA1	-6300XN	
1600	2000	2000	2500	3200	4000	4000	5000	6300
12.8	16	16	20	25.6	32	32	40	50.4
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5
0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.	4	'		,				

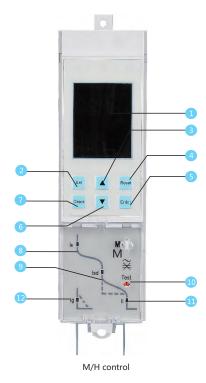
0.06, 0.14, 0.23, 0.35

6.348~24	6.348~30	6.348~30	6.348~37.7	6.348~48	6.348~60	6.348~60	6.348~75	6.348~94.5
9.998~24	9.998~30	9.998~30	9.998~37.7	9.998~48	9.998~60	9.998~60	9.998~75	9.998~94.5
12.696~24	12.696~30	12.696~30	12.696~37.7	12.696~48	12.696~60	12.696~60	12.696~75	12.696~94.5
15.87~24	15.87~30	15.87~30	15.87~37.7	15.87~48	15.87~60	15.87~60	15.87~75	15.87~94.5
19.837~24	19.837~30	19.837~30	19.837~37.7	19.837~48	19.837~60	19.837~60	19.837~75	19.837~94.5
	25.392~30	25.392~30	25.392~37.7	25.392~48	25.392~60	25.392~60	25.392~75	25.392~94.5
			31.74~37.7	31.74~48	31.74~60	31.74~60	31.74~75	31.74~94.5
			31.74~37.7	31.74~48	31.74~60	31.74~60	31.74~75	31.74~94.5
				39.675~48	39.675~60	39.675~60	39.675~75	39.675~94.5
					50.784~60	50.784~60	50.784~75	50.784~94.5
					50.784~60	50.784~60	50.784~75	50.784~94.5
							63.48~75	63.48~94.5
							63.48~75	63.48~94.5
								79.35~94.5

# **Intelligent Controller of NA1 series**

# 14 Protection Features of intelligent controller

#### 14.1 M/H and 3M/3H intelligent controller UI





- "Set" Switch to setting menu
- "Poturn"
- Change the marquee or the selected parameter
- 4 "Return"
  - Escape from this grade and return to upper menu or cancel the current selected parameter
- "Enter"
  - Enter into the next menu directed by the current item, or select current parameter and store modifications
- 6 "Down"
  - Change the marquee or the selected parameter



3M/3H control

- 7 "Check"
  - Switch to query menu "Ir" light
- Overload long delay fault indication
  - "Isd" light
- Short-circuit Short delay indication
  - "Test"
- Trip test button
- 11" light
- Short-circuit instantaneous fault indication
- 12 "Ig" light
- Asymmetric earthing or neutral line fault indication
- Alarm light
- Communication light
- 15 Run light

Note: Method of 3M/3H controller application please refer to 3M/3H controller instruction.

14.2 3M/3H controller default interface and menu structure 3M/3H controller has four subjects menus and a default interface:

The subjects menus are composed of 4 parts: measurement menu, parameter set menu, protection parameter set menu, history and maintenance menu.



3M/3H controller default interface

#### 14.3 Explanation of M/H controller symbols

#### 14.3.1 Explanation of symbols for reference

No.	symbol	explanation		
1	Ir= tr=	Long delay current setting, long delay time setting		
2	Isd= tsd=	Short delay current setting, short delay time setting		
3	Ig= tg=	Earthing current setting, earthing time setting		
4	Ii=	Instantaneous current setting		
5	N=	Neutral line protection parameter setting		
6	TM	Trip simulated by software		
7	TRIP	Tripped		
8	RUN	Run normally		
9	SET	Normally on: in settable state; Flickering: modifiable parameter		
10	LIN	Storing state		
11	P   0	Protection setting interface		
12	ΓES	Trip simulated by software setting interface		
13	RLR	Alarm setting or query interface		
14	SYS	System setting interface (current calibration , frequency setting)		
15	DBS	Communication setting interface of H-type controller		
16	DOS	DO setting interface (H type with DO function )		
17	FRU	Fault record query interface		
18	COU	Operation times and life query interface		
19	НДГ	Thermal capacity query interface		
20	DOC	DO state query interface		
21	Н	Thermal capacity data		
22	F	Fault record number		
23	R	Alarm record number		
24	Lg L1 L2 L3 LN	Earthing ,A,B,C,N phase		
25	LS	The corresponding LED lamp will flash to indicate the fault type after tripping. The LED lamps are always on when the system is normal.		

# 14.3.2 Operation and display instruction

There are four states, default state, setting state, query state and tripping state.

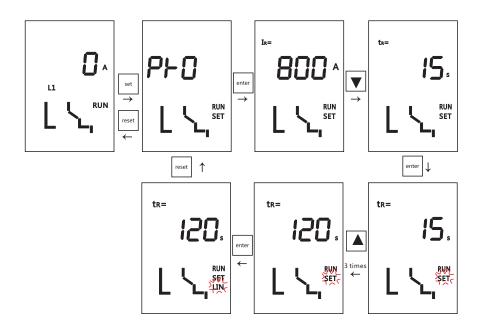
① Default state: default state is also called measuring state. All fault indicating lamps are off and maximum phase current is displayed. In this state, if " $\blacktriangle$ " or " $\blacktriangledown$ " button is pressed, L1,L2,L3(LN),Lg current can be displayed in turn. Example is shown below:



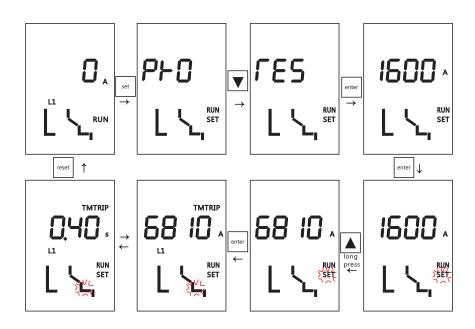
L1 phase current display interface

②Setting state: press "Set" button in default interface to enter into setting interface. Current protection parameters, overload pre-alarm value, earthing alarm threshold value and delay time can be queried or changed in setting state. Tripping can be simulated by software. In this state, " $\blacktriangle$ " or " $\blacktriangledown$ " button can be pressed to add or subtract value when "SET" indicating lamp is flickering. Don' t forget to press "Enter" button to save data after setting.

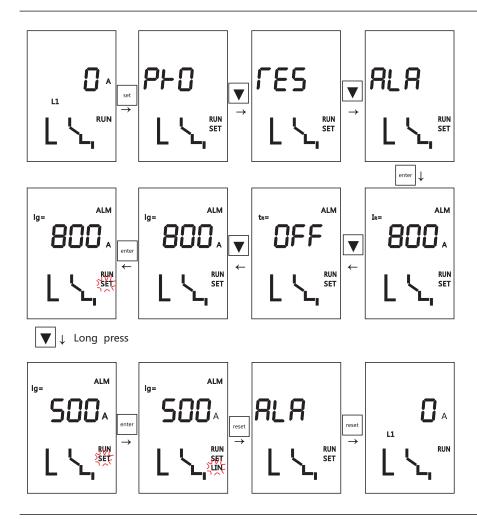
Example 1 of changing long delay time is shown below:



Example 2 of short delay tripping simulated by software is shown below:

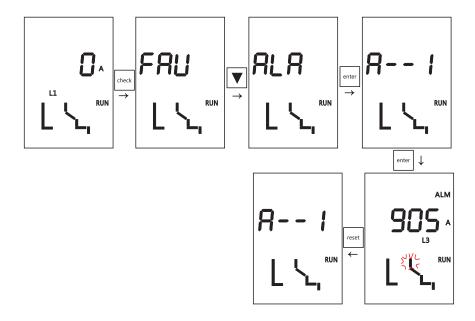


Example 3 of setting earthing alarm threshold current is shown below:

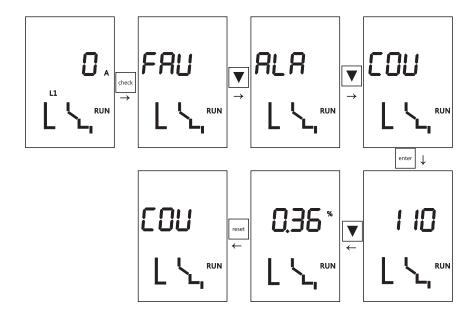


③Query state: press "Check" button in default interface to enter into query interface. Last 8 fault records, last 8 alarm records, breaker operation times, life record and thermal capacity can be queried in query state.
Example4 of querying second fault record is shown below:

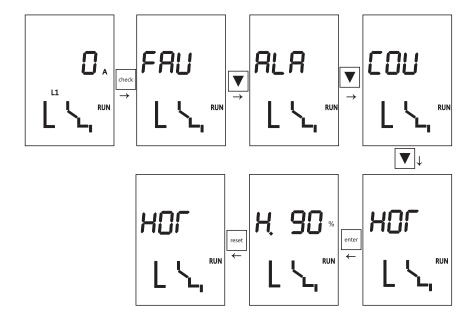
Example5 of querying first alarm record is shown below:



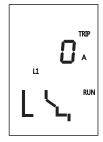
Example6 of querying breaker operation times and life record is shown below:



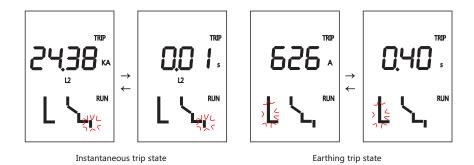
Example 7 of querying thermal capacity after tripping is shown below:



Tripping state: "Reset" button should be press to return default interface after tripping at fault.



Press "Test" button to simulate Instantaneous trip



# 14.3.3 Controller functions list

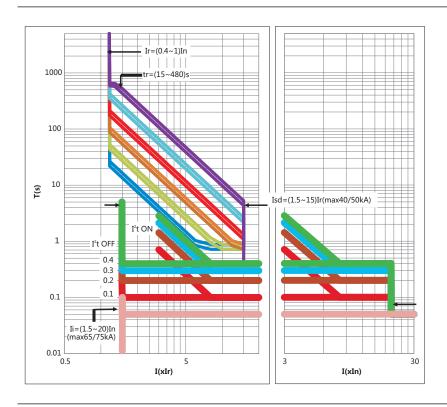
M type	H type
1 over-current protection (overload, short delay, instantaneous, earthing);	1 over-current protection (overload, short delay, instantaneous, earthing);
vector sum grounding mode.	vector sum grounding mode.
2 Neutral line protection	2 Neutral line protection
3 Current measurement	3 Current measurement
4 two test functions:	4 two test functions:
(1)Instantaneous trip test simulated by mechanical button	(1)Instantaneous trip test simulated by mechanical button
(2)Other trip tests simulated by software	(2)Other trip tests simulated by software
5 Ten fault records	5 Ten fault records
6 Ten alarm records	6 Ten alarm records
7 MCR protection	7 MCR protection
8 operation times records	8 operation times records
9 thermal capacity	9 thermal capacity
10 overload pre-alarm	10 overload pre-alarm
	11 communication function: MODBUS protocol
	12 four DO function (optional)

3H type
1 all functions of 3M-type controller are included
2 voltage measurement and protection
3 frequency measurement and protection
4 power measurement and protection
5 electric energy, power-factor, harmonic measurement
6 communication function: MODBUS protocol
7 DI/DO function

#### 14.4 specifications of characteristics

# 14.4.1 Over-current protection characteristic curve

Over-current protection characteristic curve



# 14.4.2 Overload long time-delay protection Operating characteristics

Current Ratings Range(Ir)	tolerance	Current	Action time(s)					Time tolerance		
(0.4~1)In+ OFF ±10%		≤1.05Ir	>2h Non-trip	>2h Non-trip						
	+100/	> 1.3Ir	<1h trip							
	110%	1.5Ir(setting time)	15	30	60	120	240	480	±10%	
		2.0Ir	8.4	16.9	33.7	67.5	135	270	±10%	
Phase N Overload and Over-Current Characteristic		100% or 50%(Applicable to 3P+N or 4P)								

#### 14.3 Short-circuit short-delay protection

Short-circuit short delay protection has two protection modes. One is inverse time and definite time protection. I2Tsd= (8Ir)2tsd works when current is low. In this formula, I is actual current, Tsd is actual trip time, tsd is set trip delay time. When I is over inverse time set value but below 8Ir, controller will operate according to over-current protection characteristic curve. When I is over both of inverse time set value and 8Ir, controller will operate according to definite time protection. The other is definite time protection and set time is 0.11s, 0.21s, 0.31s, and 0.41s. When I is over Isd but below Ii, controller will operate according to definite time protection. Operating characteristics

Current Ratings Range(Isd)	tolerance	Current	Action time(s)				Time tolerance
(1.5~15)Ir+ OFF ±10%		≤0.9Isd	In the 2tsd Non-trip				
	. 100/	> 1.1Isd	In the 2tsd Delayed-trip				
	tsd	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	±15%	
		Returnable time	0.06	0.14	0.25	0.33	±15%

Note: a. When the intelligent controller is Frame II (Inm=3200A, 4000A), Isd shouldn't be more than 40KA.

- b. When the intelligent controller is FrameIII (Inm=6300), Isd shouldn't be more than 50KA.
- c. When tsd is 0.1s or 0.2s, time permissible error is  $\pm 0.040s$ .

#### 14.4.4 Short-circuit instantaneous protection

Instantaneous protection trip time should be less than 100ms.

Operating characteristics

Current Ratings Range(Ii)	tolerance	Current	Time tolerance
(1.5~20)In+ OFF	±15%	≤0.85Ii	In the 0.2s Non-trip
		> 1.15Ii	In the 0.2s trip

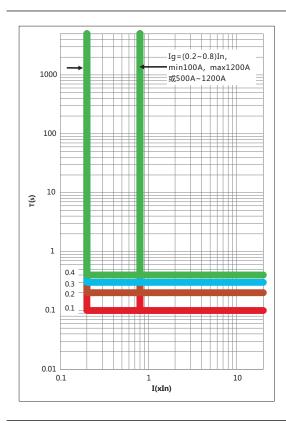
Note: a. When the intelligent controller is Frame I (Inm=2000A), Ii shouldn' t be more than 50KA.

- b. When the intelligent controller is Frame II (Inm=3200A, 4000A), Ii shouldn't be more than 65KA. c. When the intelligent controller is Frame III (Inm=6300), Ii shouldn't be more than 75KA.

#### 14.4.5 Earthing protection

Earthing protection has definite time characteristic. Fault delay time is shown below.

Earthing protection characteristic curve



# Operating characteristics of single-phase earthing protection

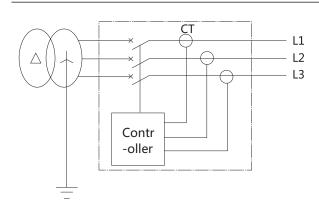
Current Ratings Range(Ig)	tolerance	Current	Action time(s)				Time tolerance
Inm=1000/2000 , (0.2~0.8)In+ OFF		≤0.9Ig	In the 2tg Non-trip				
	±10%	> 1.1Ig	In the tg±0.032s or				
Inm=3200/4000/6300,	±10%	tg	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	±15%
(500~1200)A+ OFF		Returnable time	0.06	0.14	0.25	0.33	±15%

- Note: a. When tg is 0.1s or 0.2s, time permissible error is ±0.040s; b. When Inm is 1000A, Ig should be more than 100A. When Inm is 2000A, Ig shouldn' t be more than 1200A. c. When Inm is 3200A, 4000A or 6300A, Ig should be between 500A and 1200A.

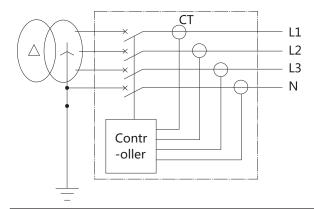
Single-phase protection is usually used in neutral-point solid ground system. Controller has two different protection modes, being vector sum mode and external transformer mode.

In three-phase three-wire system using 3-pole breaker without external transformer, earthing fault signal comes from three- phase current vector sum. Operating characteristic is definite time protection.

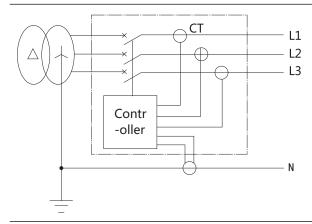
3PT mode



In three-phase four-wire system using 4-pole breaker without external transformer, earthing fault signal comes from three-phase current and N-Pole current vector sum. Operating characteristic is definite time protection.



In three-phase four-wire system using 3-pole breaker with external N-pole transformer, earthing fault signal comes from three- phase and N-Pole current vector sum. Operating characteristic is definite time protection.



- ① External N-pole transformer (connected to 6#, 7# terminal for NA1-1000, connected to 25#, 26# terminal for NA1-2000-6300) is a special product. Default lead wire is 2 meters long.
- @ Earthing protection in 3PT mode can only be used in balance load. It should be turned off or set value above allowable unbalance current when the load is unbalance or the controller may operate.
- 3) The distance between external transformer and breaker should be less than 5m in (3P+N)T mode. When lead wire of external transformer needs to be longer than 2 meters, special requirement should be noted when ordering.

#### 15. Accessories

# 15.1 Under-voltage release

Without power supply, under-voltage release can't close.

It is classified into instantaneous and time-delay type.

Delay time 1s, 3s, 5s, 7s are fixed for NA1-1000; 1s, 3s, 5s are fixed for NA1-2000, 3200, 4000, 6300.

Within 1/2 time-delay range, circuit breaker does not trip when power voltage recovers and exceeds 85%Ue.

Characteristic





Туре	NA1-1000X	NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH/NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN/NA1-4000X/NA1-6300X/NA		
Rated control power voltage Us(V)	AC230, 400	AC400, 230, 127	DC220, 110	
Action voltage(V)	(0.35-0.7)Us			
Reliable making voltage(V)	(0.85-1.1)Us			
Reliable non-making voltage(V)	≤0.35Us			
Power loss(W)	20VA	48VA	48W	

Optional configure: Auto suction type under-voltage release, and this device can substitute normal one, it can prevent mechanism form misoperation.

Make sure there is power supply on the under-voltage release, before making the circuit breaker.

#### 15.2 Shunt release

Shunt release can realize the remote control to break the circuit breaker.

Characteristic





Туре	NA1-1000X		NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH/NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN/NA1-4000X/NA1-6300X/NA1-6300X					
Rated control power voltage Us(V)	AC230, 400	DC220, 110	AC400, 230, 127	DC220, 110				
Work voltage	(0.7-1.1)Us	(0.7-1.1)Us						
Power loss	56VA	250W	300VA	132W	70W			
Breaking time	(50±10)ms	(50±10)ms	(30~50)ms	(30~50)ms				

Forbid making the power for long time to avoid the shunt release being damaged.

#### 15.3 Closing electromagnet

After the motor finishing the energy storage, closing release can instantly close the circuit breaker. Characteristic





Type NA1-1000X		NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH/NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN/NA1-4000X/NA1-6300X/NA1-6300XN						
Rated control power voltage Us(V)	AC230, 400	DC220, 110	AC400, 230, 127	DC220, 110				
Work voltage	(0.85-1.1)Us	(0.85-1.1)Us						
Power loss (W)	56VA	250W	300VA	132W	70W			
Closing time	(50±10)ms	(50±10)ms	≤70ms	≤70ms				

Forbid making the power for long time to avoid the closing release being damaged.

#### 15.4 Motor-driven energy-storage mechanism

With the function of motor-driven energy storing and auto restoring energy after closing the circuit breaker, the mechanism can ensure closing the circuit breaker instantly after breaking the circuit breaker.

Manual energy-store is available.

Characteristic





Type NA1-1000X		NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH/NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN/NA1-4000X/NA1-6300X/NA1-6300X					
Rated control power voltage Us(V)	AC230, 400	DC220, 110	AC400, 230, 127	DC220, 110			
Work voltage	(0.85-1.1)Us						
Power loss (W)	90W	90W	85/110/150W	85/110/150W			
Closing time	≤5s	≤5s	≤5s	≤5s			
Energy-storage time		•					
Operation frequency							

# 15.5 Auxiliary contact NO

Standard model: 4NO(normal open)/4NC(normal close) and 6NC(normal close).

Characteristic



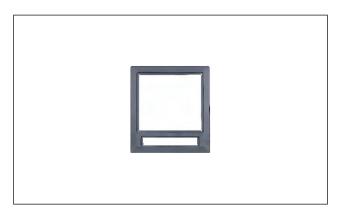


Туре	NA1-1000X			NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH/NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN/NA1-4000X/NA1-6300X/NA1-6300XN		
Rated voltage (V)	AC230	AC400	DC220	AC230	AC400	DC220
conventional free-air thermal current Ith (A)	10	6	0.5	6	6	6
Rated control capacity	300VA	100VA	60W	300VA	300VA	60W

NA1-1000X		NA1-2000X/NA1-2000X	NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH/NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN/NA1-4000X/NA1-6300X/NA1-6300XN		
Category	Voltage	Current	Category	Voltage	Current
AC-15	AC230V	1.3A	AC-15	AC230V	1.3A
AC-13 AC400V	AC400V	0.25A	AC-13	AC400V	0.75A
DC 13	DC110V	0.55A	DC 13	DC110V	0.55A
DC-13	DC220V	0.27A	DC-13	DC220V	0.27A

#### 15.6 Doorcase

Installed on the door of the distribution cubicle, for sealing the distribution cubicle and making the protection class to IP40( fixed type and drawout type).



#### 15.7 Phases barrier (Optional)

Installed between the busbars to increase the creepage distance.



# 15.8 Transparent shield (NA1-2000) (Optional)

Installed on the doorcase of the cubicle's small door, make the protection class to IP54. It is suitable for the fixed, drawout type circuit breaker and the load switch.



#### 15.9 Off position locking mechanism

When the circuit breaker is disconnected, padlock can be used to lock it after pulling out the lock lever, then the circuit breaker can't be "Test" or "connected" position.( Padlock is prepared by users)

#### 15.10 Key lock

Lock the circuit breaker on the OFF position, then the circuit breaker can't be closed.

Locks and keys will be provided by us.

Separate lock and key is matched with one set of the circuit breaker.

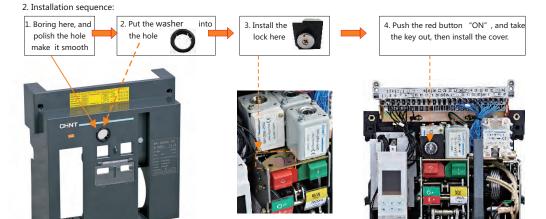
Three same locks and two same keys are matched with three circuit breaker.

Note: Before pulling out the key, the break pushbutton should be pressed first, rotate the key anticlockwise, then pull it out.

#### ★ NA1Install the locking system

1. Components of the locking system:





# 15.11 Cable mechanical interlock

It can realize the interlock of two horizontal or vertical-installed, three poles or four poles , drawout type or fixed type circuit breaker.

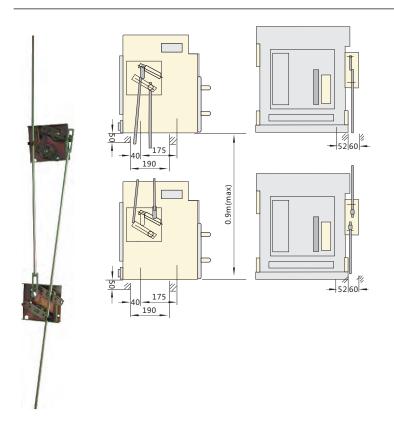
- a. If need bend the cable, make sure the radian is more than 120°.
- b. Check and make sure enough lubricating oil of the cable.
- c. The maximum distance between two interlock circuit breakers is 1.5m.



Notes: a. when the steel cable needs to be bent, enough transition arc should be reserved to guarantee flexible movement of steel cable; b. check the steel cable and make sure there is enough lubricant in the steel cable to guarantee flexible movement of steel cable.

#### 15.12 Connecting-rod type mechanical interlock

Two vertical-installed three-poles or four-poles, drawout-type or fixed type circuit breakers realize the interlock between one breaker with another two different-state breakers.



Circuit diagram Available running manner Manner 1: three power supplies are provided for one circuit breaker only



1QF	2QF	
0	0	
0	1	
1	0	

#### 16. Maintenance and Overhaul of Circuit Breaker

#### Safety Precautions

The following operations must be executed in turn before conducting the maintenance or overhaul of circuit breakers:

- a. Circuit breaker opening operation to ensure the circuit breaker is in an opening state;
- b. Disconnecting the upper-level knife switch (if any) to ensure the main circuit and secondary circuit are uncharged;
- c. Circuit breaker discharging, opening operation to ensure the circuit breaker is in a discharging and opening state;
- d. The components which the personnel might contact must be uncharged.



Keep Safe

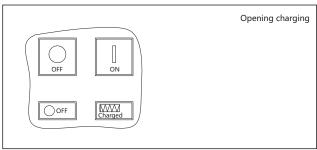
#### Maintenance and overhaul cycle

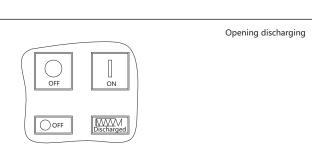
Condition	Environment	Maintenance cycle	Overhaul cycle	Remarks
General environment	The air should be always kept clean and dry. There is no corrosive gas. The temperature is in between -5°C~+40°C The humidity should conform to Specification 1.3 Operating Conditions c Requirement for extreme atmosphere conditions.	Every six months	Once per year (every six months for more than 3 years of mounting period)	Confirming to IEC60947-2 Requirement for general environmental conditions.
Severe environment	Low temperature -5°C~-40°C or high temperature 40°C ~ 65°C or humidity≥90%	Every three months	Every six months (every three months for more than 3 years of mounting period)	
	Places with more dust and corrosive gases	Every month	Every three months	

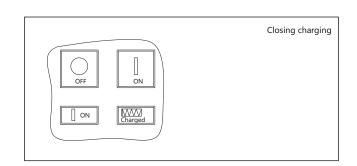
- 16.1 Maintenance of circuit breaker
- 16.1.1 Foreign objects (such as tools, wire leads or fragments, metal objects) in the switchgear should be regularly cleared.
- 16.1.2 The dust on the circuit breaker must be regularly cleared to maintain its good insulation.
- 16.1.3 The spring washers of the main circuit connecting bolts, the earthing bolts must be checked for whether they are flattened and theconnection is firm.

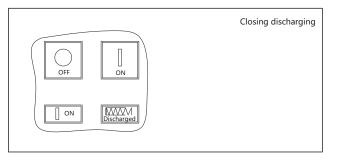


16.1.4 Whether the opening or closing indication is correct and reliable.









#### 16.2 Overhaul of circuit breaker

#### 16.2.1 Connecting and mounting inspection

It is proposed to refer to the following requirement for the torsional forces of main circuit and secondary circuit.

Fastener specification	Torque requirement N·m
M3	0.5~0.7
M4	1.2~1.7
M8	16~26
M10	36~52
M12	61~94

#### 16.2.2 Insulating property test

The phase-phase and phase-earth insulation resistance, requirement  $\geq 20 M\Omega$ .

The insulation resistance test must be first done after overhaul and long-time (≥7days) of deenergization and before energization again.

#### 16.2.3 Operating characteristic inspection

All accessories shall be connected with corresponding rated voltage according to the face shield nameplate requirement, and the following operations should be done:

Electric charging, closing and opening operation, 5times in cycle

Manual charging, closing and opening operation, 5times in cycle

The circuit breaker charging, opening and closing should be normal.

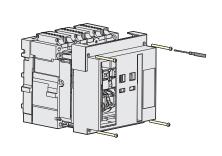
Note: The main circuit must be uncharged. If there is an under-voltage release, the rated voltage must be first connected.





Note: The picture takes NA1-2000X as an example

# 16.2.4 Inspection of circuit breaker components 16.2.4.1 Face shield dismantling



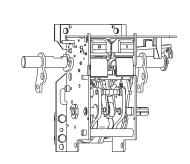
• Remove four bolts of circuit breaker fixed panel and take off the face shield.

Note: The picture takes NA1-2000X as an example.

#### 16.2.4.2 Operating mechanism inspection

The mechanism components should be free of fracture and damage, and the fasteners are fastened.

Clear the dust and evenly apply oil onto the rotating components.



• Evenly apply 7012 low-temperature lubricating grease or lubricate same using the similar solid grease onto the mechanism rotating positions.

Note: The picture takes NA1-2000X as an example.

# 16.2.4.3 Intelligent controller (taking NA1-2000 type M type controller as an example) Parameter setting should conform to the site use requirement.



- 1. Press the "Set" button to enter the parameter setting interface "Pro".
- 2. Press the "Enter" button to enter the protective parameter setting and query interface.
- 3. Press the "A" or "T" button to in turn select the display of protective parameter setting details.
- 4. Press the "Reset" button to return to the upper-level menu or exit from the interface.

Simulated test tripping function

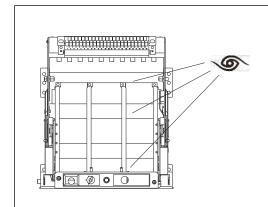


 $\bullet$  Press the "Test" button to simulate the tripping test.



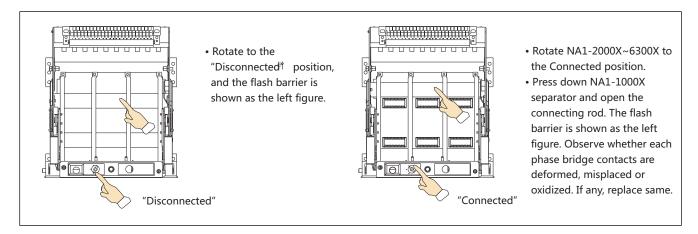
• Press the orange "Reset" button on the face shield to return to normal state.

16.2.4.4 Drawer set inspection (conduct the test after removing the body, taking NA1-2000X as an example) There are no foreign objects inside.

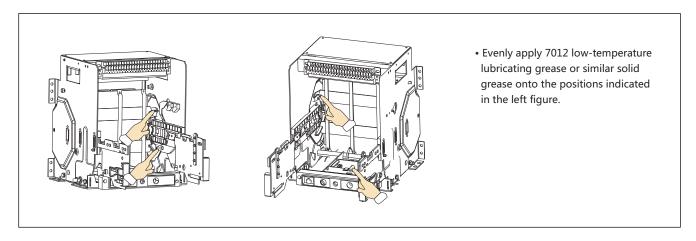


• Observe whether there are foreign objects inside the draw-out socket, like screws, wire leads, scrap iron; please clear same if any.

The flash barrier opening or closing is normal, and the spacing contact has no deformation or oxidization.



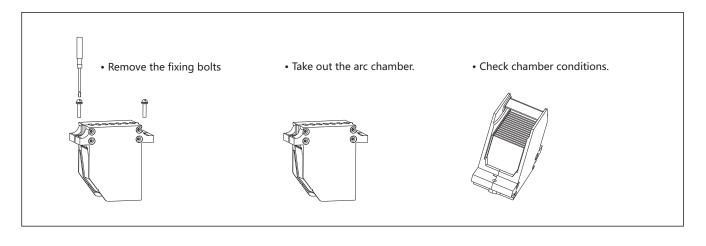
Rotate the friction positions and apply oil evenly.



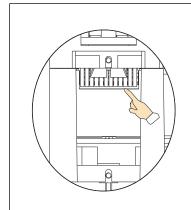
#### 16.2.4.5 Arcing Chamber (taking NA1-2000X~6300X as an example)

Each arc and arcing chambers are not broken. If any, please promptly replace same and clear inside dust, corrosion layer and arc discharge point. In case of serious corrosion or rust, please promptly conduct replacement.

Note: Inspection must be done after short-circuit current breaking.

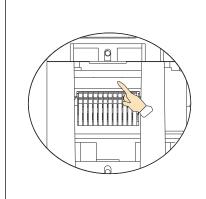


#### 16.2.4.6 Required main contact (taking NA1-2000X~6300X as an example) over-travel≥2mm.



• Conduct manual closing operation, and observe the main contact over-travel. Note: Please replace the contact if it reaches the position shown.

Clear dust, corrosion layer and particle burnt objects.



• Close the product and main contact is at the shown position. Observe any dust, particle burnt objects and oxidized corrosion layer of dynamic and static contacts. If any, please promptly clear same.

Note: Inspection must be done after short-circuit current breaking.

# 16.2.4.7 Secondary circuit inspection

No shell damage.

Inspect the contact between the draw-out body secondary circuitand drawer set secondary circuit using the multimeter. At the "Test" or "Connection" position, the contacts are in good contact, and the connecting screws are fastened, and the conductor insulation has no damage.



- 16.3 Replacement of undervoltage release, shunt release and closed electromagnet accessories. The following operations must be executed before replacing the accessories. Cut off all power supplies and ensure the main circuit and secondary circuit power supplies are uncharged. The circuit breakers are in the discharging opening state.
- 16.3.1 Replacement of fixed accessories

Remove the panel fixing bolts and dismantle the panel. Untie the tape and remove the connecting conductor. Remove the fixed accessory mounting screws. Dismantle the accessories and replace same.

Note: The shunt release should be first dismantled before replacing the NA1-2000 undervoltage release.



#### 16.3.2 Replacement of draw-out accessories

Rotate the body to the detachment position and remove the body.

Remove the panel fixing bolts and dismantle the panel.

Untie the tape and remove the connecting conductor.

Remove the fixed accessory mounting screws.

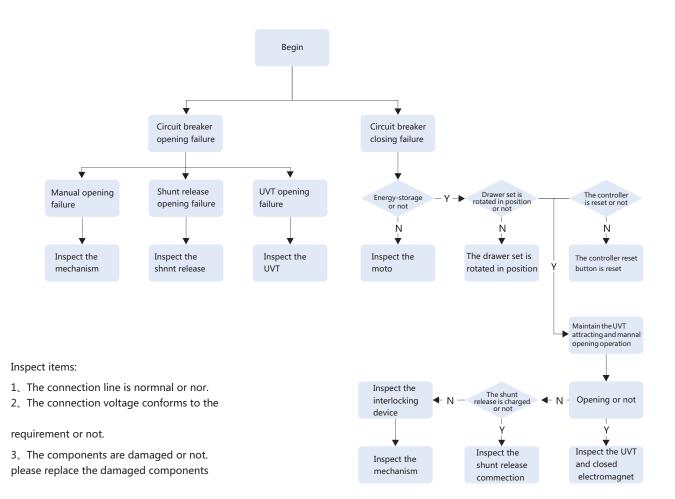
Dismantle the accessories and replace same.

Note: The shunt release should be first dismantled before replacing the NA1-2000 undervoltage release.



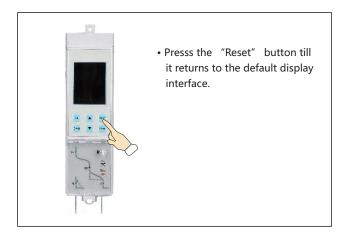
#### 17. Common Failure Causes and Solutions

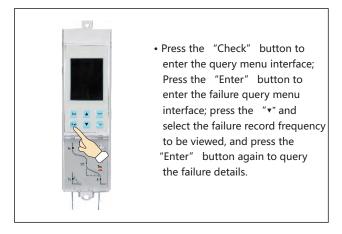
#### 17.1 Troubleshooting logic

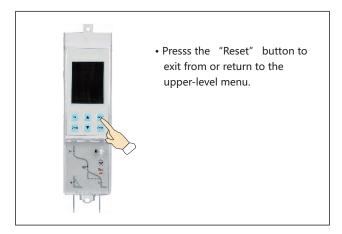


17.2 Faulty tripping analysis (taking NA1-2000X M as an example) Failure cause identification

The failures are identified through the intelligent controller indication..







Note: The electrical closing operation is forbidden before troubleshooting.

# 18. Regular malfunction and solutions

Fault description	Reasons analysis	Maintenance method
	Over load tripping (Ir indicator flashing)	<ol> <li>Check the breaking current value and operation time of intelligent release.</li> <li>Analyze the load and electric network, exclude the overload if it happens.</li> <li>Match the actual operating current with long time-delay current setting value.</li> <li>Press the reset button to reclose the breaker</li> </ol>
Tripping of	Short circuit tripping ( "Isd" or "Ii" indicator flashing)	1. Check the breaking current value and operation time of intelligent release. 2. Exclude the short circuit fault if it happens 3. Check the setting value of intelligent release 4. Check the normal state of breaker 5. Press the reset button to reclose the breaker
circuit breaker	Earthing fault tripping (IG indicator flashing)	<ol> <li>Check the breaking current value and acting time of intelligent release.</li> <li>Exclude the earthing fault if that happens.</li> <li>Match the fault current setting value with the actual protection.</li> <li>Press the reset button to reclose the breaker.</li> </ol>
	Under-voltage release fault: 1. Rated working voltage is less than 70%Ue 2. Fault of control unit	1.Check the power is on or not 2.Check the power voltage of under-voltage release, it shouldn't be less than 85%Ue. 3.Replace the control unit of under-voltage release
	Mechanical interlock acting	Check the working state of two circuit breakers fixed with mechanical interlock
	Intelligent release don't reset (panel is raised)	Press the reset button to reclose the breaker
The breaker can't be closed	Secondary circuit of drawerout- type breaker isn't connected	Make the breaker to "making" position ("click" sound will be heard)
	Breaker hasn't stored energy	Check the secondary circuit: 1. Power voltage of motor shouldn't less than 85%Ue. 2. Check the storage mechanism, replace it if necessary.
	Mechanical interlock acting leads to locking of breaker	Check the working state of two circuit breakers fixed with mechanical interlock
The breaker can't be closed	Closing electromagnet: 1.Rated control voltage is less than 85%Us; 2.Closing electromagnet is damaged	Power voltage of closing electromagnet shouldn't less than 85%Us.     Replace the electromagnet.
Tripping after closing the circuit breaker (Fault indicator flashing)	Tripping immediately: 1. Short circuit current is closed 2.Delay tripping because of transient current is high when closing; 3. Overload current is closed	1. Check the breaking current value and operation time of intelligent release; 2. Exclude the short circuit fault if it happens; 3. Exclude overload fault 4. Check the normal state of breaker 5. Modify the current setting value of intelligent release 6. Press the reset button to reclose the breaker
	The breaker can't be opened manually 1. There is fault with mechanical operating mechanism	1. Check the mechanism, if there is fault happened.
Circuit breaker can't be opened	The breaker can't be opened by motor remotely  1. There is fault with mechanical operating mechanism  2. Power voltage of shunt release is less than 70%Us;  3. Shunt release is damaged	1. Check the mechanism, if there is fault happened. 2. Check the Power voltage of shunt release is less than 70%Us or not 3. Replace shunt release

Fault description	Reasons analysis	Maintenance method
	Manual storage can't be realized	Mechanical fault with the energy-storage device
Circuit breaker can't store energy	Motor storage can't be realized 1. Power voltage of motor energy-stored device is less than 85%Us; 2. There is mechanical fault with energy-storage device	Power voltage of motor energy-stored device shouldn't less than 85%Us     Mechanical fault with the energy-storage device
Handle of drawerout- type circuit breaker can't be drawn in or out	There is padlock at the "opening" position     Slideway or breaker body     isn't pulled into its position	Take away the padlock     Pull the slideway or breaker body into its position
Drawerout-type breaker can't be drawn out at the "opening" position	Handle isn't pulled out     Breaker is not totally at the     opening" position	Pull out the handle     Reep the circuit breaker totally at "opening" position
Drawerout-type breaker can't reach the "making" position	Something drop into the drawer base, and lock the mechanism or mechanism fault happens.     Breaker body not match with the frame -size rated current of drawer base	Check and clean the drawer base, or contact with manufacturer     Match the body with relevant drawer base
No display on intelligent release	Release isn't connected with power     There is fault with release	Check the power is connected or not     Cut off the power, then connect again. Otherwise contact with manufacturer
panel	Rated control voltage is less than 85%Us;	Check the electromagnet power voltage shouldn't be less than 85%Us.
Fault indicator still flashing after pressing the Reset button	Fault happened with intelligent release	Cut off the power, then connect again. Otherwise contact with manufacturer

# NA1-1000X~6300X Ordering specification

Customer:	Tel:	Date:
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Quantity:

Model	□NA1-1000X □NA1-2000X □NA1-2000XN □NA1-2000X	H □NA1-3200X □NA1-3200XN	NA1-4000X	□NA1-6300X □NA1-6300	
ated current In (A)	□200 □400 □630 □630 □800 □1000	□2000 □2500	□4000	□4000 □5000	
ated current In (A)	□800 □1000 □1250 □1600 □2000	□3200	<b>□</b> 4000	☐6300(no four poles)	
nstallation mode	☐ Drawout type ☐ Fixed type (Note:	no fixed type when In> 4000A)			
lumber of poles	☐ Three poles ☐ Four poles				
	Protection function		Auxiliary function	s Optional function	
☐ M type Standard (Default configuration)	1. ☐ Ir overload long delay, Isd short-circuit short delay inverse time + definite time, Ii transient short-circuit, Ig single-phase grounding 4-section protection  2. ☐ Ir overload long delay, Isd definite time short-circuit short function delay, Ii transient short-circuit, Ig single-phase grounding 4-section protection  2. Self-diag function				
☐ 3M type Multifunctional (Optional configuration)	□ Ir overload long delay, Isd short-circuit short delay inverse time + definite time, Ii transient short-circuit, Ig single-phase grounding 4-section protection     □ Ir overload long delay, Isd definite time short-circuit short delay,Ii transient short-circuit, Ig single-phase grounding 4-s protection	Tuning function     Test function     Display function	☐ Voltage display		
☐ 3H-type Communication type (Optional configuration)	□ Ir overload long delay Isd short-circuit short delay inverse +definite time Ii transient short-circuit, Ig single-phase grou 4-section protection     □ Ir overload long delay, Isd definite time short-circuit short Ii transient short-circuit, Ig single-phase grounding 4-section    □ with PROFIBUS-DP communication protocol    □ with MODBUS communication protocol	nding delay,		Note: For the specific optional function, refer to List of controller functions in the sample (The cost of optional functions will be calculated additionally).	
	Ir long delay current setting range: (0.4 to 1) In Overload 1.5Ir action time setting range: 15,30,60 480s	erload long delay 1. erload 1.5Ir; action			
Notes: Protection function Settable	Isd short delay current setting range: (1.5 to 15) Ir; short delay action time (0.1 $\sim$ 0.4) s	! Conventional factory setting: short delay current 8Ir ; ! Conventional factory tuning: Short delay action time 0.4s [Note: 3M, 3H for (1.5 to 15) Ir]			
range and	Ii instantaneous current setting range: 1.5In ~ 50kA/65kA/75kA				
conventional factory tuning	! Conventional factory tuning: 12In [Note: 3M, 3H for (1.5In~50kA/65kA/75kA)				
ractory turning	Ig earthing protection current setting range: (0.2 to 0.8) In; the ! Conventional factory setting: 0.5 In; OFF	earthing protection time setting ra	ange: (0.1to0.4)s		
Controller power	\_\AC380V,\_\AC400V,\_\AC220V,\_\AC230V,\_\AC127V,\_\DC220V	V,□DC110V		(Optional)	
Undervoltage	□AC380V,□AC400V,□AC220V,□AC230V,□AC127V,□Order_	V ,□Non-undervoltage		(Optional)	
release (default configuration)	☐ Instantaneous ☐ delay, s; ☐ Resistance capacity loss release	se delay (1,3,5) s, and optional no	n-adjustable	(Optional)	
Shunt release	□AC380V,□AC400V,□AC220V,□AC230V,□AC127V,□DC220V	V,□DC110V		(Optional)	
Closing electromagnet	□AC380V,□AC400V,□AC220V,□AC230V,□AC127V,□DC220V	V,□DC110V		(Optional)	
Electric motor	□AC380V,□AC400V,□AC220V,□AC230V,□AC127V,□DC220V	V,□DC110V		(Optional)	
Interlock device (surcharge)	Mechanical linkage: ☐ Link interlock ☐ Cable interlock  Door interlock: ☐ Switch body position door interlock(drawer-type) ☐ Switch on/off state door interlock			(Optional)	
Accessories (surcharge)	Button lock:    Panel products on/off button lock   Key lock:    1 lock 1 key   2 locks 1 key   3 locks 1 key   3 locks   External transformer:    External N phase transformer ((3P+N)T typ   External leakage zero sequence current transformer (E mode)   Module:    PSU-1 Power module   RU-1 relay module   ST-DP   Position signaling devices (  Connected   Test   Unconnected	e □External ground current transforn protocol converting module		(Optional)	
The main circuit connection	□Horizontal connection (default) □Vertical connection (with L v     □Rotation busbar horizontal connection (Drawer In ≤ 3200)     □Rotation busbar vertical connection (drawer-type In ≤ 3200)	<del>_</del>		(Optional)	

Note: The casing current, rated current and auxiliary control voltage must be specified when ordering! Note: 1) Please mark " $\sqrt{}$ " or fill figure in the relative " $\Box$ " if no mark, we will provide according to conventional. Note: 2) The operational fuction of the intellgent controller and special requirements require additional costs. Tel.:0577-62877777-6213 Fax:0577-62877777-6288











NA1-6300X

NA1-2000X

### **Configuration instructions**

1. NA1-2000X~6300X fundamental configurations

a. Motor-driven:

Under-voltage instantaneous release;

Shunt release;

Closing electromagnet;

4 suits of transform contact;

Motor driven operating mechanism;

M-type Intelligent Controller;

Horizontal wiring of main circuit;

Doorcase;

Element of main circuit:

Operating instructions of M-type Intelligent Controller

Operating instructions of Air Circuit Breaker;

Packing box;

Drawer seat (Drawout type)

b. Manual:

Under-voltage instantaneous release;

4 suits of transform contact;

M-type Intelligent Controller;

Horizontal wiring of main circuit;

Doorcase:

Element of main circuit;

Operating instructions of M-type Intelligent

Controller

Operating instructions of Air Circuit Breaker;

Packing box;

Drawer seat(Drawout type)

NA1-2000X~6300X operational configuration (additional costs)

Nonadjustable under voltage delayed release (1s, 3s, 5s); Connecting-rod type mechanical interlock (for drawout type);

Wire-cable mechanical interlock; Button lock; Key lock; Door interlock'Locking device;

External current transformer earthing protection;

Vertical busbar;

Rotating busbar (IN≤3200);

3NO (normal open) and 3NC (normal close) contacts;

4NO and 4NC contacts; 5 groups changeover contacts;

3 groups changeover contacts; H type intelligent controller;

Position signal; Counter; Protecting cover (NA1-2000);

Double power controller.

2. NA1-1000X fundamental configurations

a. Motor-driven:

Under-voltage instantaneous release;

Shunt release;

Closing electromagnet;

Motor driven operating mechanism;

4 normal open and 4 normal close auxiliary

contacts;

M-type Intelligent Controller;

Closing and breaking push button lock;

Horizontal wiring of main circuit;

Doorcase:

Element of main circuit;

Operating instructions of Air Circuit Breaker;

Packing box;

Drawer seat(Drawout type)

b. Manual:

Under-voltage instantaneous release;

4 normal open and 4 normal close auxiliary

contacts;

M-type Intelligent Controller;

Horizontal wiring of main circuit;

Closing and breaking push button lock;

Doorcase;

Element of main circuit;

Operating instructions of Air Circuit Breaker;

Packing box;

Drawer seat(Drawout type)

NA1-1000X operational configuration (additional costs)

Under voltage delayed release; wire-cable mechanical interlock;

key lock; External current transformer earthing protection;

Vertical busbar; 6 groups changeover contacts;

H type intelligent controller; Phases barrier, position

signal