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CHINT
CHINT ELECTRIC

Empower the World

NA1 Air Circuit Breaker

CHINT , Smart Energy Solution Provider

CHINT is a world renowned smart energy solution provider.

To comply with the trend of integrated development of modern energy, intelligent manufacturing and digital technology, CHINT has adopted One Cloud & Two Nets as the development strategy. As the carrier of intelligent technology and data application, CHINT Cloud fulfills corporate internal and external digital application and services. Relying on the Industrial Internet of Things (IIoT), CHINT builds its intelligent manufacturing system and practices intelligentized application of the electrical industry; relying on the Energy Internet of Things (EIoT), CHINT builds its smart energy system and explores the regional EIoT mode.

Focusing on energy supply, storage, transmission, allotment and consumption system, CHINT considers new energy, energy allotment, big data and energy value-added services as core businesses, with photovoltaic equipment, energy storage, power transmission and distribution, low-voltage apparatuses, intelligent terminals, software development and control automation as pillar businesses, to develop the platform enterprise and to build the regional smart energy comprehensive operation management ecosphere, ultimately, to provide the public institutions, industry & commerce and terminal users with a package of energy solutions.

Founded in 1984, CHINT has developed business network in over 140 countries and regions with more than 30,000 employees worldwide. CHINT has reached annual sales of 70 billion yuan in 2018, ranking among the top 50 Asian Listed Companies and the top 100 China Private Enterprises.

CHINT has actively explored overseas markets, has established 3 research and development (R&D) centers in Europe, North America and Asia Pacific, 6 global marketing areas and manufacturing bases in Thailand, Malaysia, Egypt, Singapore and Vietnam.

CHINT has stuck to the industrial development and innovation-driving concept, actively promoting the development of global R&D system. Till 2018, CHINT has won more than 4,000 patent licenses and 5,000 patent applications, on top of that, CHINT led the formulation of 185 industrial and national standards, and won 32 national and provincial science and technology awards.

CHINT has unswervingly adhered to people-oriented and value-sharing culture with the mission of "making the electric power even safer, green, convenient and efficient". CHINT builds its image of green, energy-saving, sustainable innovation, reliability comprehensiveness, and win-win cooperation with

"customer-focused, innovation, humble learning, integrity, collaboration, responsibility" as core values, and "creating values for customers, seeking career development of employees and taking on responsibilities for the society" as operation concepts.

CHINT has positively taken on its social responsibilities. It has successively invested and set up "CHINT Moral Quality and Academic Excellent Scholarship for Chinese Middle School Students", "CHINT Education Fund for Impoverished Undergraduates of Zhejiang Province", and initiated the establishment of "China Red Ribbon Foundation". CHINT has invested 90million yuan to establish the "Commonweal Foundation of CHINT". So far CHINT has donated more than 300million yuan for social welfare undertakings such as education donation, earthquake resistance and disaster relief, social welfare entrepreneurship, ecological and environmental protection.

Through the technological innovation and remarkable contribution to the industry, CHINT has successively won honors and titles such as "China Grand Awards for Industry", "National Quality Management Award", "China Outstanding Private Scientific and Technological Enterprise", "Top 10 Enterprises with the most Core Competitiveness of China Machinery Industry" and "China Charity Award" and "China Charity Award", etc.



CHINT "One Cloud & Two Nets" Strategy

CHINT Cloud

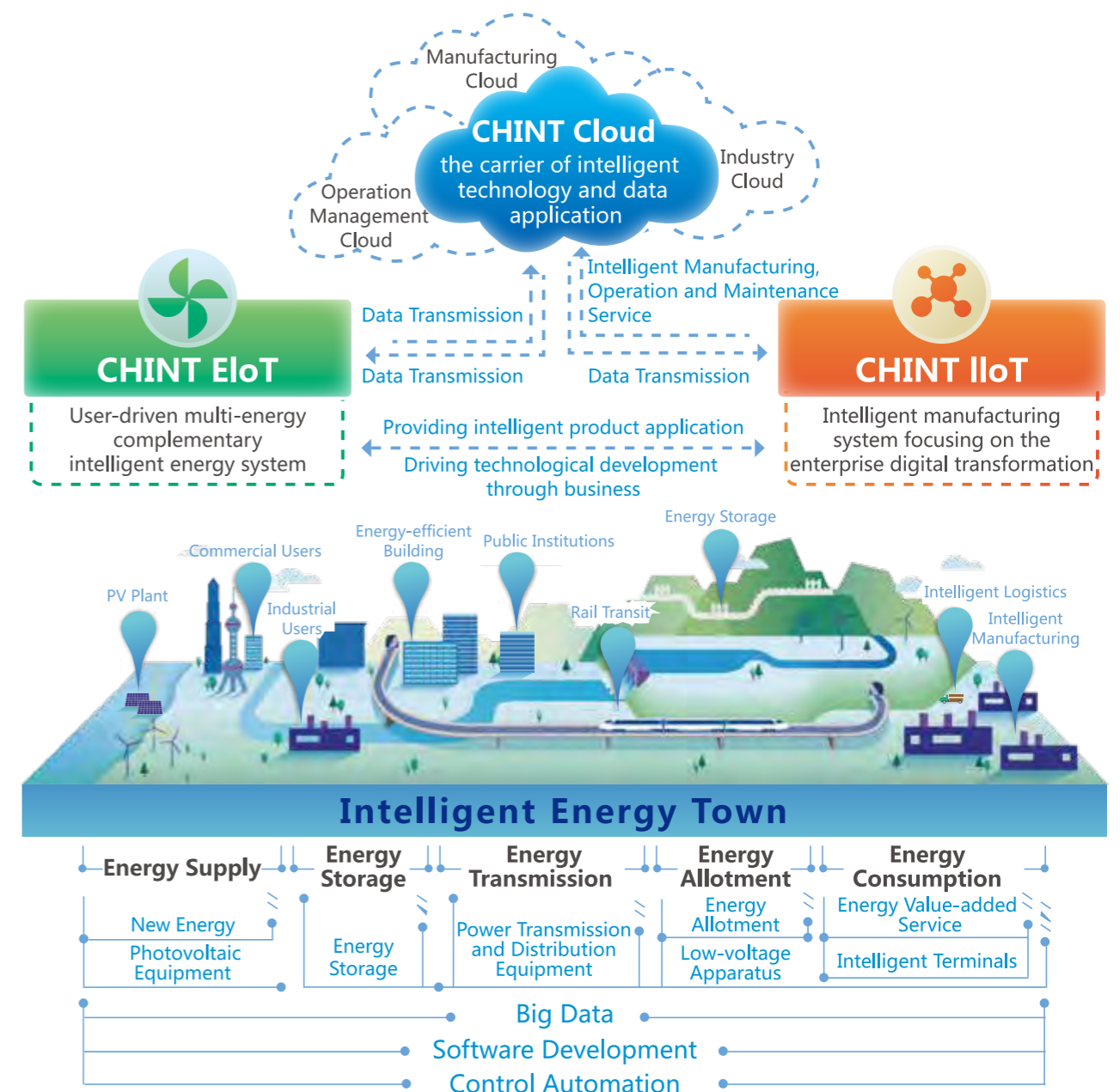
The carrier of intelligent technology and data application in connecting enterprise internal manufacturing and business management data and fulfilling corporate internal and external digital application and services.

CHINT EIoT

A user-driven multi-energy complementary intelligent energy system, providing the public institutions, industry & commerce and terminal users with a package of energy solutions.

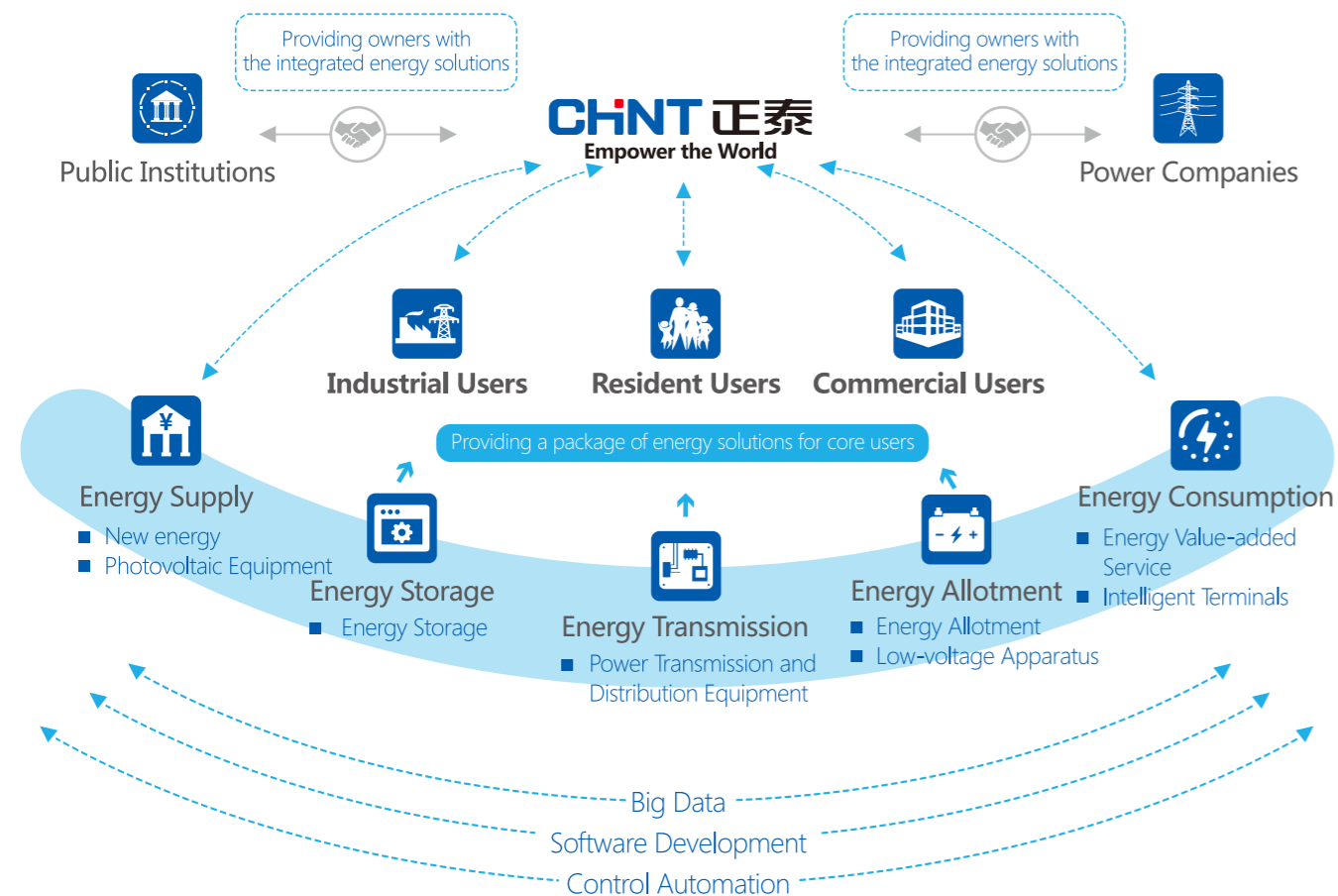
CHINT IIoT

An intelligent manufacturing system focusing on the enterprise digital transformation, building and developing a flexible, efficient and intelligent industrial system.



CHINT EIoT

A user-driven multi-energy complementary intelligent energy system, providing the public institutions, industry & commerce and terminal users with a package of energy solutions.



CHINT IIoT

Intelligent manufacturing system focusing on the enterprise digital transformation

- The first group of Sino-Germany Intelligent Manufacturing Cooperation Pilot Demonstration Projects made public by the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology
- "PV manufacturing+Internet" transparent factory opened up to the worldwide users
- One of 94 new intelligent manufacturing mode application projects made public in 2015
- Intelligent manufacturing integration system
- Big data full-process tracking
- Full-process automatic quality monitoring

The Thinking Factory
—in Hangzhou



The Transparent Internet Factory
—in Haining



The Digital Electric Apparatus Plant
—in Wenzhou



Reliable quality, Best-selling Worldwide

- 3

global R&D centers :
Europe、North America、Asia Pacific
- 6

worldwide marketing areas :
Asia Pacific、Western Asia and Africa、Europe、Latin America、North America、China
- 13

manufacturing bases :
China (Wenzhou, Shanghai, Hangzhou, Jiaxing, Xianyang, Jiuquan, Jinan), Thailand, Egypt, Singapore, Vietnam, Malaysia, Algeria (production line)
- 20

overseas subsidiaries
- 16

marketing offices in China
- 32

international logistics centers
- 2300

sales companies



CHINT Honors

- Comprehensive Strength

 - 2015, top 100 enterprises in China machinery industry
 - 2016, top 100 enterprises of Zhejiang Province
 - 2017, ranking the 85th place among top 500 China private enterprises
 - 2017, innovative leading enterprise of Zhejiang Province
 - 2017, top 100 enterprises in innovation capacity among the national hi-tech enterprises of Zhejiang Province
- Quality Management

 - 2016, advanced unit and user-satisfied enterprise in national user satisfaction project
 - 2016, executive director unit of Asia Quality Function Development Association
 - 2017, quality good faith enterprise of China machinery industry
 - 2017, national product and service quality good faith demonstration enterprise

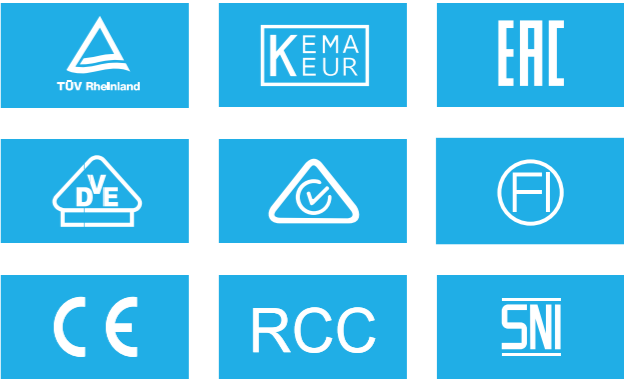
- Independent Innovation

 - 2015, Science and Technology Award of China Electrotechnical Society
 - 2016, Golden Patent Prize of Zhejiang Province and Patent Recognition Award of Zhejiang Province for two serial products
 - 2016, national intellectual property demonstration enterprise
 - 2016, group member of China Intellectual Property Society
 - 2016, member of Global Energy Interconnection Development and Cooperation Organization
- Social Responsibilities

 - 2014, five-star enterprise of China industry sector in performing social responsibilities
 - 2016, National Enterprise of Observing Contract and Valuing Credit
 - 2017, credit management demonstration enterprise of Zhejiang Province
 - 2018, the 10th “China Charity Award” of the Ministry of Civil Affairs

Qualification Certification

The products have been accredited through China Compulsory Certification (CCC) as well as UL of US, CE of EU, VDE and TÜV of Germany, EAC of Russia, KEMA of Netherlands, RCM of Australia, RCC of South Africa and other international product certifications.



Craftsmanship Forges High-quality Products

Craftsmanship Forges High-quality Products

CHINT Electrics, a core controlled company belonging to CHINT Group, it focuses on R&D, design, manufacturing and sales of low-voltage apparatus products and provides system solutions for building, power supply, hoisting, HVAC, telecommunication and other industrial customers. For over 30 years since its founding, CHINT has provided reliable products and services for

over 140 countries and regions, and has become one of world famous low-voltage apparatus brand operators. CHINT will continuously satisfy the increasing market demand through technical and innovative services advancing with the times, and will provide safer, more reliable products and create more secure and comfortable living environment.



CHINT KUNLUN SERIES

| Air Circuit Breaker | Moulded Case Circuit Breaker | Terminal Distribution Apparatus | Motor Control and Protection |
|--|--|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Built-in busbar temperature sensor ; ■ Fine shell-frame division ; ■ Man-machine interconnection ; ■ Strong environmental adaptability. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Fine shell-frame division ; ■ Line protection ; ■ Double insulation ; ■ Man-machine interconnection ; ■ Strong environmental adaptability. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Clear contact window ; ■ Small size and high current ; ■ More current specification options ; ■ Abundant accessories ; ■ Strong environmental adaptability. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Suitable for large voltage fluctuation ; ■ Humane design ; ■ Fine current specification ; ■ More standard auxiliary contacts ; ■ Strong environmental adaptability. |



NA1 Air Circuit Breaker

NA1



NA1

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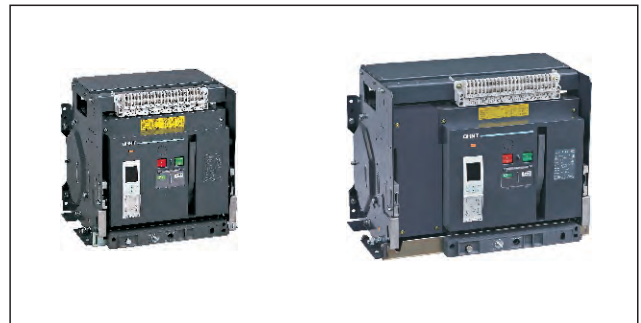
NA1-1000X
200A to 1000A



NA1-2000X, NA1-2000XN, NA1-2000XH
630A to 2000A



NA1-3200X, NA1-3200XN, NA1-4000X
2000A to 4000A



NA1-6300X, NA1-6300XN
4000A to 6300A



Summary

5 basic frame sizes

For your various requirements, the Air Circuit Breaker NA1 includes 5 basic frame sizes as followed.

1. General

1.1 Application scope

NA1 series air circuit breaker is suitable for the circuit of AC 50Hz/60Hz with rated service voltage 400V, 690V and rated service current up to 6300A. It is mainly used to distribute electric energy and protect circuits and electric equipment against over-load, under-voltage, short-circuit and single-phase earthing fault.

With intelligentized and selective protection functions, the breaker can improve the reliability of power supply, and avoid unnecessary power failure. The breaker is applicable for power stations, factories, mines (for 690V) and modern high-buildings, especially for the distribution system of intelligentized building.

1.2 Standard: IEC/EN 60947-2.

2. Operating conditions

2.1 Temperature condition:

-5°C~40°C; the average value within 24h shall not exceed +35°C (special situation excluded);

2.2 Altitude: ≤2000m;

2.3 Pollution grade: Grade 3;

2.4 Air conditions:

At mounting site, relative humidity not exceed 50% at the max temperature of +40°C, higher relative humidity is allowable under lower temperature, RH could be 90% at +20°C, special measures should be taken to occurrence of dews;

2.5 Note: Without the intelligent controller, the breaker functions as a switch-disconnector.

2.6 Type designation

NA1 - □□-□□/□-□-□-□-□

Voltage of secondary circuit
AC220V, AC380V,
AC230V, AC400V
DC220V, DC110V

Wiring of main circuit:
H:Horizontal wiring of main circuit
V:Vertical wiring of main circuit

Mode of installation:
F:Fixed type
D:Draweout type

Mode of operation:
M:Manual
P: Power-driven

No. of poles:
3:3-pole
4:4-pole

Intelligent controller:
M: Standard type
3M: Multifunctional type
3H: Communication type

Rated current:

| Frame size rated current | Rated current |
|-----------------------------|---------------|
| 1000A | 200A |
| | 400A |
| | 630A |
| | 800A |
| | 1000A |
| 2000A | 630A |
| | 800A |
| | 1000A |
| | 1250A |
| | 1600A |
| 3200A | 2000A |
| | 2500A |
| | 3200A |
| 4000A | 4000A |
| 6300A | 4000A |
| | 5000A |
| | 6300A |

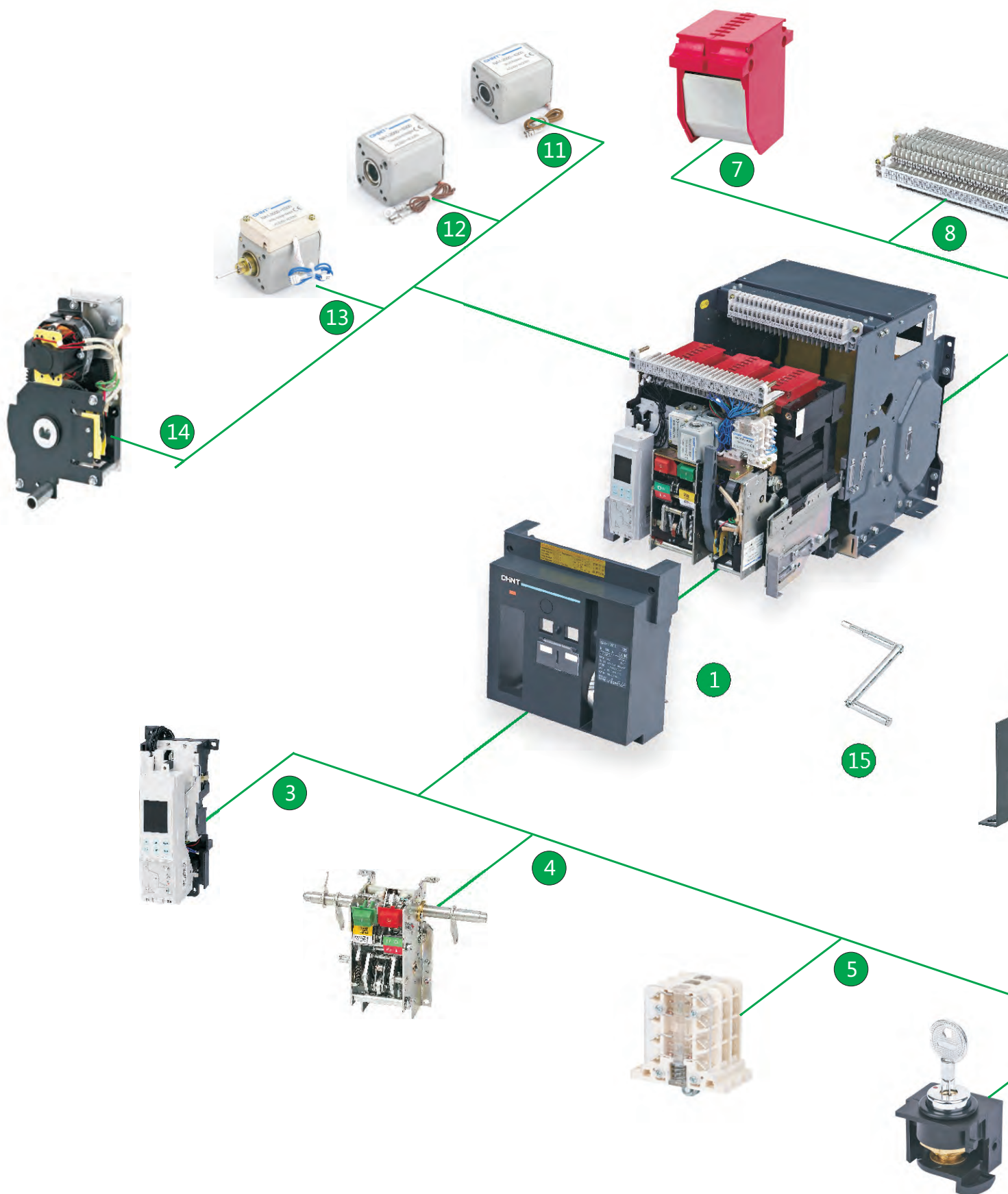
Breaking capacity:
X
XN
XH

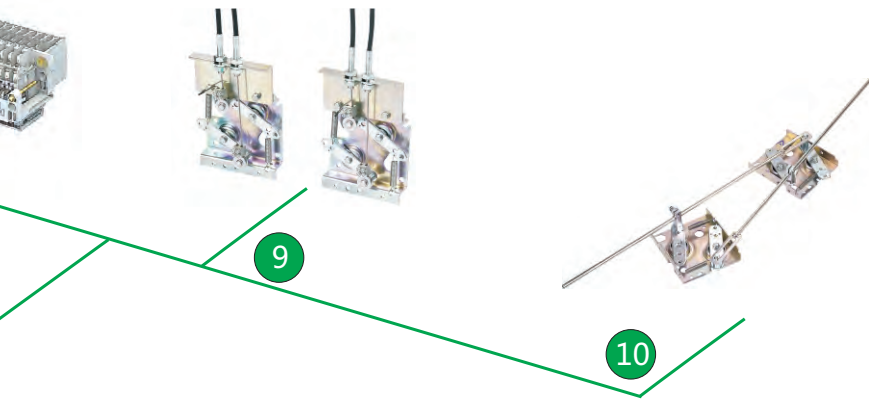
Frame size rated current:
1000,2000,3200,4000,6300

Design sequence number

ACB

Company code

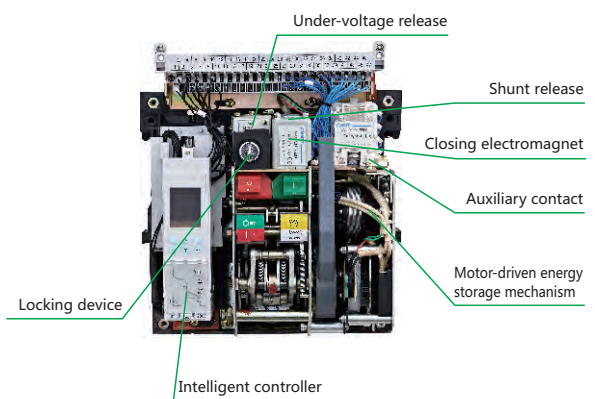
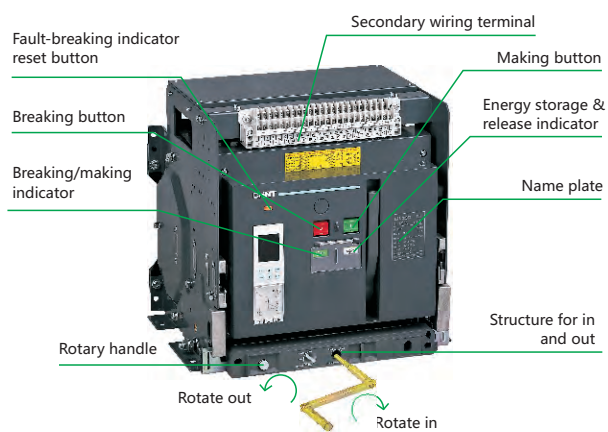
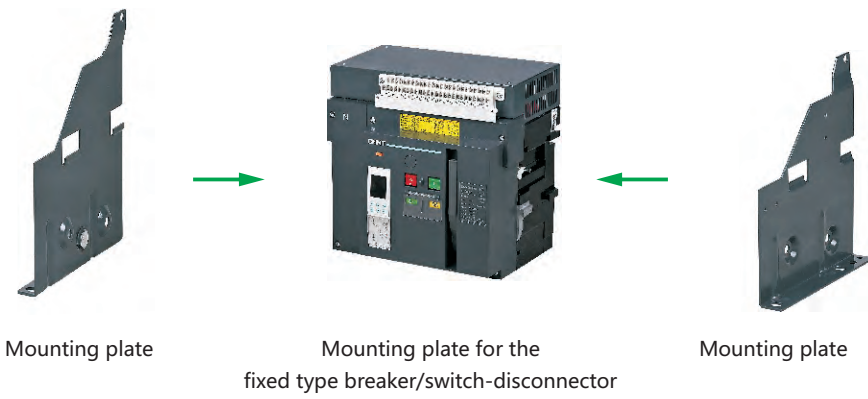
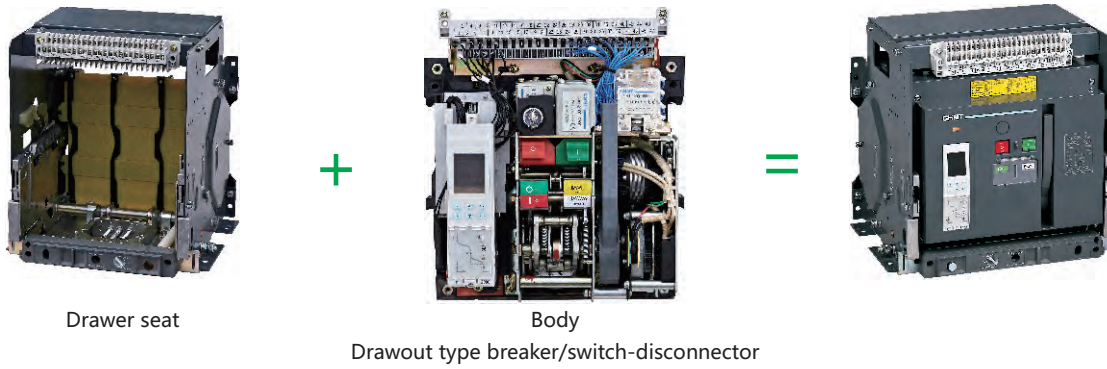





NA1 Air Circuit Breaker


- 1 Drawout type
- 2 Fixed type
- 3 Intelligent controller
- 4 Operating mechanism
- 5 Auxiliary contact
- 6 Locking-device
- 7 Arcing chamber
- 8 Secondary wiring terminal
- 9 Wire-cable mechanical interlock
- 10 Connecting-rod type mechanical interlock
- 11 Shunt release
- 12 Closing electromagnet
- 13 Under-voltage release
- 14 Motor-driven energy-storage mechanism
- 15 Rotary handle
- 16 Mounting plate



3. Structure




4. Main technical parameter

| Type | | NA1-1000X | | | | |
|--|------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|------|
| | |  | | | | |
| Rated ultimate short circuit breaking capacity (Icu) | AC400V | 42 | | | | |
| | AC690V | 25 | | | | |
| Rated service short circuit breaking capacity (Ics) | AC400V | 30 | | | | |
| | AC690V | 20 | | | | |
| Rated short-time withstand current (Icw.1s) | AC400V | 30 | | | | |
| | AC690V | 20 | | | | |
| Rated current In (A) | | 200 | 400 | 630 | 800 | 1000 |
| Number of poles | | 3, 4 | | | | |
| Rated voltage Ue (V) | | AC 400, AC 690 | | | | |
| Rated insulation voltage Ui (V) | | 800 | | | | |
| Rated current of N-pole In (A) | | 100%In | | | | |
| Fixed disconnection time (ms) | | 23~32 | | | | |
| Intelligent controller | Standard type (M) | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● |
| | Communication type (H) | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● |
| Operation performance | Electric life | AC 400V:6500, AC 690V:3000 | | | | |
| | Mechanical life | Non-maintenance 15,000 | | | | |
| | | Maintenance 30,000 | | | | |
| Connection pattern | | Horizontal, Vertical | | | | |
| Motor operational standard configuration weight (kg) | Drawout 3P/4P | 38/55 | | | | |
| | Fixed 3P/4P | 22/26.5 | | | | |

| Type | | NA1-2000X | | NA1-2000XN | | | NA1-2000XH |
|--|------------------------|---|-----|------------|------|-----------|------------|
| | |  | | | | | |
| Rated ultimate short circuit breaking capacity (Icu) | AC400V | 80 | | 50 | | 65 | |
| | AC415V | 50 | | 40 | | 50 | |
| | AC690V | 50 | | 40 | | 50 | |
| Rated service short circuit breaking capacity (Ics) | AC400V | 65 | | 50 | | 65 | |
| | AC415V | 40 | | 40 | | 40 | |
| | AC690V | 40 | | 40 | | 40 | |
| Rated short-time withstand (Icw.1s) | AC400V | 50 | | 50 | | 50 | |
| | AC415V | 40 | | 40 | | 40 | |
| | AC690V | 40 | | 40 | | 40 | |
| Rated short-time withstand (Icw.3s) | AC400V | 42 | | 42 | | 42 | |
| | AC415V | 42 | | 42 | | 42 | |
| Rated current In (A) | | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1600 | 2000 |
| Number of poles | | 3, 4 | | | | | |
| Rated voltage Ue (V) | | AC400, AC415, AC690 | | | | | |
| Rated insulation voltage Ui (V) | | 1000 | | | | | |
| Rated current of N-pole In (A) | | 100%In | | | | | |
| Fixed disconnection time (ms) | | 23~32 | | | | | |
| Intelligent controller | Standard type (M) | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● |
| | Communication type (H) | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● |
| Operation performance | Electric life | AC400:6500 AC690V:3000 | | | | | |
| | Mechanical life | Non-maintenance 15,000 | | | | | |
| | | Maintenance 30,000 | | | | | |
| Connection pattern | | Horizontal, Vertical | | | | | |
| Motor operational standard configuration weight (kg) | Drawout 3P/4P | 67.5 / 80 | | 70 / 84 | | 79 / 90.5 | |
| | Fixed 3P/4P | 42 / 52 | | 44 / 52 | | 45 / 54 | |

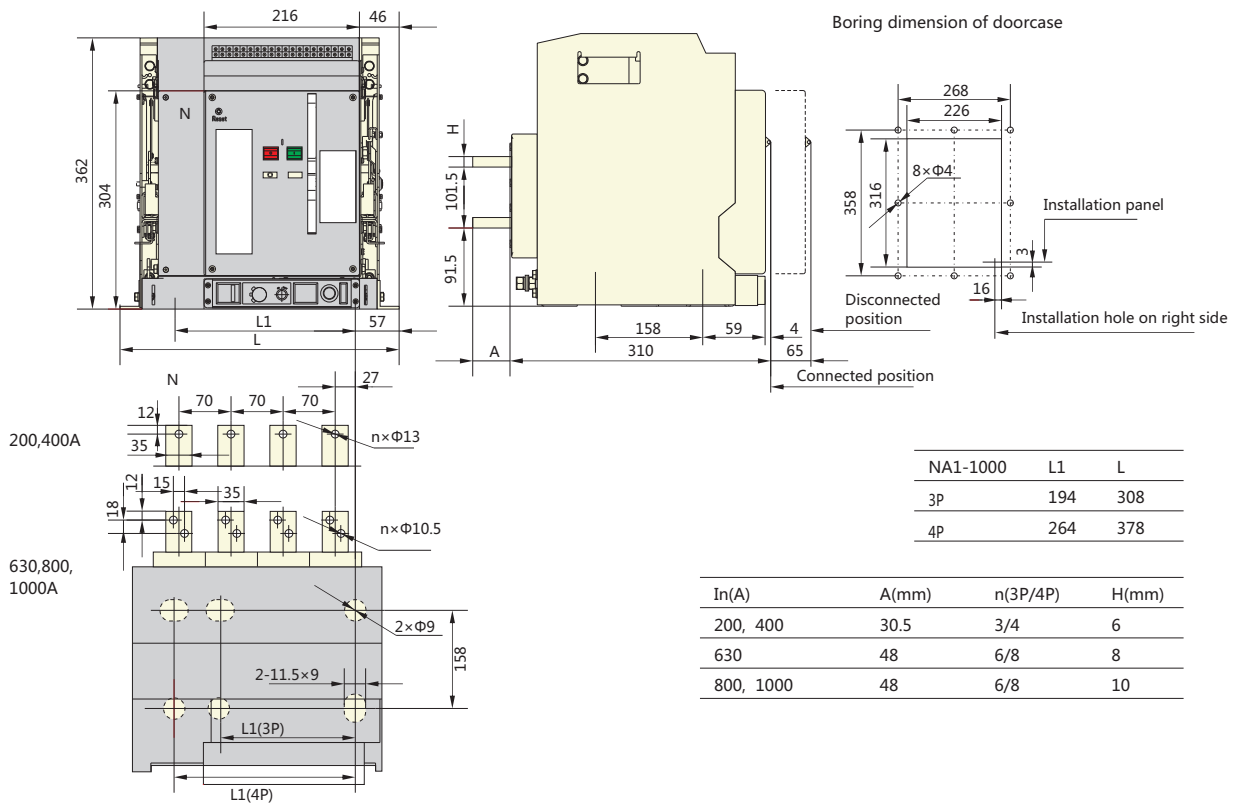
| Type | | NA1-3200X | NA1-3200XN | | NA1-4000X |
|--|------------------------|--|------------|---|-------------------------|
| | |  | |  | |
| Rated ultimate short circuit breaking capacity (Icu) | AC400V | 80 | | 65 | 80 |
| | AC415V | 65 | | 50 | — |
| | AC690V | 65 | | 50 | 65 |
| Rated service short circuit breaking capacity (Ics) | AC400V | 65 | | 65 | 65 |
| | AC415V | 65 | | 50 | — |
| | AC690V | 65 | | 50 | 65 |
| Rated short-time withstand (Icw.1s) | AC400V | 65 | | 65 | 65 |
| | AC415V | 50 | | 50 | — |
| | AC690V | 50 | | 50 | 50 |
| Rated short-time withstand (Icw.3s) | AC400V | 45 | | 45 | — |
| | AC415V | 45 | | 45 | — |
| Rated current I _n (A) | | 2000 | 2500 | 3200 | 4000 |
| Number of poles | | 3, 4 | | | 3 |
| Rated voltage U _e (V) | | AC400, AC415, AC690 | | | |
| Rated insulation voltage U _i (V) | | 1000 | | | |
| Rated current of N-pole I _n (A) | | 100%I _n | | | |
| Fixed disconnection time (ms) | | 23~32 | | | |
| Intelligent controller | Standard type (M) | ● | ● | ● | ● |
| | Communication type (H) | ● | ● | ● | ● |
| Operation performance | Electric life | AC400V:3000 AC690V:2000 | | | AC400V:1500 AC690V:1000 |
| | Mechanical life | Non-maintenance 10,000 | | | |
| | | Maintenance 20,000 | | | |
| Connection pattern | | Horizontal, Vertical | | | |
| Motor operational standard configuration weight (kg) | Drawout 3P/4P | 90.5 / 116 | 90.5 / 116 | 103 / 130 | 132 |
| | Fixed 3P/4P | 55 / 68 | 55 / 68 | 56.5 / 71 | 72 / - |

| Type | | NA1-6300X | | NA1-6300XN |
|--|------------------------|--|-----------|------------|
| | |  | | |
| Rated ultimate short circuit breaking capacity (Icu) | AC400V | 120 | | 100 |
| | AC415V | 85 | | 75 |
| | AC690V | 85 | | 75 |
| Rated service short circuit breaking capacity (Ics) | AC400V | 100 | | 100 |
| | AC415V | 75 | | 75 |
| | AC690V | 75 | | 75 |
| Rated short-time withstand (Icw.1s) | AC400V | 100 | | 100 |
| | AC415V | 75 | | 75 |
| | AC690V | 75 | | 75 |
| Rated short-time withstand (Icw.3s) | AC400V | 50 | | 50 |
| | AC415V | 50 | | 50 |
| rated current In (A) | | 4000 | 5000 | 6300 |
| Number of poles | | 3, 4 | | 3 |
| Rated voltage Ue (V) | | AC400, AC415, AC690 | | |
| Rated insulation voltage Ui (V) | | 1000 | | |
| Rated current of N-pole In (A) | | 50%In | | — |
| Fixed disconnection time (ms) | | 23~32 | | |
| Intelligent controller | Standard type (M) | ● | ● | ● |
| | Communication type (H) | ● | ● | ● |
| Operation performance | Electric life | AC400V:1500 AC690V:1000 | | |
| | Mechanical life | Non-maintenance 5000 Maintenance 10,000 | | |
| Connection pattern | | Horizontal, Vertical | | |
| Motor operational standard configuration weight (kg) | Drawout 3P/4P | 210 / 233 | 210 / 233 | 233 / - |
| | Fixed 3P/4P | - / - | - / - | - / - |

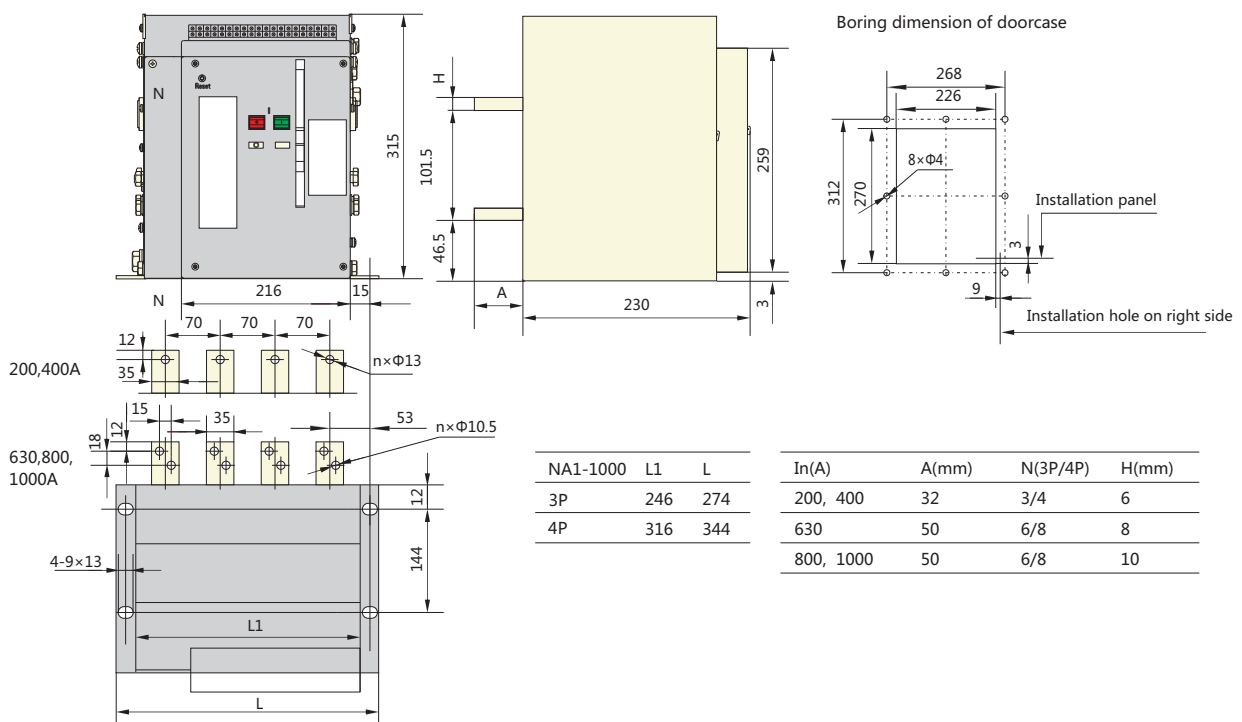
Standard configuration: M type intelligent controller; Under-voltage release; Shunt release; Motor-driven energy-storage mechanism; Closing electromagnet.

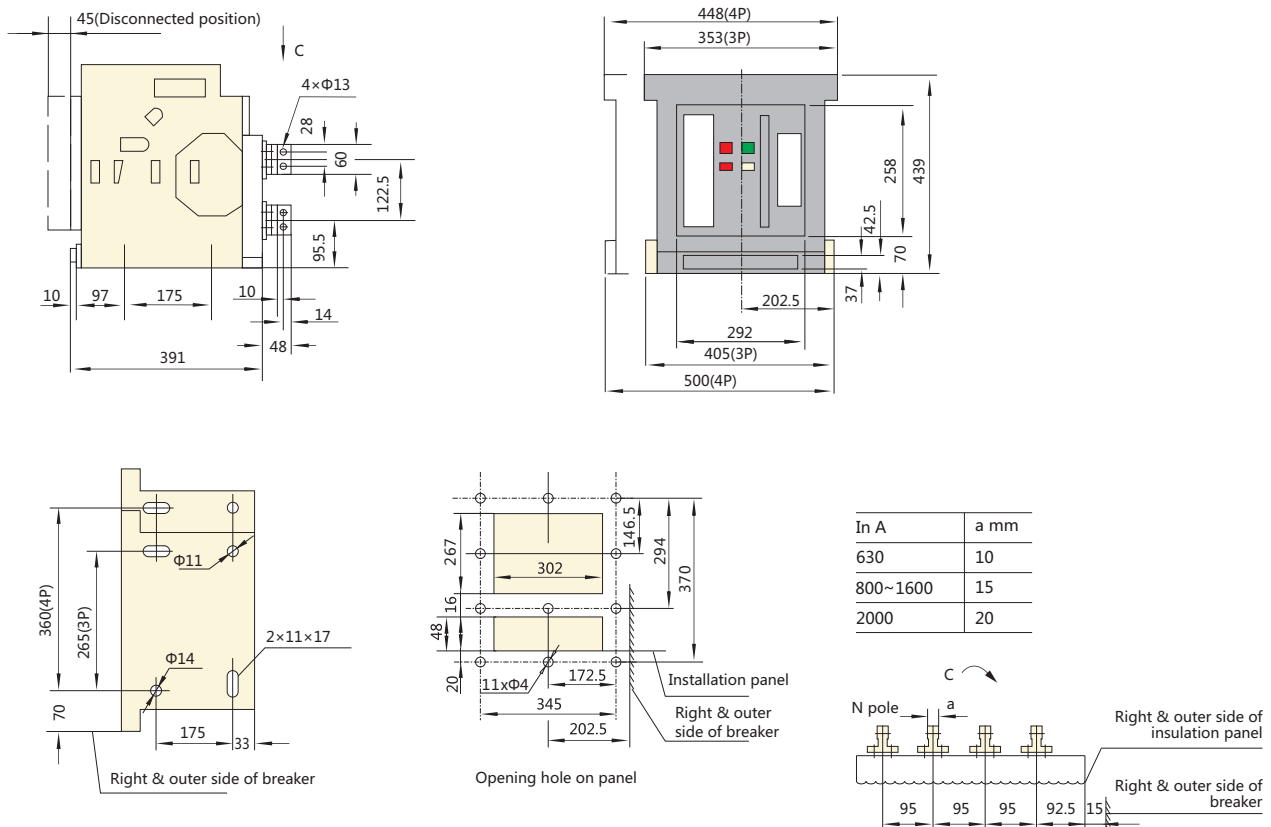
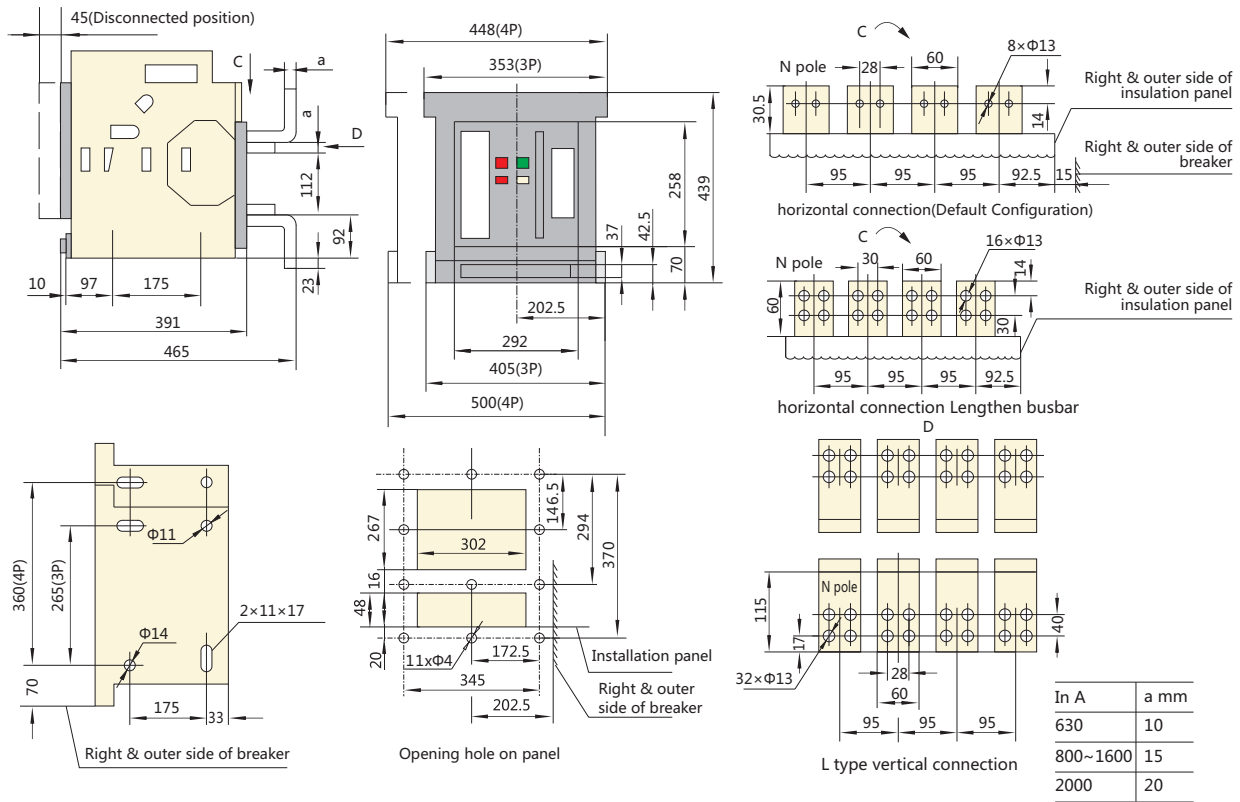
5. Dimensions and connection

NA1-1000X Drawout-type

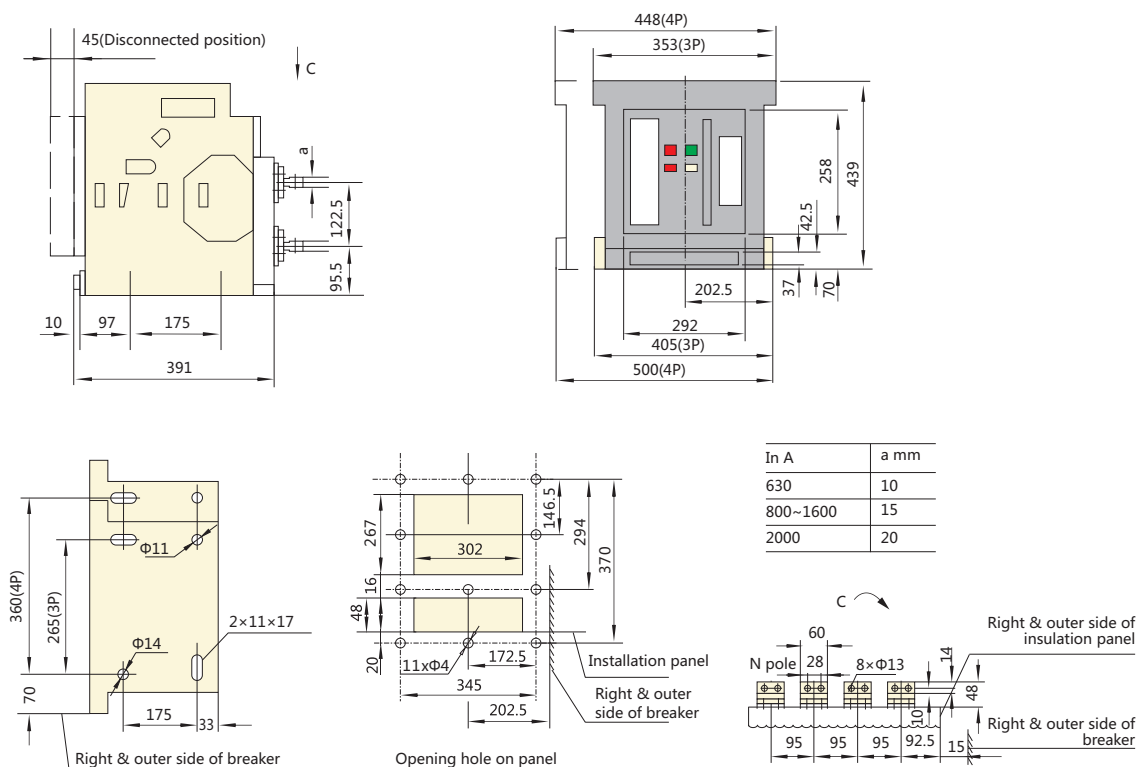


NA1-1000X Fixed-type

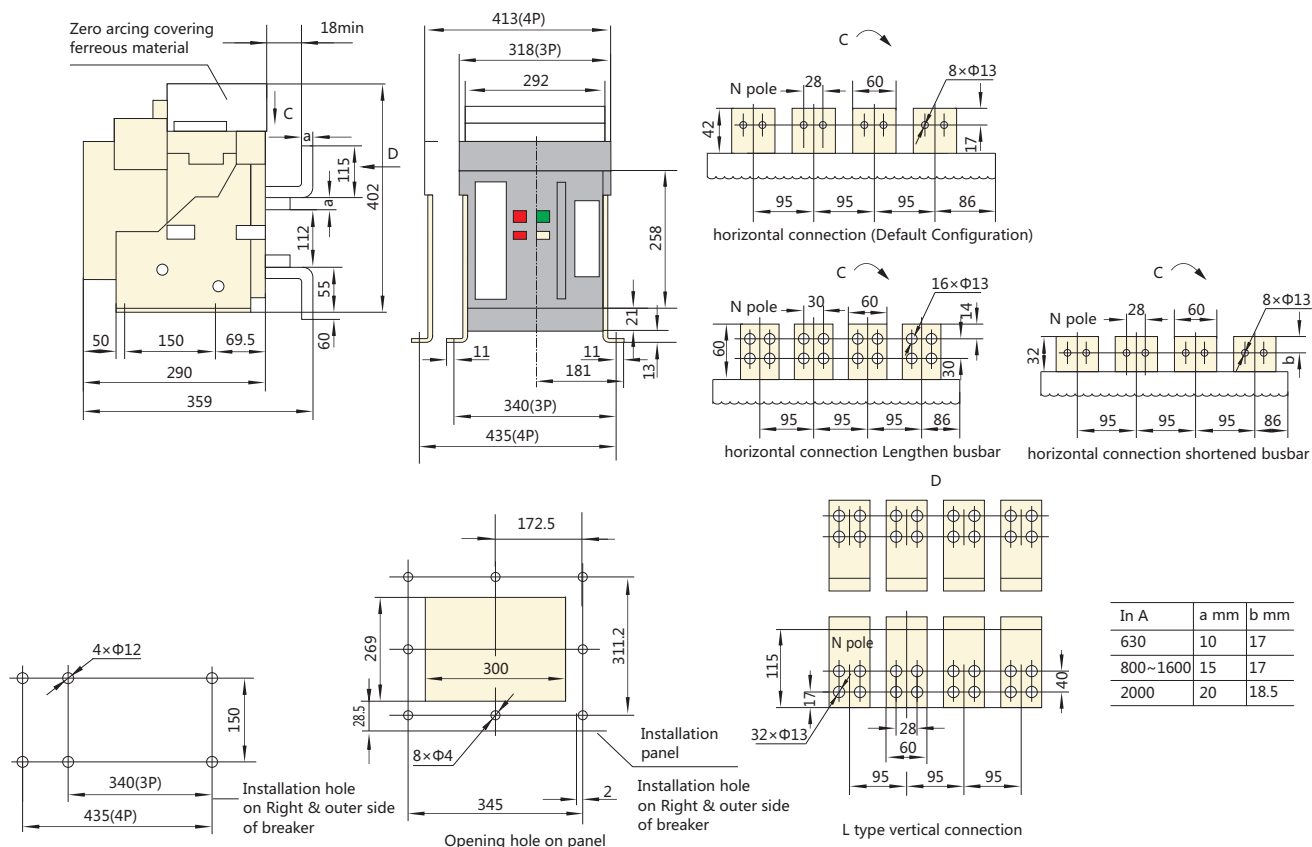


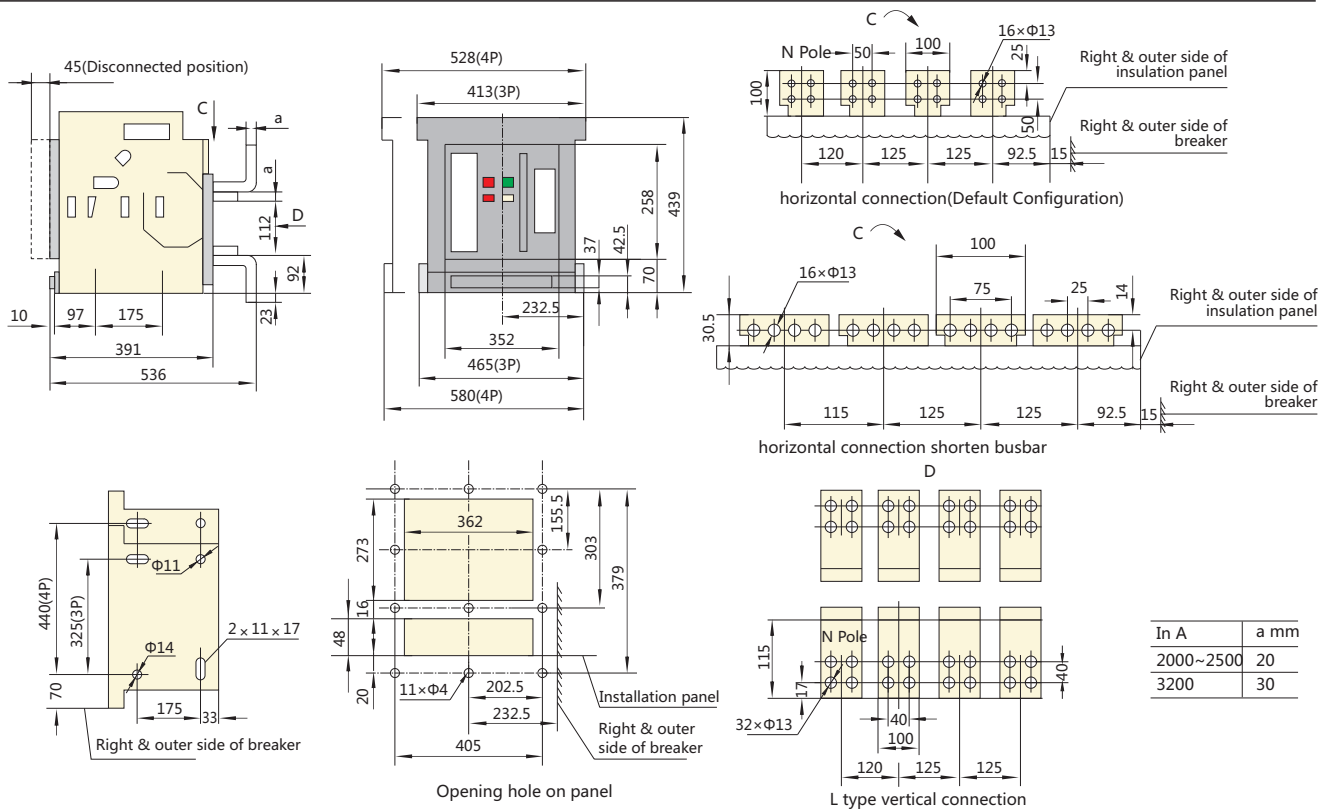


NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH Drawout-type, horizontal, rear connection

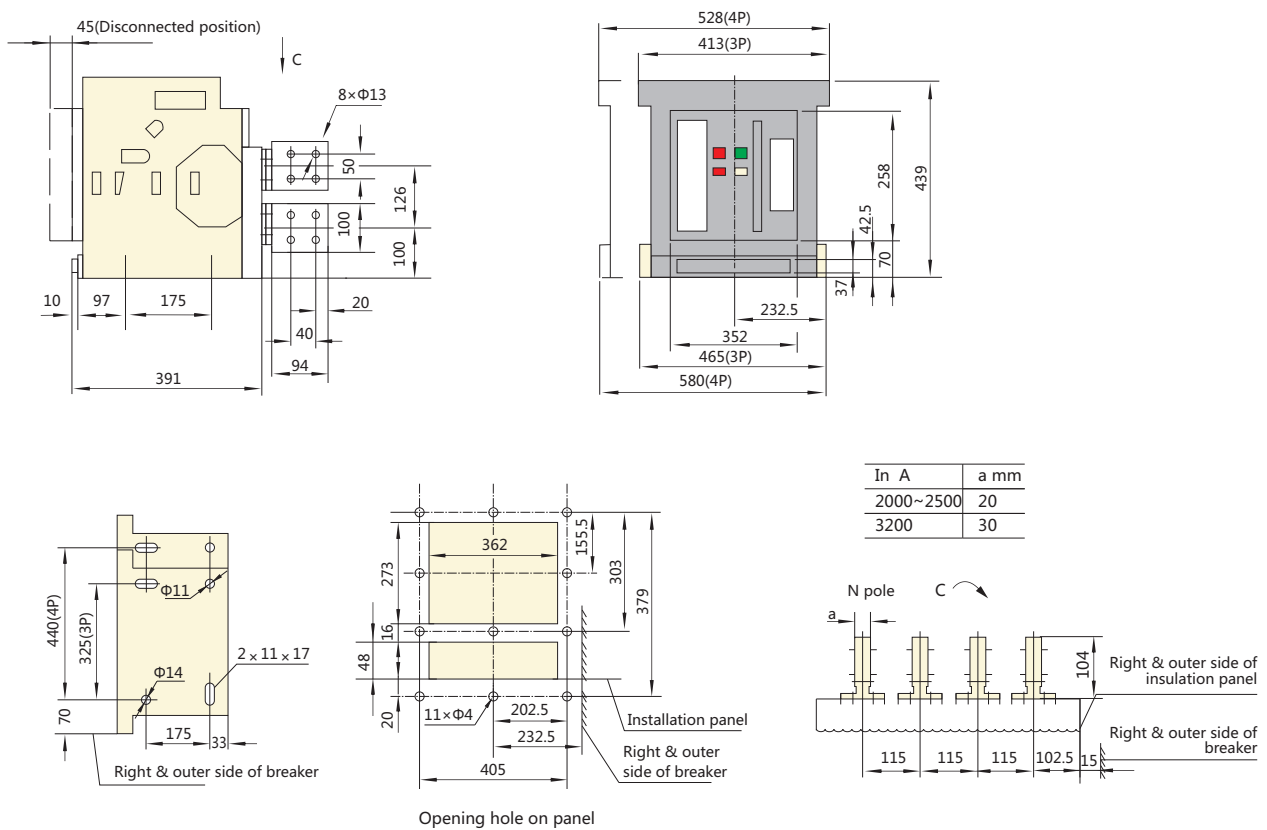


NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH Fixed-type

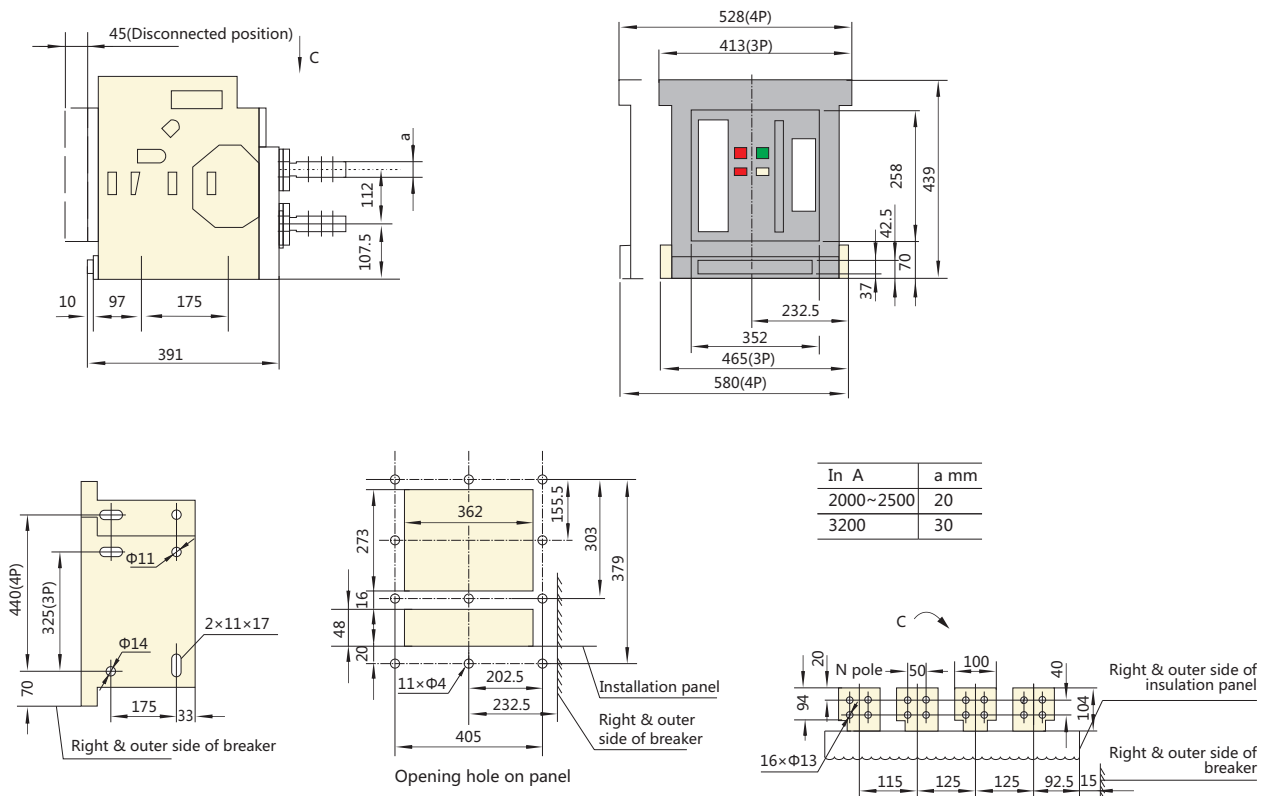




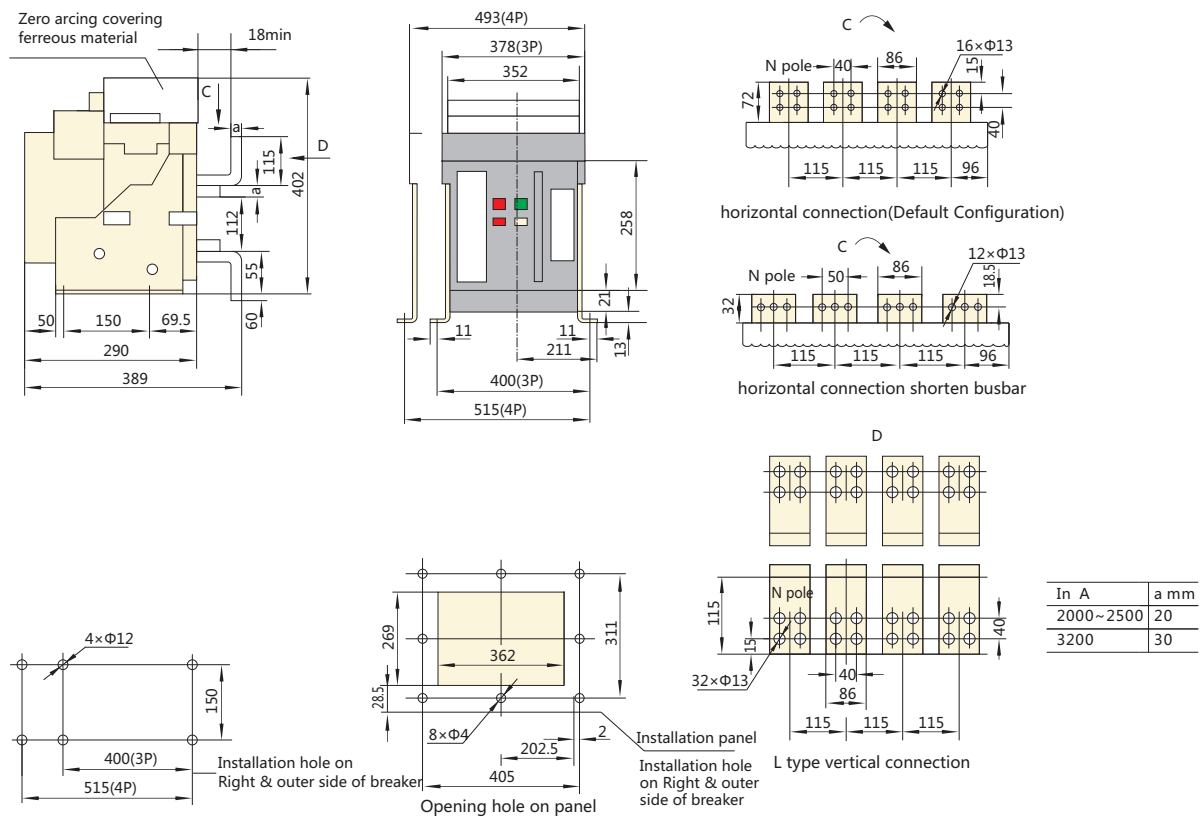
NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN Drawout-type, horizontal, rear connection

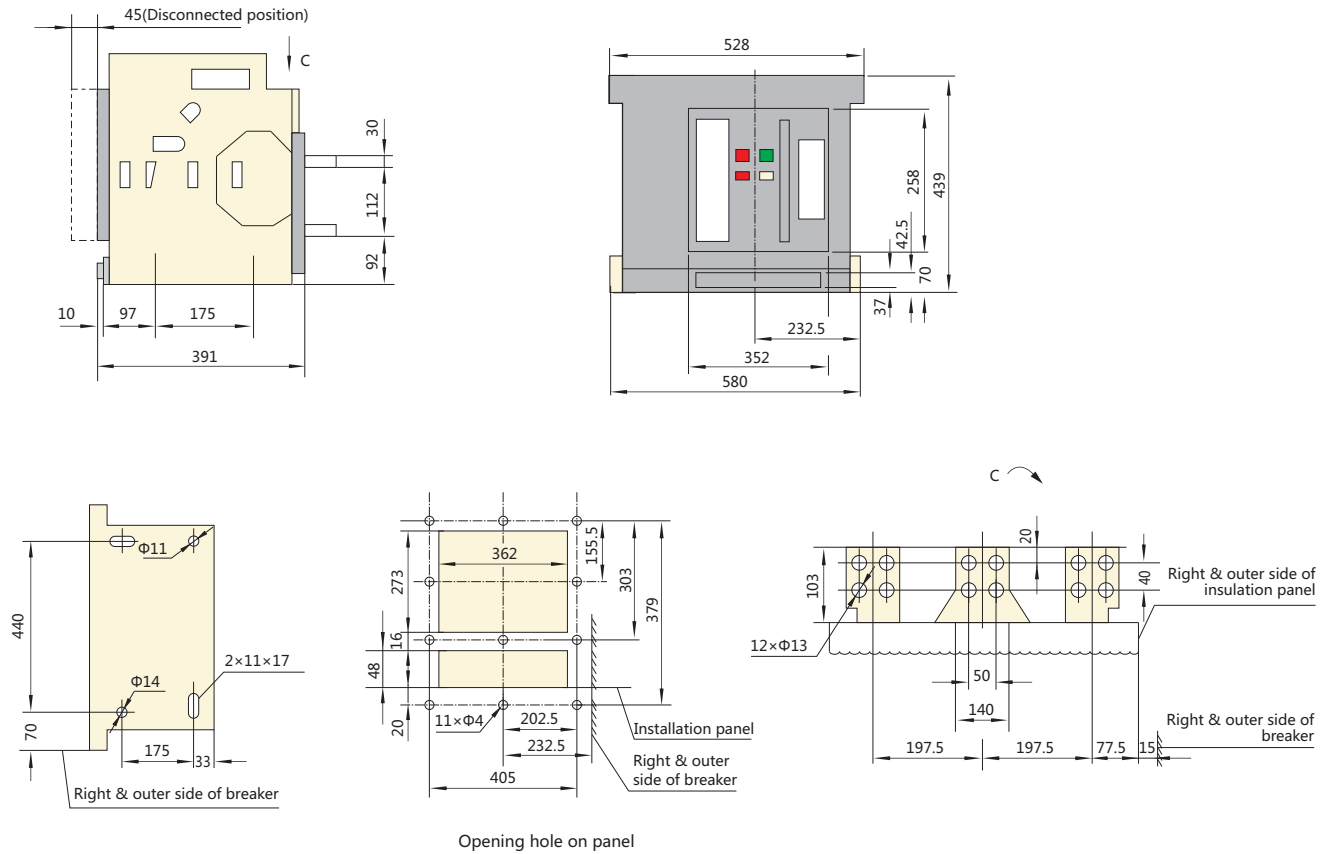
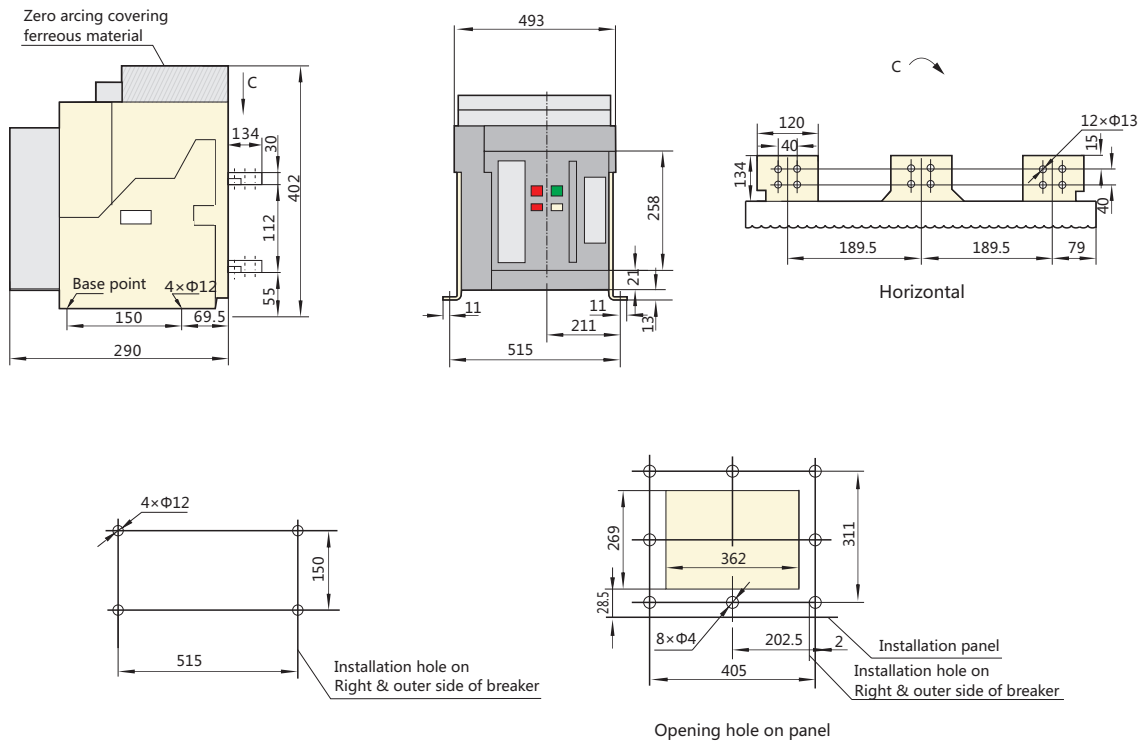


NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN Drawout-type, horizontal, rear connection

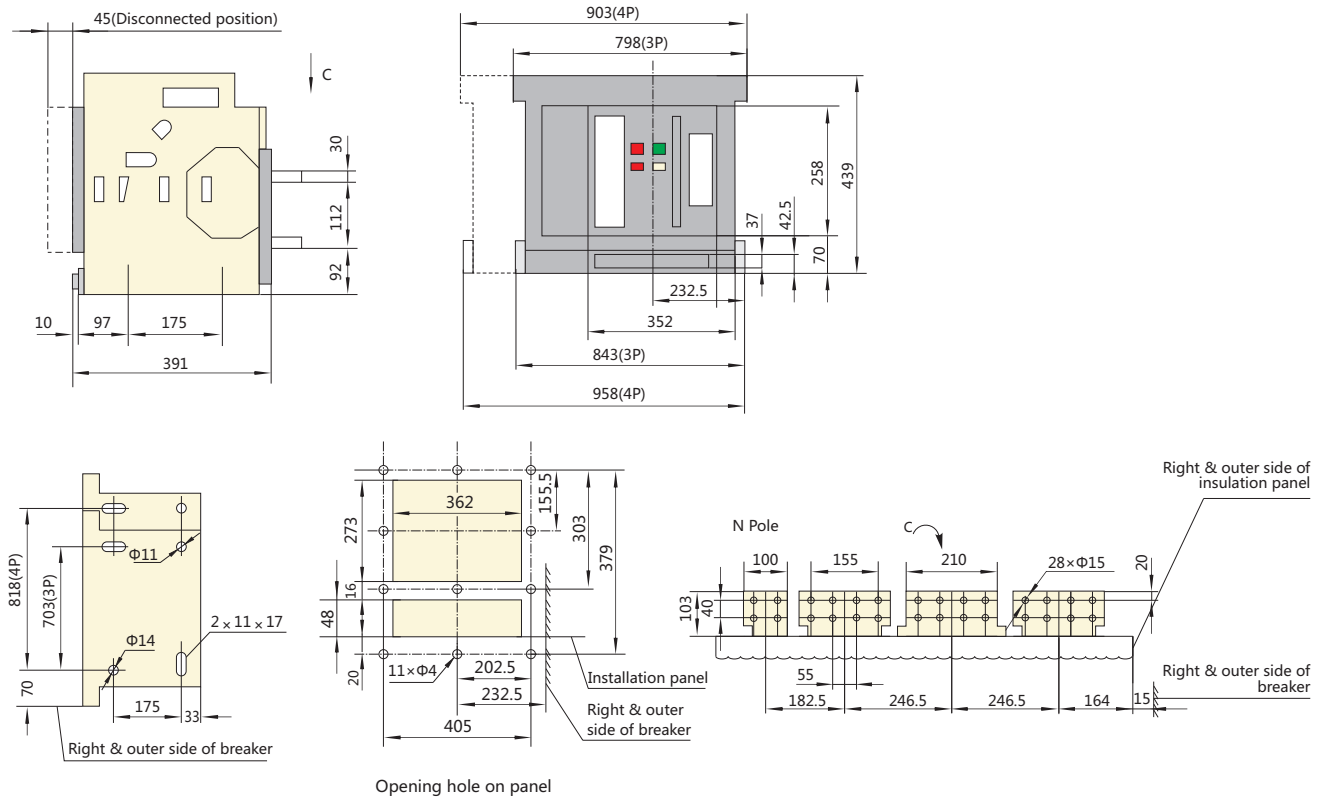


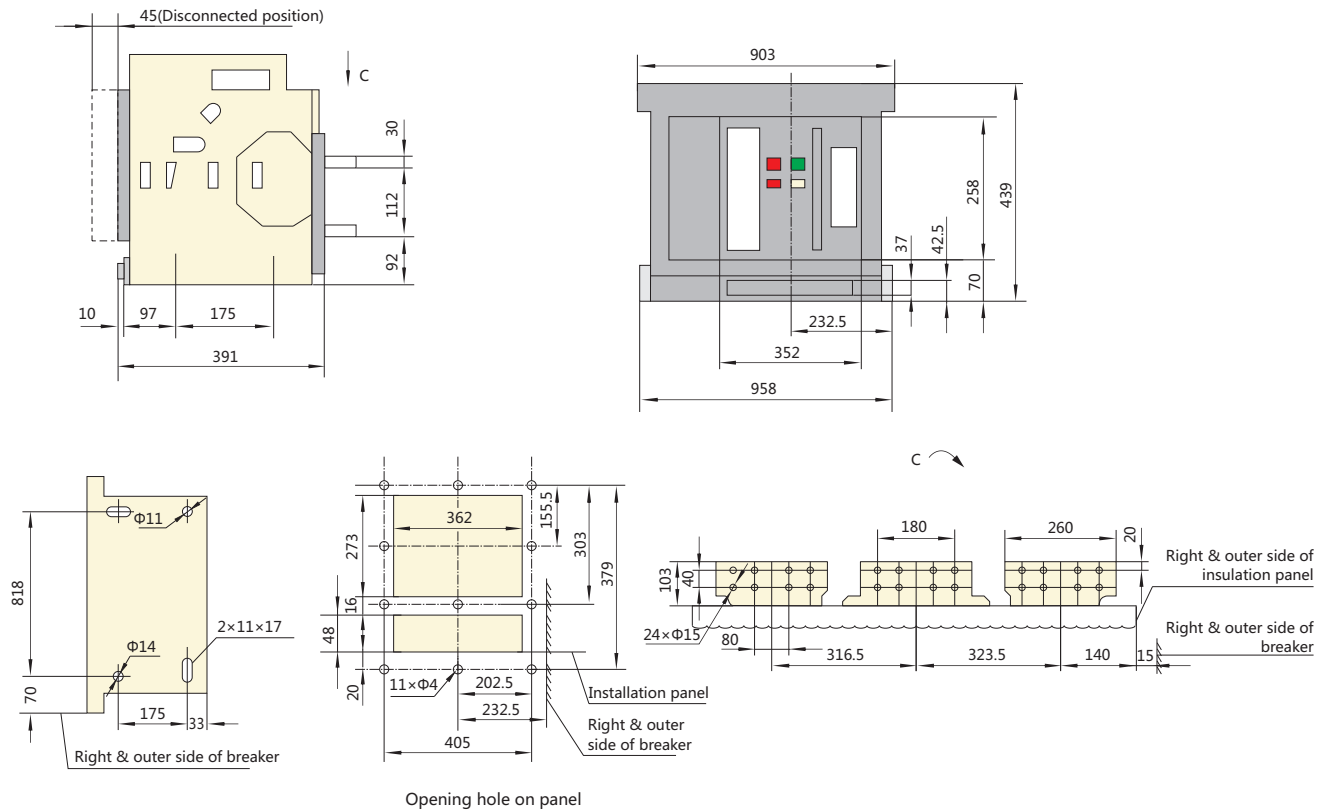
NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN Fixed-type





NA1-6300X/NA1-6300XN (In=4000A,5000A) Drawout-type

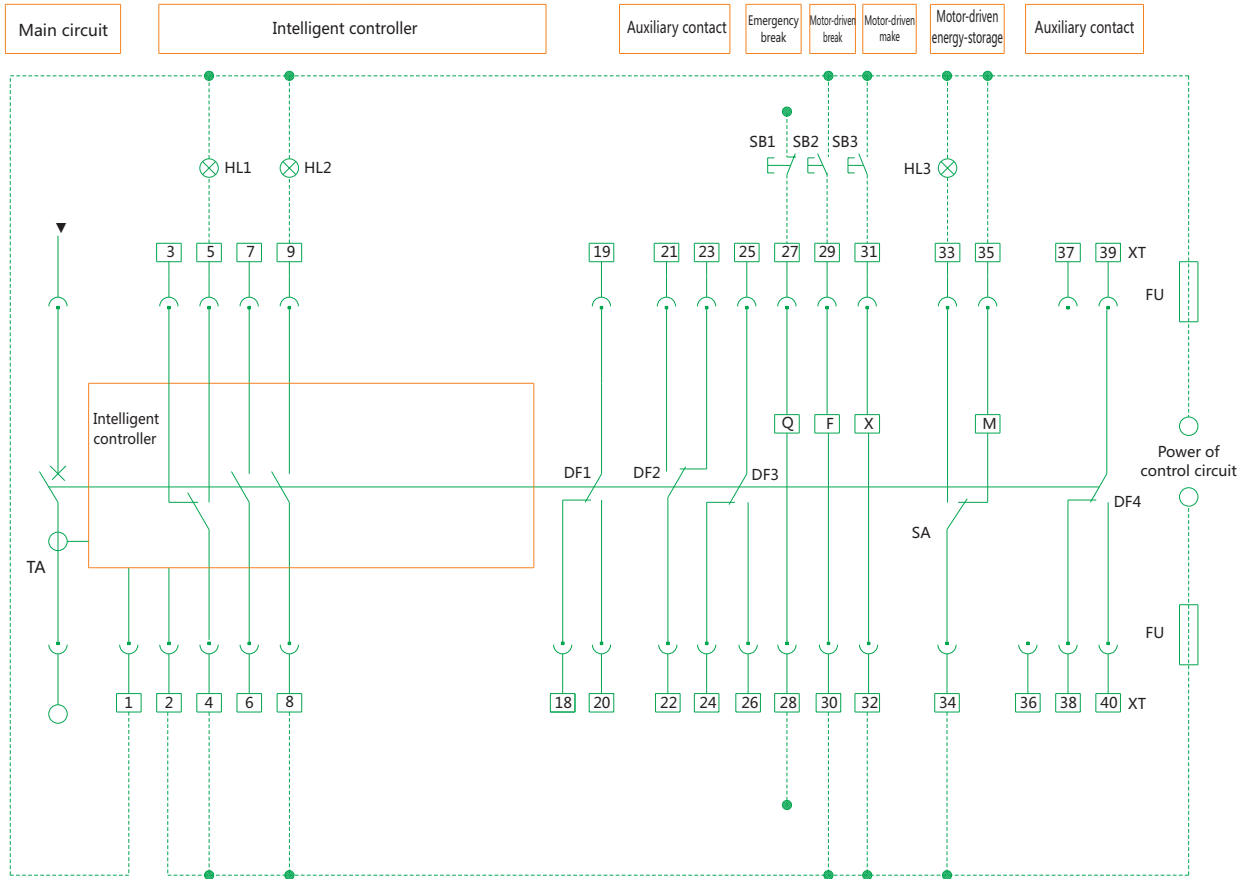




6. Secondary circuit wiring

6.1 NA1-1000X

Standard type, type (M/3M)

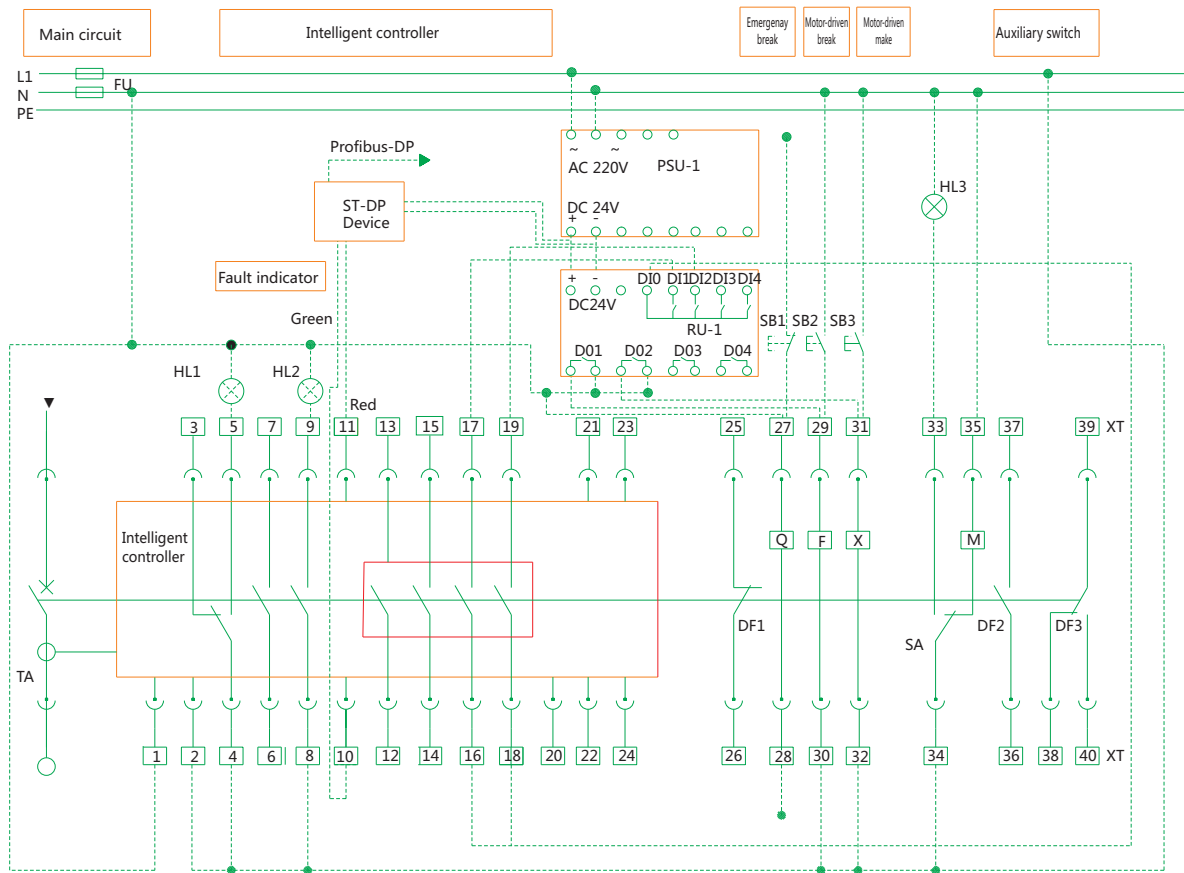


HL1: Failure indicator
HL2: Close indicator
HL3: Energy storage indicator
SB1: Under-voltage button
SB2: Shunt button
SB3: Close button
Q: Under-voltage release
F: Shunt release
X: Close electromagnet
M: Energy storage motor
DF1-DF4: Auxiliary switch
1[#], 2[#]: Auxiliary power input
3[#], 4[#], 5[#]: Fault trip contact output(4[#] common terminal, contact capacity AC230V,5A
6[#], 7[#]: To be connected with current transformer(selective)

8[#], 9[#]: Making indicator (capacity AC400V,1A)
27[#], 28[#]: Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit)
29[#], 30[#]: Shunt release
31[#], 32[#]: Closing electromagnet
33[#], 34[#], 35[#]: Energy storage motor
18[#]~26[#], 38[#]~40[#]: Auxiliary contact (auxiliary contact capacity: AC230V,5A)

Note:

Dashed is to be connected by users.



HL1: Failure indicator

HL2: Close indicator

HL3: Energy storage indicator

SB1: Under-voltage button

SB2: Shunt button

SB3: Close button

Q: Under-voltage release

F: Shunt release

X: Close electromagnet

M: Energy storage motor

DF1-DF3: Auxiliary switch

1#, 2#: Auxiliary power input(DC24)

3#, 4#, 5#: Fault trip contact output(4# common terminal, contact capacity AC230V,5A)

6#, 7#: To be connected with current transformer(N/O auxiliary contact, capacity AC400V, 1A,when no current transformer)

8#, 9#: Making indicator(capacity AC400V,1A)

10#, 11#: communication output

12#, 13#: Signal alarm of load 1 output

14#, 15#: Signal alarm of load 2 output

16#, 17#: Making signal output

18#, 19#: Closing signal output

20#: Communication shield ground line

21#~24#: Voltage signal input of phase N,A,B,C

(With voltage measurement);

21#~23# is a set of auxiliary switches

(Without voltage measurement)

22# common terminal,contact capacity AC230V,5A

25#, 26#: Auxiliary contact (capacity:AC230V,5A)

27#, 28#: Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit)

29#, 30#: Shunt release

31#, 32#: Closing electromagnet

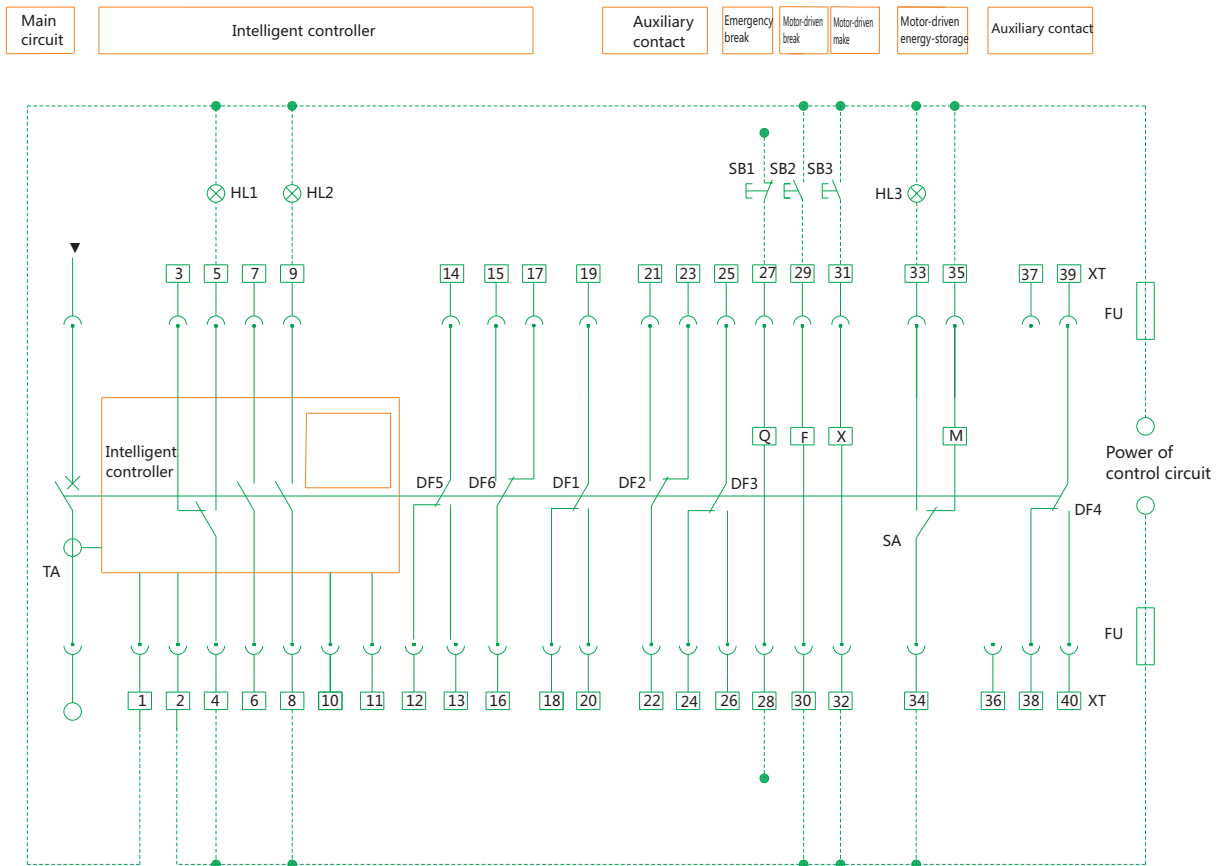
33#, 34#, 35#: Energy storage motor

36#~40#: Auxiliary contact (capacity:AC230V,5A)

Note:

Dashed is to be connected by users.

Six pairs change-over contacts standard type (M/3M)



HL1: Failure indicator
 HL2: Close indicator
 HL3: Energy storage indicator
 SB1: Under-voltage button
 SB2: Shunt button
 SB3: Close button
 Q: Under-voltage release
 F: Shunt release
 X: Close release
 M: Energy storage motor
 DF1-DF6: Auxiliary switch
 1[#], 2[#]: Auxiliary power input
 3[#], 4[#], 5[#]: Fault trip contact output(4[#] common terminal, contact capacity AC230V, 5A
 6[#], 7[#]: to be connected with current transformer(selective)

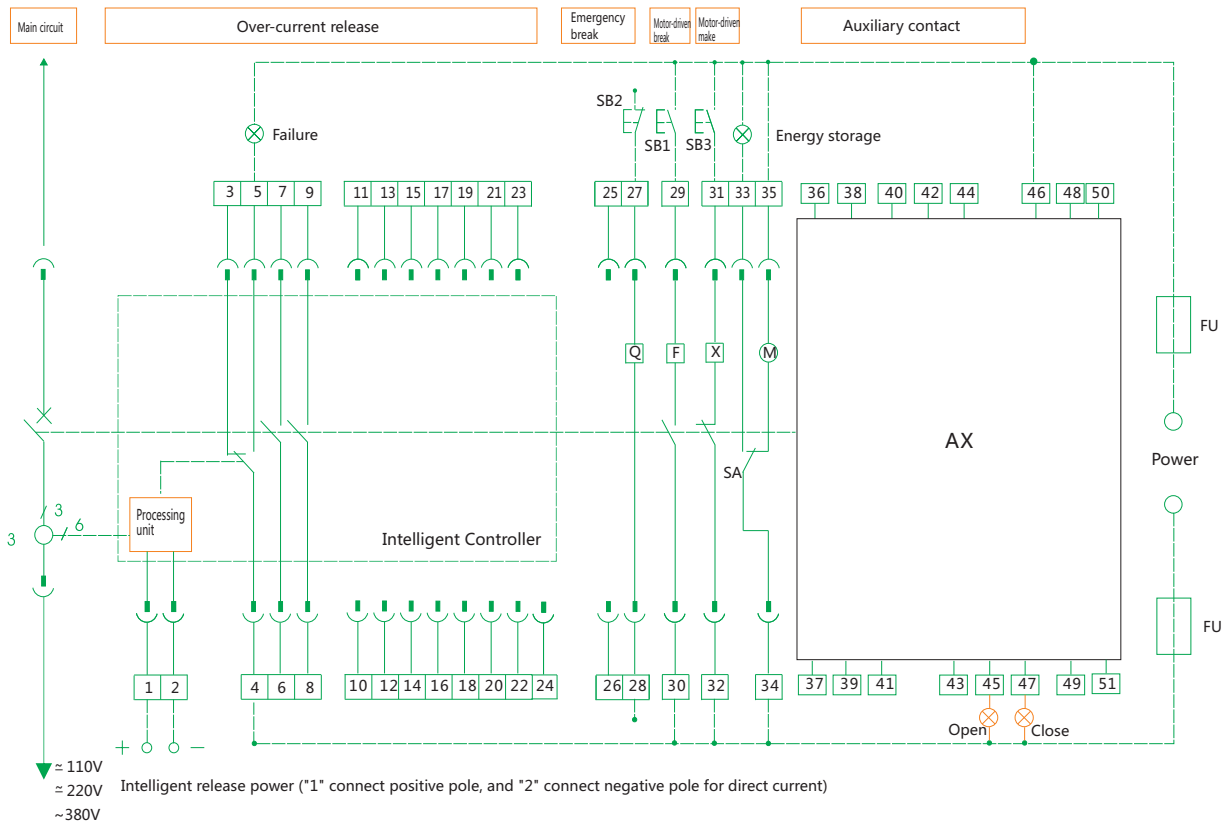
8[#], 9[#]: Making indicator (capacity AC400V, 1A)
 12[#]~26[#]: Auxiliary contact(auxiliary contact capacity: AC230V, 1A)
 27[#], 28[#]: Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit)
 29[#], 30[#]: Shunt release
 31[#], 32[#]: Closing release
 33[#], 34[#]: Energy storage indicator
 34[#], 35[#]: Energy storage motor
 38[#]~40[#]: Auxiliary contact(auxiliary contact capacity: AC230V, 1A)

Note:

Six pairs change-over contacts , without any additional function.
 Dashed is to be connected by users.

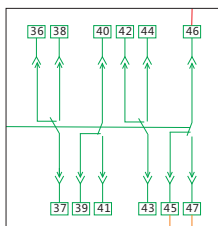
6.2 NA1-2000X~6300X

The secondary circuit wiring for NA1-2000X~6300X with standard type (M) intelligent controller and instantaneous under-voltage release

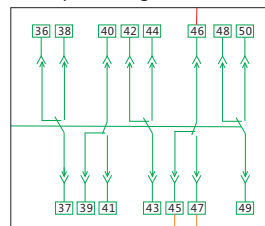


The auxiliary contact modes for customer use

I Four pairs change-over contacts



II Five pairs change-over contacts

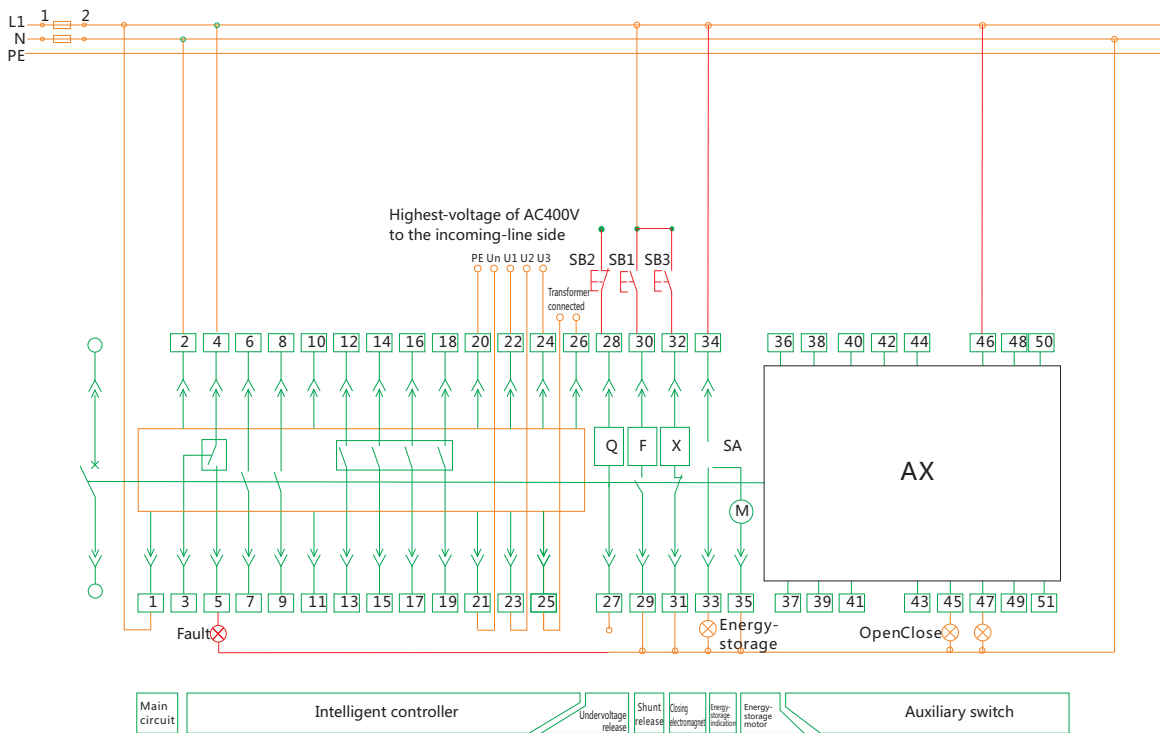


- SB1: Shunt button
- SB2: Under-voltage button
- SB3: Making button
- Q: Under-voltage release
- F: Shunt release
- X: Closing electromagnet
- M: Energy storage motor
- XT: Connection terminal
- SA: Position switch
- Note: If control voltage of Q, F, X is different from each other, they can be connected to different power.
- 1#, 2#: Auxiliary power input
- 3#, 4#, 5#: Fault trip contact output (4# common terminal)
- 6#, 7#, 8#, 9#: Auxiliary contact, normal open,
- 10#~24#: empty
- 25#, 26#: to be connected with current transformer (selective)
- 27#, 28#: Under-voltage release (Connected to the main circuit)
- 29#, 30#: Shunt release
- 31#, 32#: Closing release
- 33#, 34#: Energy storage indicator
- 34#, 35#: Energy storage motor
- 36#, 51#: Auxiliary contact

Circuit explanation for signal output:

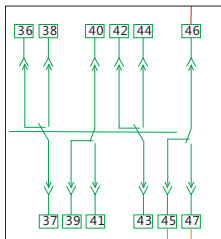
- a. Broken-line parts shall be provided by customers.
- b. Terminals 6#, 7# can output NC (normal close) contact if that is required by users.
- c. Terminal 35# can be directly connected to power (automatic pre-storing energy), alternatively connect power after connecting NO button (manual-controlled pre-storing energy).
- d. Terminals 21#~24# is only for wiring with function meter display. (excluding the special wiring)

The secondary circuit wiring for NA1-2000X~6300X with type (3M) intelligent controller and instantaneous under-voltage release

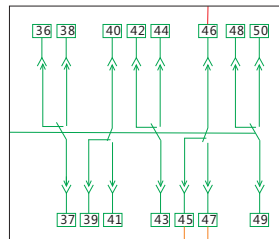


The auxiliary contact modes for customer use

I Four pairs change-over contacts



II Five pairs change-over contacts



3[#],4[#],5[#]: Fault trip contact output(4[#]common terminal)

6[#],7[#],8[#],9[#]: Auxiliary contact(normal open)

10[#]~11[#]: empty

12[#]~19[#]: The programmable output terminal. The normal products without these terminals, but if the customer special ordered, the cost extra added.

3M type acquiescence output:

12[#],13[#]: Signal alarm of load 1 output; 14[#],15[#]: Signal alarm of load2 output

16[#],17[#]: Self-diagnose alarm; 18[#],19[#]: Fault trip; 20[#]: PE line; 21[#]~24[#]: Display the voltage of the signal input.

The normal products without these terminals,

if the customer special ordered the function meter, the cost extra added.

21[#]: N phase input terminal

22[#],23[#],24[#]: A, B, C three phase power input terminal (note the sequence)(highest-voltage of AC 400V)

25[#],26[#]: Connect to the N phase current transformer or the input terminal of the current leakage transformer.

The normal products without these terminals, if the customer special ordered, the cost extra added.

27[#],28[#]: Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit); 29[#],30[#]: Shunt release; 31[#],32[#]: Closing release;

33[#],34[#]: Energy storage indicator; 34[#],35[#]: Energy storage motor; 36[#]~51[#]: Auxiliary contact

Note:

a. Red colored part is to be connected by users

b. When the power system is three phase three wire, directly connect the Un to U2.

(If the voltage exceeds 400V, special explanation when ordered)

SB1: Shunt button

SB2: Under-voltage button

SB3: Making button

Q: Under-voltage release

F: Shunt release

X: Closing release

M: Energy storage motor

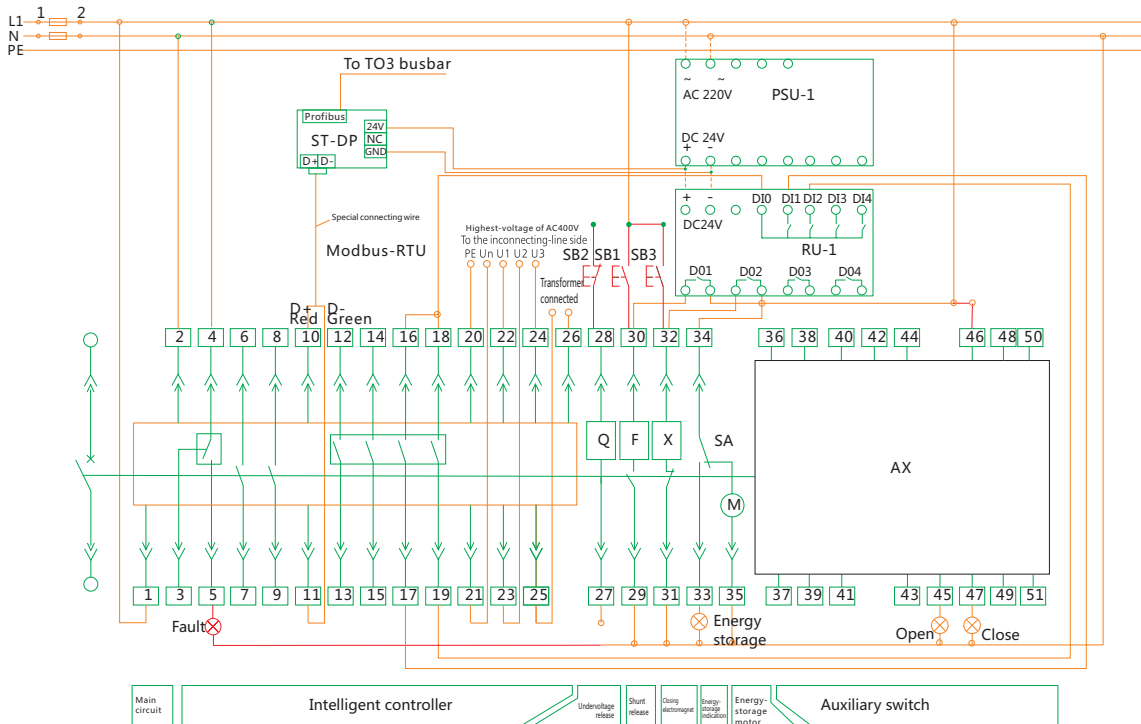
XT: connection terminal

SA: Position switch

1[#], 2[#]: Intelligent controller power input

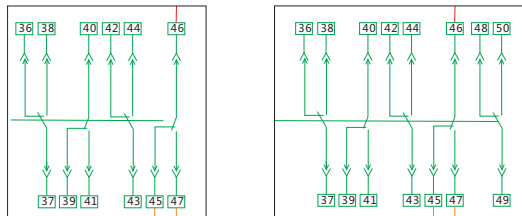
Note: When the power supply of the intelligent controller is AC power, the 1[#]~2[#] connects to the AC power directly. When the power supply is DC power, forbid connecting the 1[#]~2[#] to the DC power directly. Add a DC power supply module, then the DC power connect to the input terminal of the DC power supply module, and the 1[#]~2[#] connect to the output terminal of the DC power supply module, or else the intelligent controller will be damaged.

The secondary circuit wiring for NA1-2000X~6300X with type (3H) intelligent controller and instantaneous under-voltage release



The auxiliary contact modes for customer use

I Four pairs change-over contacts II Five pairs change-over contacts



3#,4#,5#: Fault trip contact output(4# common terminal)
 6#,7#,8#,9#: Auxiliary contact (normal open)
 10#~11#: communication output
 12#,13#: Signal alarm of load 1 output; 14#,15#: Signal alarm of load2 output
 16#,17#:Breaking signal output; 18#,19#:Making signal output
 20#: PE line; 21#: N phase input terminal
 22#,23#,24#: A, B, C three phase power input terminal (note the sequence)(highest-voltage of AC 400V)

25#26#: Connect to the N phase current transformer or the input terminal of the current leakage transformer.
 The normal products without these terminals, if the customer special ordered, the cost extra added.

ST~DP: DP protocol module. There is no need for the ST-DP protocol module,
 if the communication protocol is Modbus-RTV. But when the communication protocol is Profibus-DP,
 the ST-DP protocol module is necessary, but the cost extra added.

ST power module IV: power converter (optional components)

ST201: Magnify the signal capacity of the controller. (optional components) If the customer special ordered,
 the cost extra added.

27#,28#: Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit); 29#,30#: Shunt release

31#,32#: Closing release; 33#,34#: Energy storage indicator

34#,35#: Energy storage motor; 36#~51#: Auxiliary contact

Note:

- Red colored part is to be connected by users
- When the power system is three phase three wire, directly connect the Un to U2.
 (If the voltage exceeds 400V, special explanation when ordered)

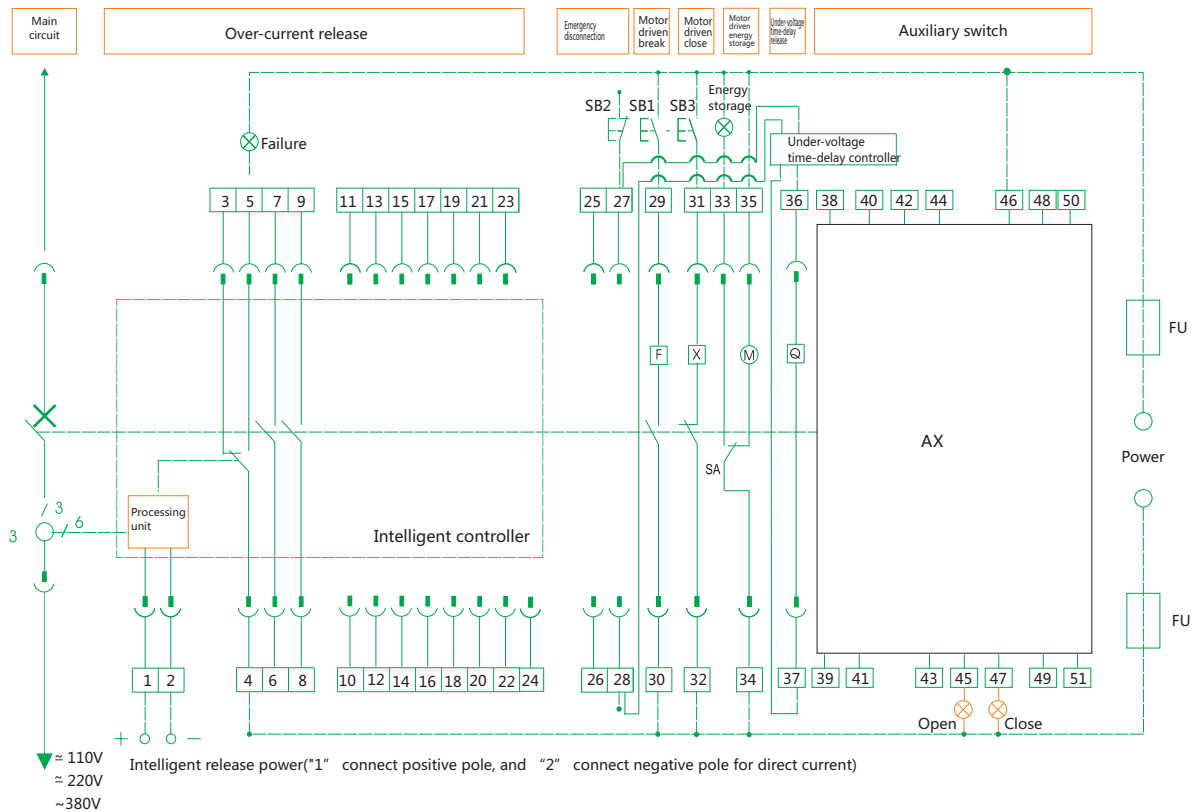
SB1: Shunt button; SB2: Under-voltage button
 SB3: Making button; Q: Under-voltage release
 F: Shunt release; X: Closing release

M: Energy storage motor; XT: connection terminal
 SA: Position switch

1#, 2#: Intelligent controller power input

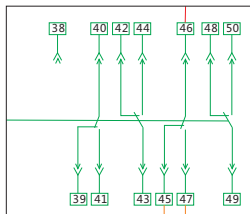
Note: When the power supply of the intelligent controller
 is AC power, the 1#~2# connects to the AC power directly.
 When the power supply is DC power, forbid connecting the
 1#~2# to the DC power directly. Add a DC power supply
 module, then the DC power connect to the input terminal
 of the DC power supply module, and the 1#~2# connect to
 the output terminal of the DC power supply module,
 or else the intelligent controller will be damaged.

The secondary circuit wiring for NA1-2000X~6300X with standard type (M) intelligent controller and time-delay under-voltage release



The auxiliary contact modes for customer use

I Four pairs change-over contacts



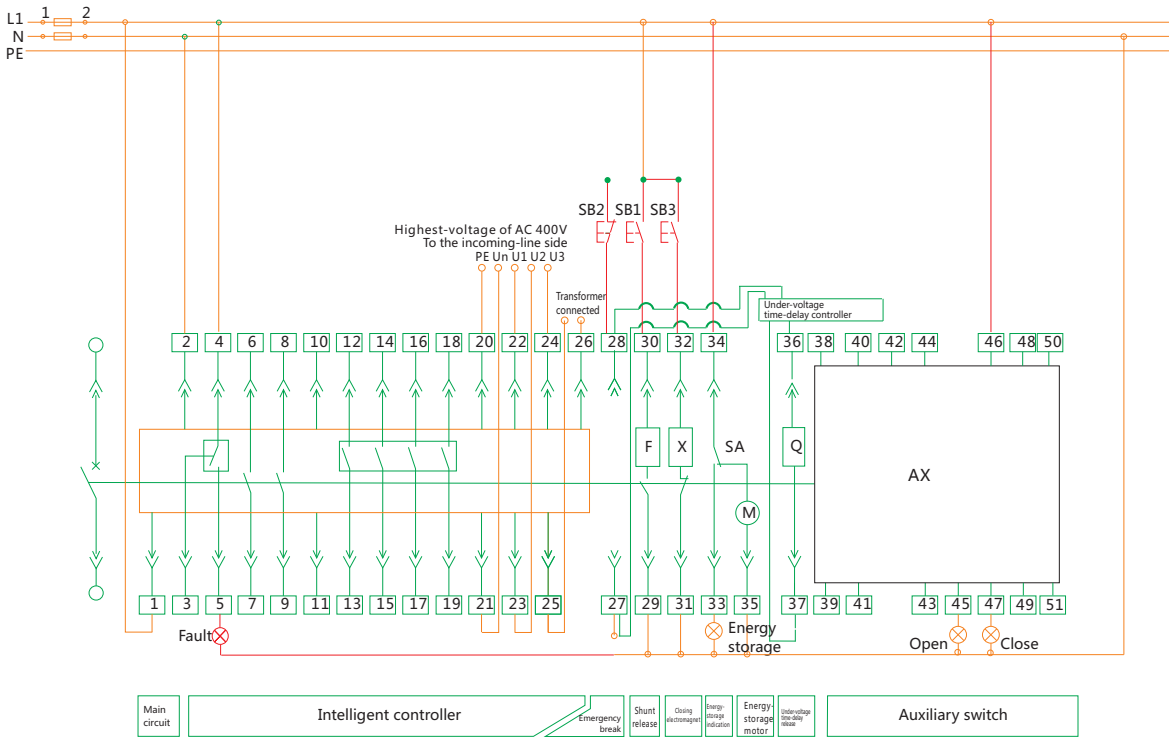
SB1: Shunt button SB2: Under-voltage button SB3: Making button
Q: Under-voltage time-delay release F: Shunt release
X: Closing electromagnet M: Energy storage motor
XT: Connection terminal SA: Position switch
Note: If control voltage of Q, F, X is different from each other, they can be connected to different power.

- 1[#],2[#]: Auxiliary power input
- 3[#],4[#],5[#]: Fault trip contact output(4# common terminal)
- 6[#],7[#],8[#],9[#]: Auxiliary contact (normal open)
- 10[#]~24[#]: empty
- 25[#],26[#]: to be connected with current transformer(selective)
- 27[#],28[#]: Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit)
- 29[#],30[#]: Shunt release
- 31[#],32[#]: Closing release
- 33[#],34[#]: Energy storage indicator
- 34[#],35[#]: Energy storage motor
- 36[#],37[#]: Under-voltage time delay release
- 38[#]~51[#]: Auxiliary contact

Circuit explanation for signal output:

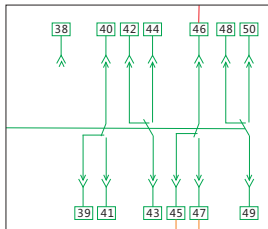
- a. Broken-line parts shall be provided by customers.
- b. Terminals 6[#],7[#] can output NC (normal close) contact if that is required by users.
- c. Terminal 35[#] can be directly connected to power (automatic pre-storing energy), alternatively connect power after connecting NO button (manual-controlled pre-storing energy).
- d. The 21[#]~24[#] is only for wiring with function meter display. (Excluding the special wiring)

The secondary circuit wiring for NA1-2000X~6300X with type (3M) intelligent controller and time-delay under-voltage release



The auxiliary contact modes for customer use

I Four pairs change-over contacts



SB1: Shunt button; SB2: Under-voltage button

SB3: Making button; Q: Under-voltage release

F: Shunt release; X: Closing release

M: Energy storage motor; XT: Connection terminal

SA: Position switch

1[#], 2[#]: Intelligent controller power input

Note: When the power supply of the intelligent controller is AC power, the 1[#]~2[#] connects to the AC power directly. When the power supply is DC power, forbid connecting the 1[#]~2[#] to the DC power directly. Add a DC power supply module, then the DC power connect to the input terminal of the DC power supply module, and the 1[#]~2[#] connect to the output terminal of the DC power supply module, or else the intelligent controller will be damaged.

3[#],4[#],5[#]: Fault trip contact output(4[#] common terminal); 6[#],7[#],8[#],9[#]: Auxiliary contact (normal open)

10[#]~11[#]: empty; 12[#]~19[#] are the programmable output terminal. The normal products without these terminals, but if the customer special ordered, the cost extra added.

3M type acquiescence output:

12[#],13[#]: Signal alarm of load 1 output; 14[#],15[#]: Signal alarm of load2 output

16[#],17[#]: Self-diagnose alarm; 18[#],19[#]: Fault trip

20[#]: PE line; 21[#]~24[#]: Display the voltage of the signal input. The normal products without these terminals, if the customer special ordered the function meter, the cost extra added.

21[#]: N phase input terminal; 22[#],23[#],24[#]: A, B, C three phase power input terminal (note the sequence)(Highest-voltage of AC400V)

25[#],26[#] Connect to the N phase current transformer or the input terminal of the current leakage transformer.

The normal products without these terminals, if the customer special ordered, the cost extra added.

27[#],28[#]: Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit); 29[#],30[#]: Shunt release

31[#],32[#]: Closing release; 33[#],34[#]: Energy storage indicator

34[#],35[#]: Energy storage motor; 36[#],37[#]: Under-voltage time delay release

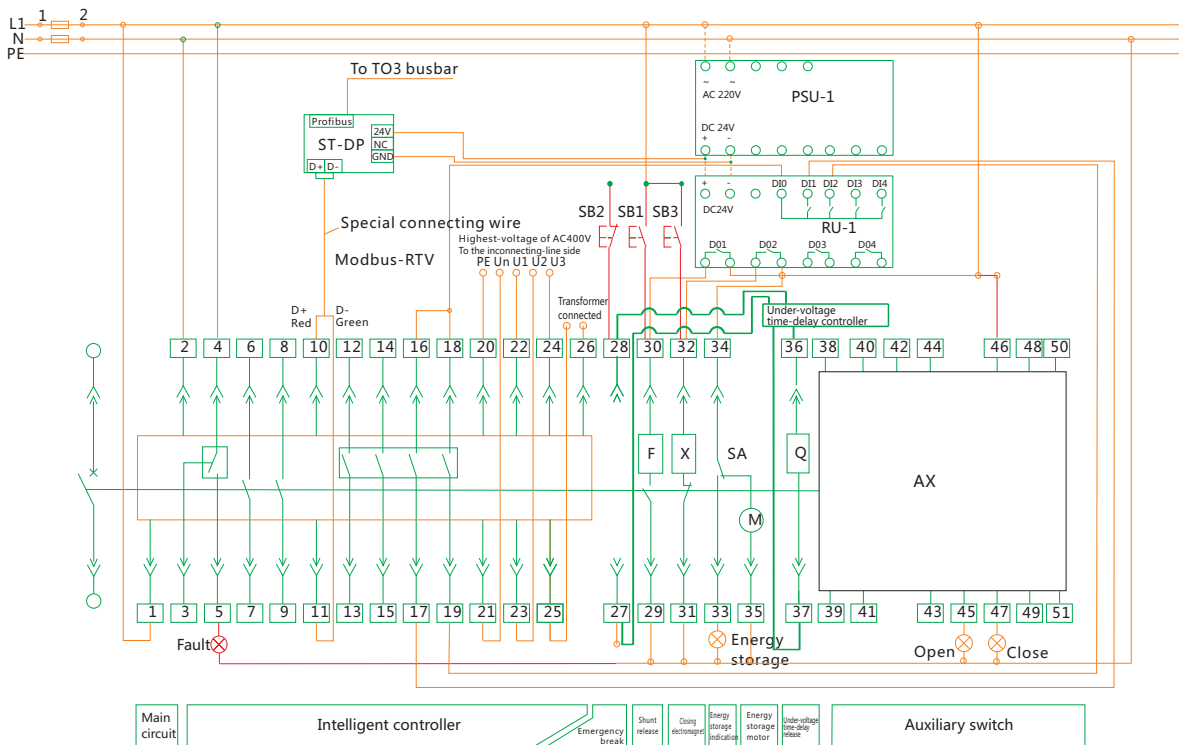
38[#]~51[#]: Auxiliary contact

Note:

a. Red colored part is to be connected by users

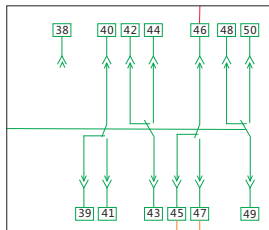
b. When the power system is three phase three wire, directly connect the Un to U2. (If the voltage exceeds 400V, special explanation when ordered)

The secondary circuit wiring for NA1-2000X~6300X with type (3H) intelligent controller and time-delay under-voltage release



The auxiliary contact modes for customer use

I Four pairs change-over contacts



3[#],4[#],5[#]: Fault trip contact output(4[#] common terminal)

6[#],7[#],8[#],9[#]: Auxiliary contact (normal open)

10[#]~11[#]: Communication output; 12[#],13[#]: Signal alarm of load 1 output

14[#],15[#]: Signal alarm of load 2 output; 16[#],17[#]: Breaking signal output; 18[#],19[#]: Closing signal output

20[#]: PE line; 21[#]: N phase input terminal

22[#],23[#],24[#]: A, B, C three phase power input terminal (note the sequence)(highest-voltage of AC400V)

25[#],26[#]: Connect to the N phase current transformer or the input terminal of the current leakage transformer.

The normal products without these terminals, if the customer special ordered, the cost extra added.

ST~DP: DP protocol module. There is no need for the ST-DP protocol module,

if the communication protocol is Modbus-RTV. But when the communication protocol is Profibus-DP, the ST-DP protocol module is necessary, but the cost extra added.

ST power module IV: power converter (optional components)

ST201: Magnify the signal capacity of the controller. (optional components)

If the customer special ordered, the cost extra added.

27[#],28[#]: Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit); 29[#],30[#]: Shunt release

31[#],32[#]: Closing release; 33[#],34[#]: Energy storage indicator

34[#],35[#]: Energy storage motor; 36[#],37[#]: Under-voltage time delay release

38[#]~51[#]: Auxiliary contact

Note:

a. Red colored part is to be connected by users

b. When the power system is three phase three wire, directly connect the Un to U2.
(If the voltage exceeds 400V, special explanation when ordered)

SB1: Shunt button; SB2: Under-voltage button

SB3: Making button; Q: Under-voltage release

F: Shunt release; X: Closing release

M: Energy storage motor; XT: Connection terminal

SA: Position switch

1[#], 2[#]: Intelligent controller power input

Note: When the power supply of the intelligent controller is AC power, the 1[#]~2[#] connects to the AC power directly. When the power supply is DC power, forbid connecting the 1[#]~2[#] to the DC power directly. Add a DC power supply module, then the DC power connect to the input terminal of the DC power supply module, and the 1[#]~2[#] connect to the output terminal of the DC power supply module, or else the intelligent controller will be damaged.

7. Installation

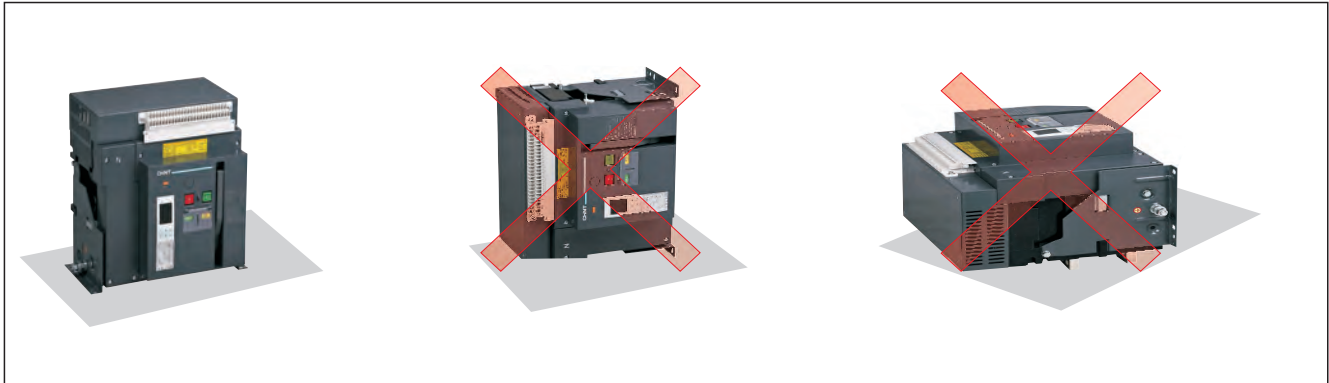
7.1 Installation

7.1.1 Unload the breaker from the soleplate of package.

If it is drawout type, firstly pull out the handle under the drawer-base of breaker, and plug it into the hole on central part of plastic cover under the drawer-base crossbeam, anticlockwise turns the handle, the body will slowly slide along the outside of drawer-base.

When the guide rod points to separated position and handle can't be rotated any longer, pull out the handle and firmly grasp the aluminum handle on drawer-base, pull out the breaker body and remove it from the base, then move the base from the sole plate and clean up the dirty things inside the drawer-base.

Possible positions



7.1.2 Check the insulation resistance with a 500V megger, resistance should not be less than $20M\Omega$ when ambient temperature is $20^{\circ}C \pm 5^{\circ}C$ and relative humidity is 50%~70%. Otherwise dry it.

7.1.3 Power supply

NA1 devices can be supplied either from the top or from the bottom without reduction in performance, in order to facilitate connection when installed in a switchboard.



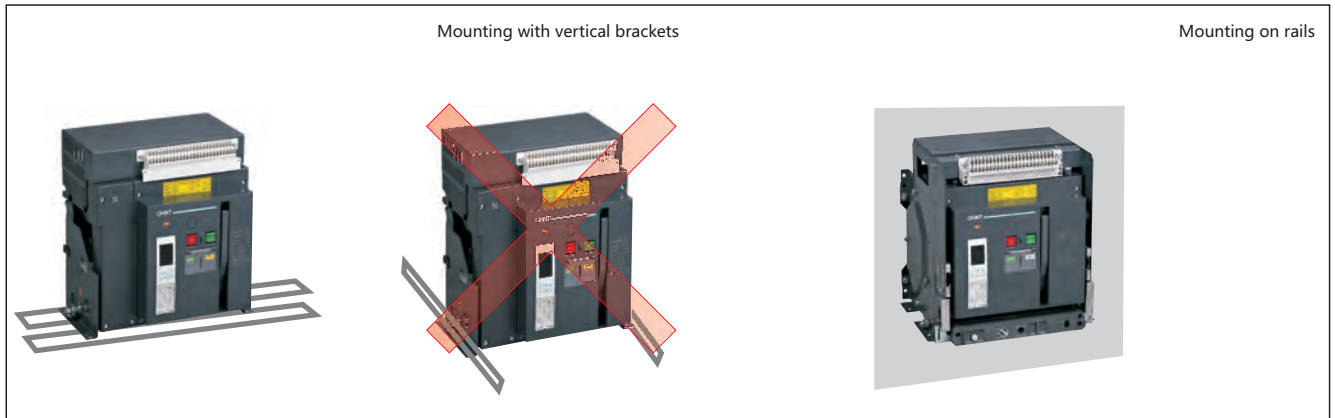
7.1.4 Put the breaker (fixed-type) or drawer-base (drawout-type) into the installation-bracket, and make it fixed, directly connect the cable wire of main circuit to the bus wire of fixed-type circuit breaker. Alternatively put breaker body onto the slideway of drawer-base. Plug the handle into installation hole, clockwise turns it until the under-part of drawer-base points at the connection position and "click" sound is heard. It indicates that breaker body has been connected to its place, then connect the cable of main circuit to drawer-base.

Mounting the circuit-breaker

It is important to distribute the weight of the device uniformly over a rigid mounting surface such as rails or a base plate.

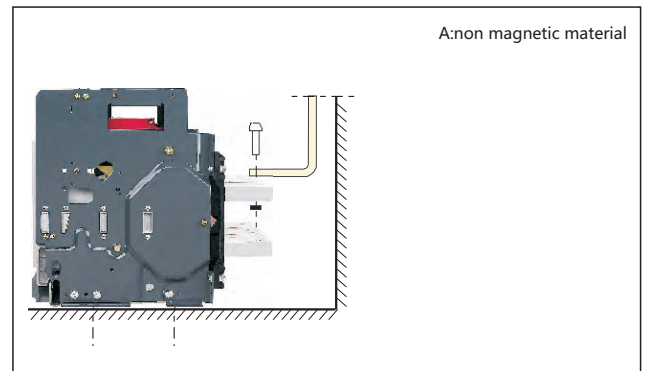
This mounting plane should be perfectly flat (tolerance on support flatness: 2 mm). This eliminates any risk of deformation which could interfere with correct operation of the circuit breaker.

NA1 devices can also be mounted on a vertical plane using the special brackets.



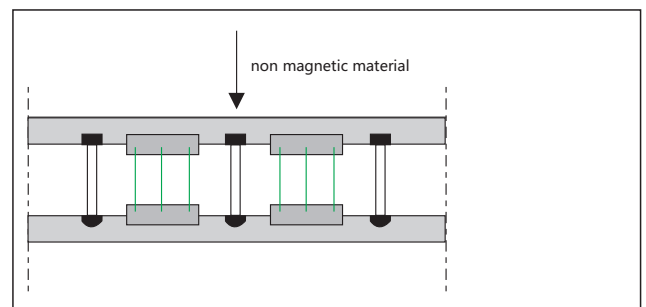
7.1.5 Partitions

Sufficient openings must be provided in partitions to ensure good air circulation around the circuit breaker;
Any partition between upstream and downstream connections of the device must be made of nonmagnetic material.
For high-currents, of 2500 A and upwards, the metal supports or barriers in the immediate vicinity of a conductor ;Metal barriers through which a conductor passes must not form a magnetic loop.



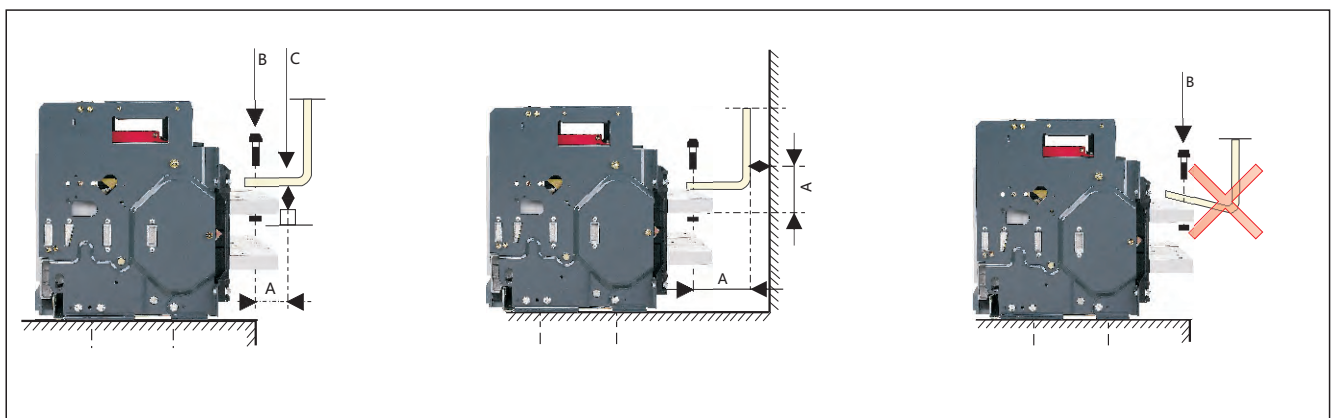
Busbars

The mechanical connection must be exclude the possibility of formation of a magnetic loop around a conductor.



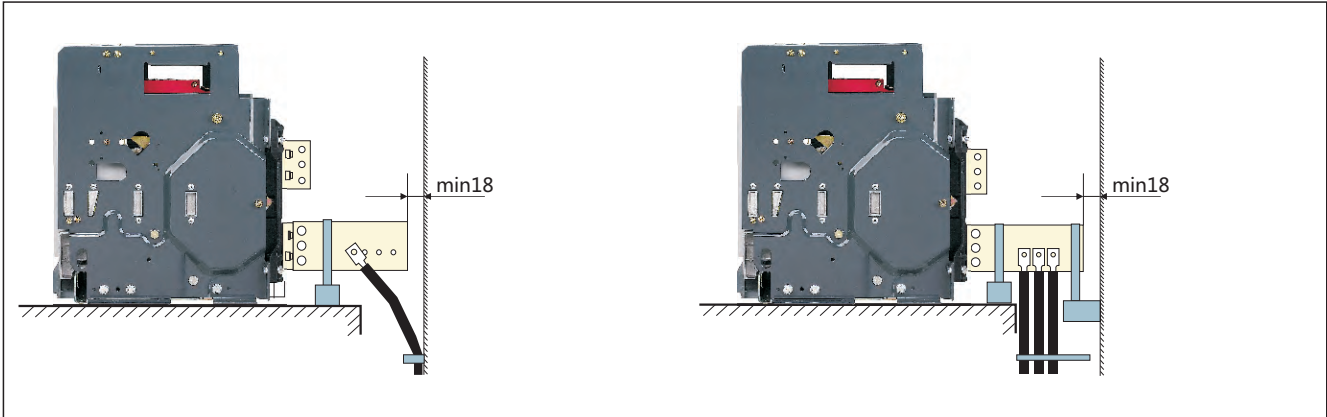
7.1.6 Busbar connections

The busbars should be suitably adjusted to ensure the connection points are positioned on the terminals before the bolts B are inserted. The connections are held by the supporter which is fixed to the framework of the switchboard, in this way the circuit breaker terminals do not have to support its weight C.
(This support should be placed close to the terminals).



7.1.7 Main circuit adopts cable connection

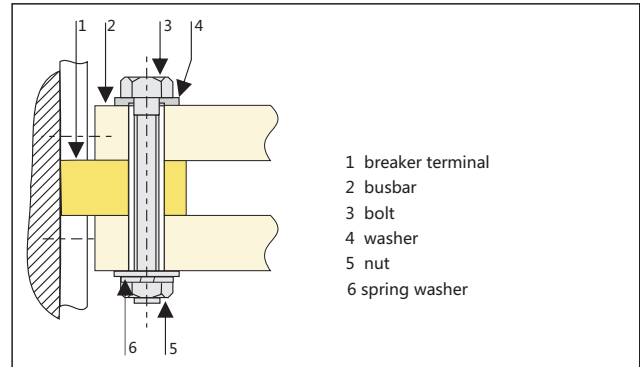
Users should not apply too strong mechanical strength on the terminals of Air Circuit Breaker. Extend the bus-bar of circuit breaker with connecting bus-bar, position the wiring piece of cable before inserting bolts; the cable should be fixed on the frame of distributing cabinet firmly.



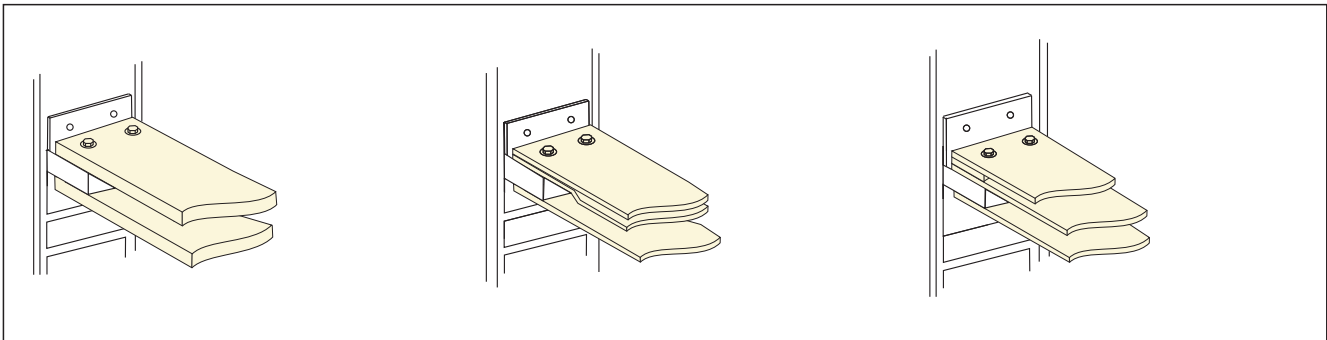
7.1.8 Clamping

Correct clamping of busbars depends on the tightening torques used for the nuts and bolts, etc. Over-tightening may have the same consequences as under-tightening.

For connecting busbars to the circuit breaker, the tightening torques to be used are shown in the table below. These values are for use with copper busbars and steel nuts and bolts, class ≥ 8.8 .

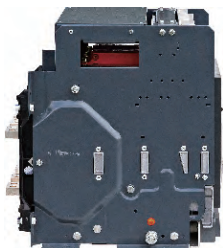
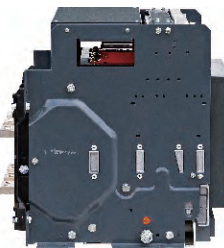
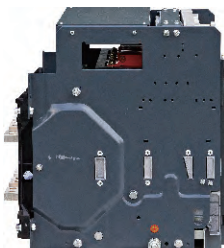
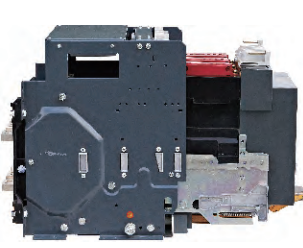

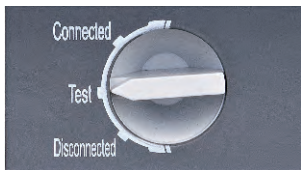
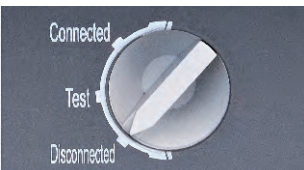



Examples



Preferred tightening torque for NA1's tightening components

| Type of screw | Application | Preferred tightening torque |
|---------------|---|-----------------------------|
| M3 | Screws for secondary terminals | 0.5~0.7 N·m |
| M10 | Installing bolts of Air Circuit Breaker | 38~55 N·m |
| M12 | Connection terminals | 61~94 N·m |

| Connected position | Test position | Disconnected position | Drawout position |
|--|--|--|---|
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| <p>1. Both main circuit and control circuit are connected.</p> <p>2. Normal application conditions</p> | <p>1. The main circuit is disconnected, and the control circuit is connected.</p> <p>2. Test application conditions.</p> | <p>Neither the main circuit nor the control circuit is connected.</p> | <p>Main body is out of the drawer seat.</p> |

7.2 Wiring the secondary circuit according to electric principle diagram.

Note: Bolts, nuts, gaskets shouldn't be left inside the drawer seat to avoid being blocked.

7.3 Operation

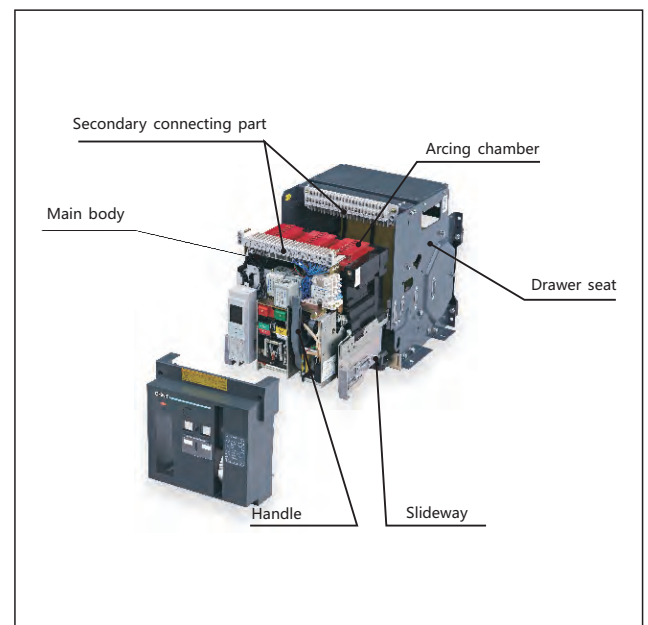
Check the rated voltage of the following components whether conforms to the power voltage . Such as under voltage release, shunt release, closing electromagnet, motor-driven mechanism and intelligent controller.

7.4 Maintenance

Check the technical parameters in time or add some lubricating oil, etc.

This breaker structure is arranged vertically and modularized composition with each functioncell separated, which make the maintenance easy.

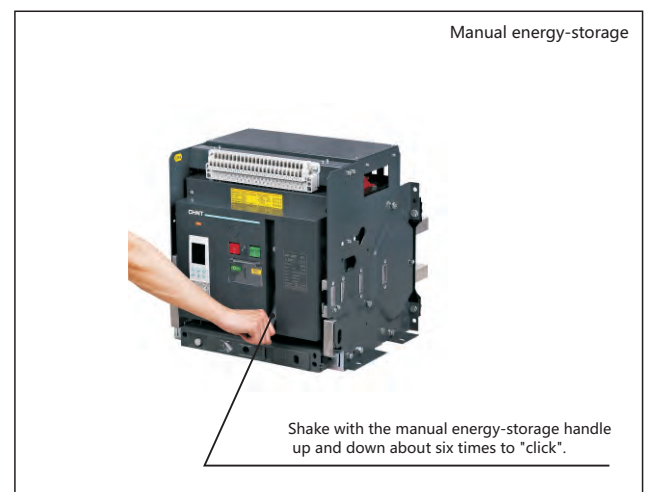
It has compact structure, reliable operation and strong free maintenance capability. Please check the technical parameters on the nameplate in accordance with the requirements of order before installation.



Making the secondary circuit power, the motor-driven mechanism can store energy automatically until hearing the click and energy stored indicating on the panel.

Otherwise press the storage handle for 6 times until hearing the click and the indicator display energy stored

And the closing operation can be realized either by closing electromagnet or manual button.



8. Recommendation for user's connecting bus-bar

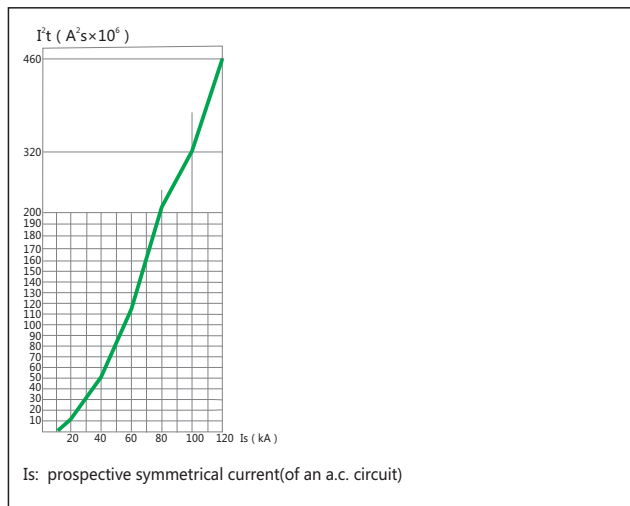
| Inm(A) | | NA1-1000X | | | | | NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH | | | | | NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN | | | NA1-4000X | | NA1-6300X/NA1-6300XN | | | |
|--------|---------------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|------|---------------------------------|-----|------|------|------|----------------------|------|------|-----------|---------|----------------------|------|------|------|
| In(A) | | 200 | 400 | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1600 | 2000 | 2000 | 2500 | 3200 | 4000/3P | 4000/4P | 4000 | 5000 | 6300 |
| Busbar | Thickness(mm) | 5 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 8 | 5 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 10 | - | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| | Width(mm) | 30 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 50 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 120 | - | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| | Number | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | - | 5 | 7 | 8 |

Note: the specifications in the table is obtained as the ambient temperature of air circuit breaker is 40°C, with open installation; this is in compliance with the specification of copper busbars adopted under the heating conditions regulated in IEC/EN60947-2.

9. Power loss

| Inm(A) | | NA1-1000X | | | | | NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH | | | | | NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN | | | NA1-4000X | | NA1-6300X/NA1-6300XN | | | |
|-------------------|-------------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|------|---------------------------------|-----|------|------|------|----------------------|------|------|-----------|---------|----------------------|------|------|------|
| In(A) | | 200 | 400 | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1600 | 2000 | 2000 | 2500 | 3200 | 4000/3P | 4000/4P | 4000 | 5000 | 6300 |
| Power loss (W) | Drawer type | 40 | 101 | 123 | 110 | 171 | 70 | 110 | 172 | 268 | 440 | 530 | 384 | 600 | 737 | 921 | - | 575 | 898 | 1426 |
| | Fixed type | 33 | 85 | 107 | 94 | 146 | 34.4 | 50 | 78 | 122 | 200 | 262 | 200 | 312 | 307 | 450 | - | - | - | - |

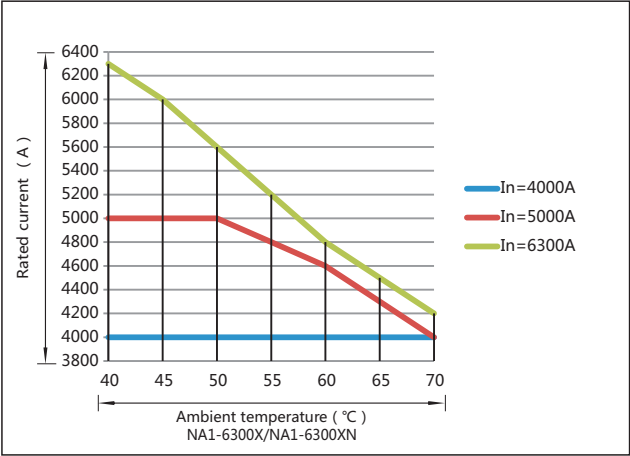
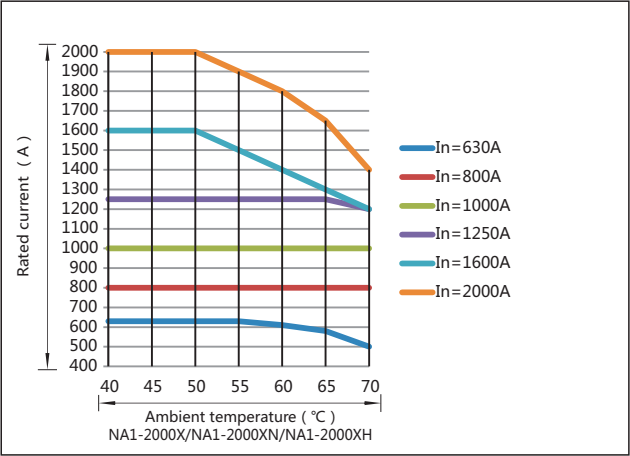
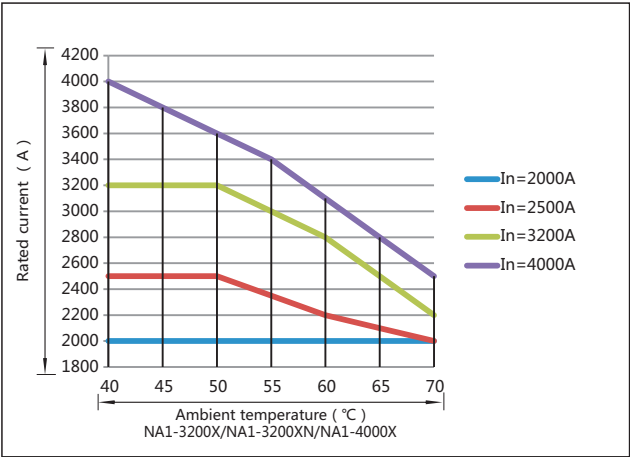
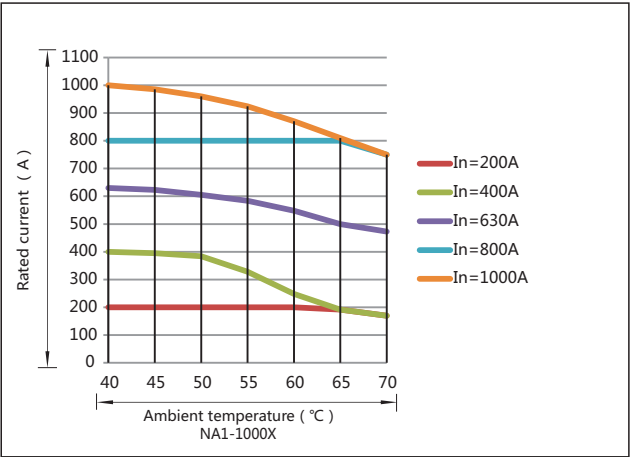
10. A²S curve



11. Temperature compensation correction

| Standard | Ambient temperature | NA1-1000X | | | | | NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH | | | | | | NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN NA1-4000X | | | | NA1-6300X/ NA1-6300XN | | |
|---------------|---------------------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|------|---------------------------------|-----|------|------|------|------|-----------------------------------|------|------|------|--------------------------|------|------|
| IEC/EN60947-2 | 40°C | 200 | 400 | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1600 | 2000 | 2000 | 2500 | 3200 | 4000 | 4000 | 5000 | 6300 |
| | 45°C | 200 | 395 | 623 | 800 | 985 | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1600 | 2000 | 2000 | 2500 | 3200 | 3800 | 4000 | 5000 | 6000 |
| | 50°C | 200 | 384 | 605 | 800 | 960 | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1600 | 2000 | 2000 | 2500 | 3200 | 3600 | 4000 | 5000 | 5600 |
| | 55°C | 200 | 328 | 584 | 800 | 924 | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1500 | 1900 | 2000 | 2300 | 3000 | 3400 | 4000 | 4800 | 5400 |
| | 60°C | 200 | 248 | 548 | 800 | 870 | 610 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1300 | 1800 | 2000 | 2200 | 2800 | 3200 | 4000 | 4800 | 5200 |
| | 65°C | 192 | 192 | 500 | 800 | 810 | 610 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1300 | 1650 | 2000 | 2200 | 2600 | 3000 | 4000 | 4600 | 5100 |
| | 70°C | 170 | 170 | 473 | 750 | 750 | 473 | 800 | 1000 | 1200 | 1200 | 1400 | 2000 | 2000 | 2200 | 2520 | 4000 | 4000 | 4200 |

Note: The ACB is to calibrated at 40°C, special application please refer to the table above and the curve below.



12. Coordination recommendations

| Capacity of transformer (kVA) & parallelly connected number | Rated current of transformer In(A) | Short circuit current of main circuit (kA) | Breaking capacity of air circuit breaker for main circuit (kA) |
|---|------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1×250 | 360 | 9 | 9 |
| 2×250 | 360 | 9 | 9 |
| 3×250 | 360 | 9 | 18.5 |
| 1×315 | 455 | 11.4 | 11.4 |
| 2×315 | 455 | 11.4 | 11.4 |
| 3×315 | 455 | 11.4 | 22.7 |
| 1×400 | 578 | 14.4 | 14.4 |
| 2×400 | 578 | 14.4 | 14.4 |
| 3×400 | 578 | 14.4 | 28.8 |
| 1×500 | 722 | 18 | 18 |
| 2×500 | 722 | 18 | 18 |
| 3×500 | 722 | 18 | 36.1 |
| 1×630 | 910 | 22.7 | 22.7 |
| 2×630 | 910 | 22.7 | 22.7 |
| 3×630 | 910 | 22.7 | 44.5 |
| 1×800 | 1154 | 19.3 | 19.3 |
| 2×800 | 1154 | 19.3 | 19.3 |
| 3×800 | 1154 | 19.3 | 38.5 |
| 1×1000 | 1444 | 24 | 24 |
| 2×1000 | 1444 | 24 | 24 |
| 3×1000 | 1444 | 24 | 48.1 |
| 1×1250 | 1805 | 30 | 30 |
| 2×1250 | 1805 | 30 | 30 |
| 3×1250 | 1805 | 30 | 60.1 |
| 1×1600 | 2310 | 36.5 | 36.5 |
| 2×1600 | 2310 | 36.5 | 36.5 |
| 3×1600 | 2310 | 36.5 | 73 |
| 1×2000 | 2887 | 48.2 | 48.2 |
| 2×2000 | 2887 | 48.2 | 48.2 |
| 3×2000 | 2887 | 48.2 | 96.3 |
| 1×2500 | 3608 | 60 | 60 |
| 2×2500 | 3608 | 60 | 60 |
| 1×3150 | 4550 | 75.8 | 75.8 |
| 2×3150 | 4550 | 75.8 | 75.8 |

| Type of air circuit breaker for main circuit | Number and area of the busbar for main circuit (n×W×T) | Breaking capacity of air circuit breaker for branch circuit (kA) | Air circuit breaker for branch circuit |
|--|--|--|--|
| NA1-1000X-400 | 2×(5×30) | 9 | NA1, NM8 |
| NA1-1000X-400 | | 18.5 | |
| NA1-1000X-400 | | 27.5 | |
| NA1-1000X-630 | 2×(5×40) | 11.4 | NA1, NM8 |
| NA1-1000X-630 | | 22.7 | |
| NA1-1000X-630 | | 34.1 | |
| NA1-1000X-630 | 2×(5×40) | 14.4 | NA1, NM8 |
| NA1-1000X-630 | | 28.8 | |
| NA1-1000X-630 | | 43.2 | |
| NA1-1000X-800 | 2×(6×50) | 18 | NA1, NM8 |
| NA1-1000X-800 | | 36.1 | |
| NA1-1000X-800 | | 54.1 | |
| NA1-1000X-1000 | 2×(8×50) | 22.7 | NA1, NM8 |
| NA1-1000X-1000 | | 44.5 | |
| NA1-2000X-1000 | | 67.2 | |
| NA1-2000X-1250 | 2×(10×60) | 19.3 | NA1, NM8 |
| NA1-2000X-1250 | | 38.5 | |
| NA1-2000X-1250 | | 57.8 | |
| NA1-2000X-1600 | 2×(12×60) | 24 | NA1, NM8 |
| NA1-2000X-1600 | | 48.1 | |
| NA1-2000X-1600 | | 72.1 | |
| NA1-2000X-2000 | 3×(10×60) | 30 | NA1, NM8 |
| NA1-2000X-2000 | | 60.1 | |
| NA1-2000X-2000 | | 90.1 | |
| NA1-3200X-2500 | 2×(10×100) | 36.5 | NA1, NM8 |
| NA1-3200X-2500 | | 73 | |
| NA1-3200X-2500 | | 109.5 | |
| NA1-3200X-3200 | 4×(10×100) | 48.2 | NA1, NM8 |
| NA1-3200X-3200 | | 96.3 | |
| NA1-3200X-3200 | | 144.5 | |
| NA1-6300X-4000 | 4×(10×120) | 60 | NA1, NM8 |
| NA1-6300X-4000 | | 120 | |
| NA1-6300X-5000 | 7×(10×100) | 75.8 | NA1, NM8 |
| NA1-6300X-5000 | | 151.6 | |

13. Selectivity protection

13.1 Selective protection between NM8 and NA1

| | | | Circuit breaker | NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|
| Downstream | | | Rated current (A) | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | |
| | | | Default setting ratings of short time-delay 8In (kA) | 5.04 | 6.4 | 8 | 10 | |
| | | | Setting range (kA) | 0.63~9.45 | 0.8~12 | 1~15 | 1.25~18.75 | |
| | | | Delayed tripping time (s) | 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4 | | | | |
| | | | Returnable time | 0.06, 0.14, 0.23, 0.35 | | | | |
| Frame size rated current | Rated current (A) | Instantaneous setting ratings (kA) | | | | | | |
| NM8-125 NM8S-125 | 16 | 0.16 0.19(motor) | | | 0.63~9.45 0.63~9.45 | 0.8~12 0.8~12 | 1~15 1~15 | 1.25~18.75 1.25~18.75 |
| | 20 | 0.2 0.24(motor) | | | 0.63~9.45 0.63~9.45 | 0.8~12 0.8~12 | 1~15 1~15 | 1.25~18.75 1.25~18.75 |
| | 25 | 0.25 0.30(motor) | | | 0.63~9.45 0.63~9.45 | 0.8~12 0.8~12 | 1~15 1~15 | 1.25~18.75 1.25~18.75 |
| | 32 | 0.32 0.38(motor) | | | 0.63~9.45 0.63~9.45 | 0.8~12 0.8~12 | 1~15 1~15 | 1.25~18.75 1.25~18.75 |
| | 40 | 0.40 0.48(motor) | | | 0.63~9.45 0.6624~9.45 | 0.8~12 0.8~12 | 1~15 1~15 | 1.25~18.75 1.25~18.75 |
| | 50 | 0.50 0.60(motor) | | | 0.69~9.45 0.828~9.45 | 0.8~12 0.828~12 | 1~15 1~15 | 1.25~18.75 1.25~18.75 |
| | 63 | 0.63 0.75(motor) | | | 0.8694~9.45 1.035~9.45 | 0.8694~12 1.035~12 | 1~15 1.035~15 | 1.25~18.75 1.25~18.75 |
| | 80 | 0.80 0.96(motor) | | | 1.104~9.45 1.325~9.45 | 1.104~12 1.325~12 | 1.104~15 1.325~15 | 1.25~18.75 1.325~18.75 |
| | 100 | 1.0 1.20(motor) | | | 1.38~9.45 1.656~9.45 | 1.38~12 1.656~12 | 1.38~15 1.656~15 | 1.38~18.75 1.656~18.75 |
| | 125 | 1.25 1.5(motor) | | | 1.725~9.45 2.07~9.45 | 1.725~12 2.07~12 | 1.725~15 2.07~15 | 1.725~18.75 2.07~18.75 |
| NM8-250 NM8S-250 | 100 | 1.0 1.2(motor) | | | 1.38~9.45 1.656~9.45 | 1.38~12 1.656~12 | 1.38~15 1.656~15 | 1.38~18.75 1.656~18.75 |
| | 160 | 1.6 1.92(motor) | | | 2.208~9.45 2.65~9.45 | 2.208~12 2.65~12 | 2.208~15 2.65~15 | 2.208~18.75 2.65~18.75 |
| | 200 | 2.0 2.4(motor) | | | 2.76~9.45 3.312~9.45 | 2.76~12 3.312~12 | 2.76~15 3.312~15 | 2.76~18.75 3.312~18.75 |
| | 250 | 2.5 3.0(motor) | | | 3.45~9.45 4.14~9.45 | 3.45~12 4.14~12 | 3.45~15 4.14~15 | 3.45~18.75 4.14~18.75 |

[illegible]

| | | | Circuit breaker | NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Downstream | | | Upstream | Rated current (A) | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 |
| | | | | Default setting ratings of short time-delay 8In (kA) | 5.04 | 6.4 | 8 | 10 |
| | | | | Setting range (kA) | 0.63~9.45 | 0.8~12 | 1~15 | 1.25~18.75 |
| | | | | Delayed tripping time (s) | 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4 | | | |
| | | | | Returnable time | 0.06, 0.14, 0.23, 0.35 | | | |
| Frame size rated current | Rated current (A) | Instantaneous setting ratings (kA) | | | | | | |
| NM8-630 NM8S-630 | 250 | 2.5 3.0(motor) | | | 3.45~9.45 4.14~9.45 | 3.45~12 4.14~12 | 3.45~15 4.14~15 | 3.45~18.75 4.14~18.75 |
| | 315 | 3.15 3.78(motor) | | | 4.347~9.45 5.216~9.45 | 4.347~12 5.216~12 | 4.347~15 5.216~15 | 4.347~18.75 5.216~18.75 |
| | 350 | 3.5 4.2(motor) | | | 4.83~9.45 5.796~9.45 | 4.83~12 5.796~12 | 4.83~15 5.796~15 | 4.83~18.75 5.796~18.75 |
| | 400 | 4.0 4.8(motor) | | | 5.52~9.45 6.624~9.45 | 5.52~12 6.624~12 | 5.52~15 6.624~15 | 5.52~18.75 6.624~18.75 |
| | 500 | 5.0 6.0(motor) | | | 6.9~9.45 8.28~9.45 | 6.9~12 8.28~12 | 6.9~15 8.28~15 | 6.9~18.75 8.28~18.75 |
| NM8S-630 | 630 | 6.3 7.56(motor) | | | 8.694~9.45 | 8.694~12 10.44~12 | 8.694~15 10.44~15 | 8.694~18.75 10.44~18.75 |
| | 630 | 6.3 7.56(motor) | | | 8.694~9.45 | 8.694~12 10.44~12 | 8.694~15 10.44~15 | 8.694~18.75 10.44~18.75 |
| | 700 | 7.0 8.4(motor) | | | | 9.66~12 11.59~12 | 9.66~15 11.59~15 | 9.66~18.75 11.59~18.75 |
| NM8-1250 NM8S-1250 | 800 | 8.0 9.6(motor) | | | | 11.04~12 | 11.04~15 13.25~15 | 11.04~18.75 13.25~18.75 |
| | 1000 | 10 12(motor) | | | | | 13.8~15 | 13.8~18.75 16.56~18.75 |
| | 1250 | 12.5 15.0(motor) | | | | | | 17.25~18.75 |

| | | | NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN | | | NA1-4000X | NA1-6300X/NA1-6300XN | | |
|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| | 1600 | 2000 | 2000 | 2500 | 3200 | 4000 | 4000 | 5000 | 6300 |
| | 12.8 | 16 | 16 | 20 | 25.6 | 32 | 32 | 40 | 50.4 |
| | 1.6~24 | 2~30 | 2~30 | 2.5~37.7 | 3.2~48 | 4~60 | 4~60 | 5~75 | 6.3~94.5 |
| 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4 | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.06, 0.14, 0.23, 0.35 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | 3.45~24 4.14~24 | 3.45~30 4.14~30 | 3.45~30 4.14~30 | 3.45~37.7 4.14~37.7 | 3.45~48 4.14~48 | 4~60 4.14~60 | 4~60 4.14~60 | 5~75 5~75 | 6.3~94.5 6.3~94.5 |
| | 4.347~24 5.216~24 | 4.347~30 5.216~30 | 4.347~30 5.216~30 | 4.347~37.7 5.216~37.7 | 4.347~48 5.216~48 | 4.347~60 5.216~60 | 4.347~60 5.216~60 | 5~75 5.216~75 | 6.3~94.5 6.3~94.5 |
| | 4.83~24 5.796~24 | 4.83~30 5.796~30 | 4.83~30 5.796~30 | 4.83~37.7 5.796~37.7 | 4.83~48 5.796~48 | 4.83~60 5.796~60 | 4.83~60 5.796~60 | 5~75 5.796~75 | 6.3~94.5 6.3~94.5 |
| | 5.52~24 6.624~24 | 5.52~30 6.624~30 | 5.52~30 6.624~30 | 5.52~37.7 6.624~37.7 | 5.52~48 6.624~48 | 5.52~60 6.624~60 | 5.52~60 6.624~60 | 5.52~75 6.624~75 | 6.3~94.5 6.624~94.5 |
| | 6.9~24 8.28~24 | 6.9~30 8.28~30 | 6.9~30 8.28~30 | 6.9~37.7 8.28~37.7 | 6.9~48 8.28~48 | 6.9~60 8.28~60 | 6.9~60 8.28~60 | 6.9~75 8.28~75 | 6.9~94.5 8.28~94.5 |
| | 8.694~24 10.44~24 | 8.694~30 10.44~30 | 8.694~30 10.44~30 | 8.694~37.7 10.44~37.7 | 8.694~48 10.44~48 | 8.694~60 10.44~60 | 8.694~60 10.44~60 | 8.694~75 10.44~75 | 8.694~94.5 10.44~94.5 |
| | 8.694~24 10.44~24 | 8.694~30 10.44~30 | 8.694~30 10.44~30 | 8.694~37.7 10.44~37.7 | 8.694~48 10.44~48 | 8.694~60 10.44~60 | 8.694~60 10.44~60 | 8.694~75 10.44~75 | 8.694~94.5 10.44~94.5 |
| | 9.66~24 11.59~24 | 9.66~30 11.59~30 | 9.66~30 11.59~30 | 9.66~37.7 11.59~37.7 | 9.66~48 11.59~48 | 9.66~60 11.59~60 | 9.66~60 11.59~60 | 9.66~75 11.59~75 | 9.66~94.5 11.59~94.5 |
| | 11.04~24 13.25~24 | 11.04~30 13.25~30 | 11.04~30 13.25~30 | 11.04~37.7 13.25~37.7 | 11.04~48 13.25~48 | 11.04~60 13.25~60 | 11.04~60 13.25~60 | 11.04~75 13.25~75 | 11.04~94.5 13.25~94.5 |
| | 13.8~24 16.56~24 | 13.8~30 16.56~30 | 13.8~30 16.56~30 | 13.8~37.7 16.56~37.7 | 13.8~48 16.56~48 | 13.8~60 16.56~60 | 13.8~60 16.56~60 | 13.8~75 16.56~75 | 13.8~94.5 16.56~94.5 |
| | 17.25~24 20.7~24 | 17.25~30 20.7~30 | 17.25~30 20.7~30 | 17.25~37.7 20.7~37.7 | 17.25~48 20.7~48 | 17.25~60 20.7~60 | 17.25~60 20.7~60 | 17.25~75 20.7~75 | 17.25~94.5 20.7~94.5 |

13.2 Selective protection in NA1

| | | | | Circuit breaker | NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|---|----------|--|---------------------------------|----------|-----------|--------------|
| Downstream | | | Upstream | Rated current (A) | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 |
| | | | | Default setting ratings of short time-delay 8In (kA) | 5.04 | 6.4 | 8 | 10 |
| | | | | Setting range (kA) | 0.63 ~ 9.45 | 0.8~12 | 1~15 | 1.25~18.75 |
| | | | | Delayed tripping time (s) | 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4 | | | |
| | | | | Returnable time | 0.06, 0.14, 0.23, 0.35 | | | |
| Frame size rated current | Rated current (A) | Default instantaneous setting ratings 12In (kA) | | | | | | |
| NA1-2000X | 400 | 4.8 | | | 6.348~9.45 | 6.348~12 | 6.348~15 | 6.348~18.75 |
| | 630 | 7.56 | | | | 9.998~12 | 9.998~15 | 9.998~18.75 |
| | 800 | 9.6 | | | | | 12.696~15 | 12.696~18.75 |
| | 1000 | 12 | | | | | | 15.87~18.75 |
| | 1250 | 15 | | | | | | |
| | 1600 | 19.2 | | | | | | |
| NA1-3200X | 2000 | 24 | | | | | | |
| | 2000 | 24 | | | | | | |
| | 2500 | 30 | | | | | | |
| NA1-4000X | 3200 | 38.4 | | | | | | |
| | 3200 | 38.4 | | | | | | |
| | 4000 | 48 | | | | | | |
| NA1-6300X | 4000 | 48 | | | | | | |
| | 5000 | 60 | | | | | | |
| | 6300 | 75 | | | | | | |

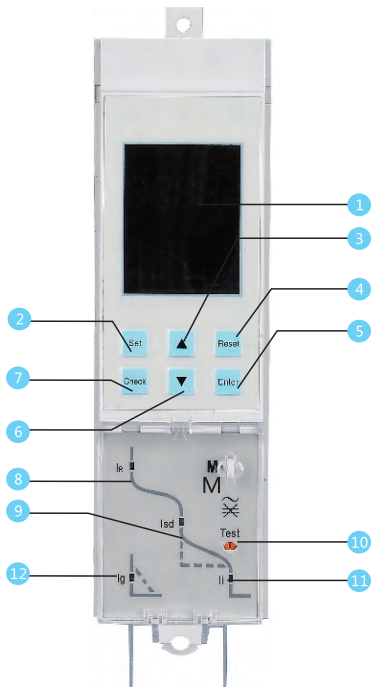
Note: It can satisfy the selective protection if only the short time-delay setting value of the superior breaker 1.32 times more than the subordinate breaker, when the instantaneous setting value is adjustable.

| | | NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN | | | NA1-4000X | NA1-6300X/NA1-6300XN | | |
|------------------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|----------------------|-----------|-------------|
| 1600 | 2000 | 2000 | 2500 | 3200 | 4000 | 4000 | 5000 | 6300 |
| 12.8 | 16 | 16 | 20 | 25.6 | 32 | 32 | 40 | 50.4 |
| 1.6~24 | 2~30 | 2~30 | 2.5~37.7 | 3.2~48 | 4~60 | 4~60 | 5~75 | 6.3~94.5 |
| 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4 | | | | | | | | |
| 0.06, 0.14, 0.23, 0.35 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 6.348~24 | 6.348~30 | 6.348~30 | 6.348~37.7 | 6.348~48 | 6.348~60 | 6.348~60 | 6.348~75 | 6.348~94.5 |
| 9.998~24 | 9.998~30 | 9.998~30 | 9.998~37.7 | 9.998~48 | 9.998~60 | 9.998~60 | 9.998~75 | 9.998~94.5 |
| 12.696~24 | 12.696~30 | 12.696~30 | 12.696~37.7 | 12.696~48 | 12.696~60 | 12.696~60 | 12.696~75 | 12.696~94.5 |
| 15.87~24 | 15.87~30 | 15.87~30 | 15.87~37.7 | 15.87~48 | 15.87~60 | 15.87~60 | 15.87~75 | 15.87~94.5 |
| 19.837~24 | 19.837~30 | 19.837~30 | 19.837~37.7 | 19.837~48 | 19.837~60 | 19.837~60 | 19.837~75 | 19.837~94.5 |
| | 25.392~30 | 25.392~30 | 25.392~37.7 | 25.392~48 | 25.392~60 | 25.392~60 | 25.392~75 | 25.392~94.5 |
| | | | 31.74~37.7 | 31.74~48 | 31.74~60 | 31.74~60 | 31.74~75 | 31.74~94.5 |
| | | | 31.74~37.7 | 31.74~48 | 31.74~60 | 31.74~60 | 31.74~75 | 31.74~94.5 |
| | | | | 39.675~48 | 39.675~60 | 39.675~60 | 39.675~75 | 39.675~94.5 |
| | | | | | 50.784~60 | 50.784~60 | 50.784~75 | 50.784~94.5 |
| | | | | | 50.784~60 | 50.784~60 | 50.784~75 | 50.784~94.5 |
| | | | | | | | 63.48~75 | 63.48~94.5 |
| | | | | | | | 63.48~75 | 63.48~94.5 |
| | | | | | | | | 79.35~94.5 |
| | | | | | | | | |

Intelligent Controller of NA1 series

14 Protection Features of intelligent controller

14.1 M/H and 3M/3H intelligent controller UI



M/H control



3M/3H control

- ① Display window
Display current value, setting value, tripping time and so on
- ② "Set"
Switch to setting menu
- ③ "Up"
Change the marquee or the selected parameter
- ④ "Return"
Escape from this grade and return to upper menu or cancel the current selected parameter
- ⑤ "Enter"
Enter into the next menu directed by the current item, or select current parameter and store modifications
- ⑥ "Down"
Change the marquee or the selected parameter
- ⑦ "Check"
Switch to query menu
- ⑧ "Ir" light
Overload long delay fault indication
- ⑨ "Isd" light
Short-circuit Short delay indication
- ⑩ "Test"
Trip test button
- ⑪ "Ii" light
Short-circuit instantaneous fault indication
- ⑫ "Ig" light
Asymmetric earthing or neutral line fault indication
- ⑬ Alarm light
- ⑭ Communication light
- ⑮ Run light

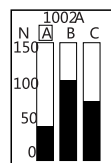
Note: Method of 3M/3H controller application please refer to 3M/3H controller instruction.

14.2 3M/3H controller default interface and menu structure

3M/3H controller has four subjects menus and a default interface:


The subjects menus are composed of 4 parts: measurement menu, parameter set menu, protection parameter set menu, history and maintenance menu.

3M/3H controller default interface



14.3 Explanation of M/H controller symbols

14.3.1 Explanation of symbols for reference

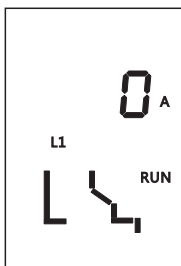
| No. | symbol | explanation |
|-----|---|--|
| 1 | Ir= tr= | Long delay current setting, long delay time setting |
| 2 | Isd= tsd= | Short delay current setting, short delay time setting |
| 3 | Ig= tg= | Earthing current setting, earthing time setting |
| 4 | Ii= | Instantaneous current setting |
| 5 | N= | Neutral line protection parameter setting |
| 6 | TM | Trip simulated by software |
| 7 | TRIP | Tripped |
| 8 | RUN | Run normally |
| 9 | SET | Normally on: in settable state; Flickering: modifiable parameter |
| 10 | LIN | Storing state |
| 11 | P 0 | Protection setting interface |
| 12 | FES | Trip simulated by software setting interface |
| 13 | RLR | Alarm setting or query interface |
| 14 | SYS | System setting interface (current calibration , frequency setting ...) |
| 15 | DBS | Communication setting interface of H-type controller |
| 16 | DOS | DO setting interface (H type with DO function) |
| 17 | FRU | Fault record query interface |
| 18 | COU | Operation times and life query interface |
| 19 | HDT | Thermal capacity query interface |
| 20 | DOC | DO state query interface |
| 21 | H | Thermal capacity data |
| 22 | F-- | Fault record number |
| 23 | R-- | Alarm record number |
| 24 | Lg L1 L2 L3 LN | Earthing ,A,B,C,N phase |
| 25 |  | The corresponding LED lamp will flash to indicate the fault type after tripping. The LED lamps are always on when the system is normal. |

14.3.2 Operation and display instruction

There are four states, default state, setting state, query state and tripping state.

① Default state: default state is also called measuring state. All fault indicating lamps are off and maximum phase current is displayed. In this state, if "▲" or "▼" button is pressed, L1,L2,L3(LN),Lg current can be displayed in turn.

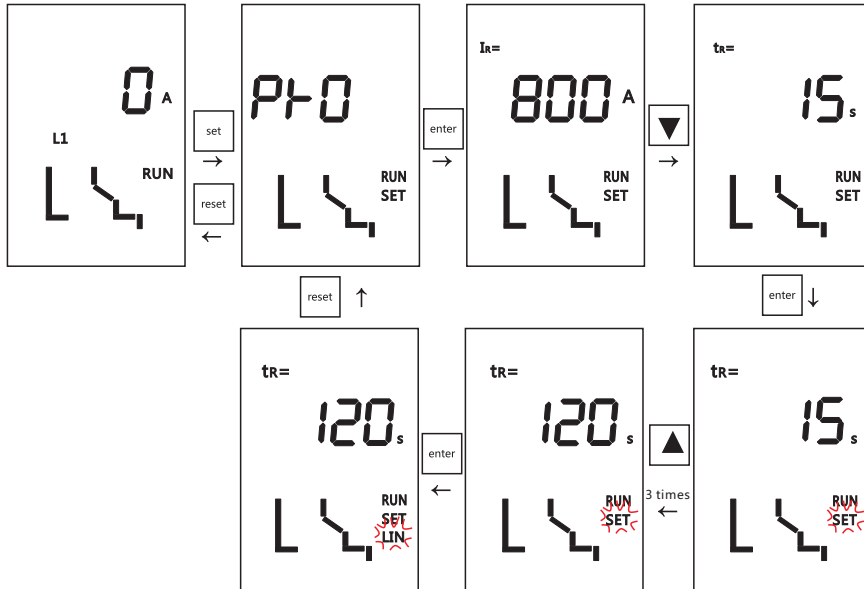
Example is shown below:



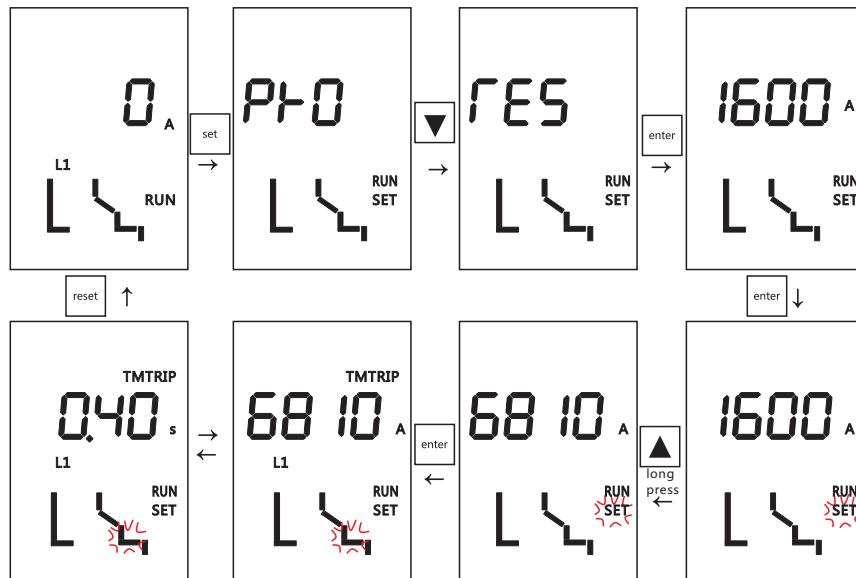
L1 phase current display interface

②Setting state: press “Set” button in default interface to enter into setting interface. Current protection parameters, overload pre-alarm value, earthing alarm threshold value and delay time can be queried or changed in setting state. Tripping can be simulated by software. In this state, “▲” or “▼” button can be pressed to add or subtract value when “SET” indicating lamp is flickering. Don’ t forget to press “Enter” button to save data after setting.

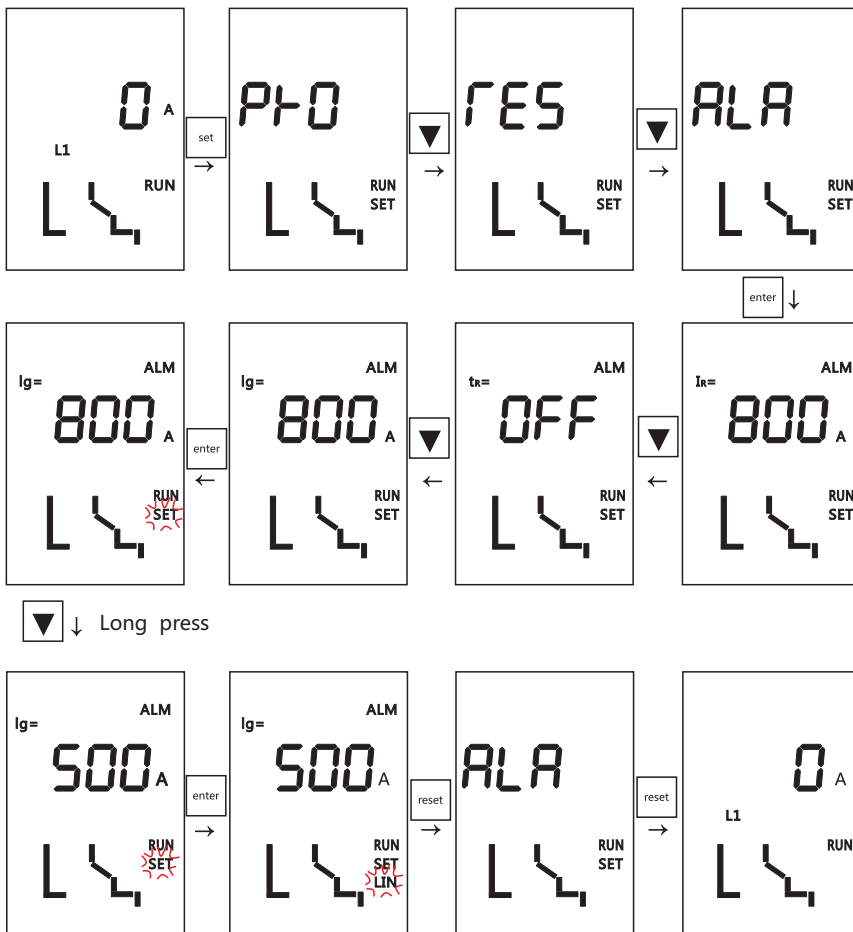
Example 1 of changing long delay time is shown below:



Example 2 of short delay tripping simulated by software is shown below:

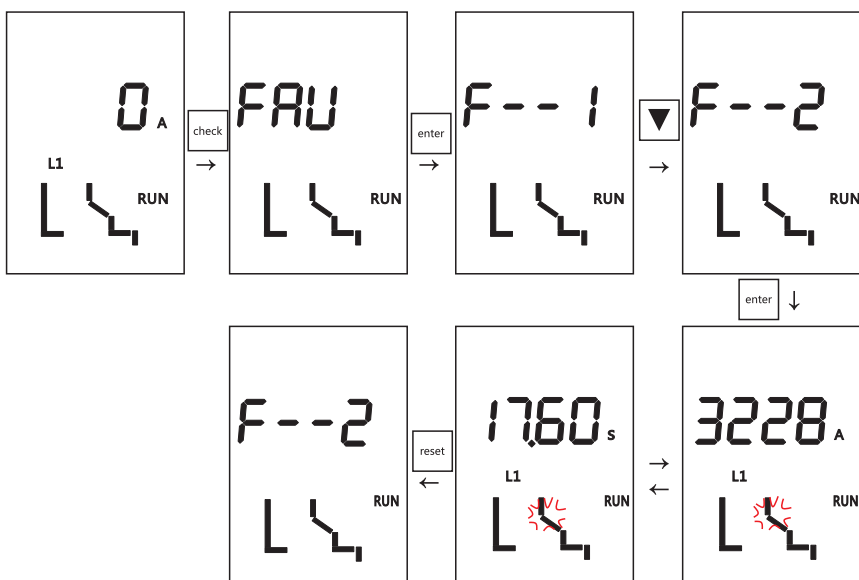


Example3 of setting earthing alarm threshold current is shown below:

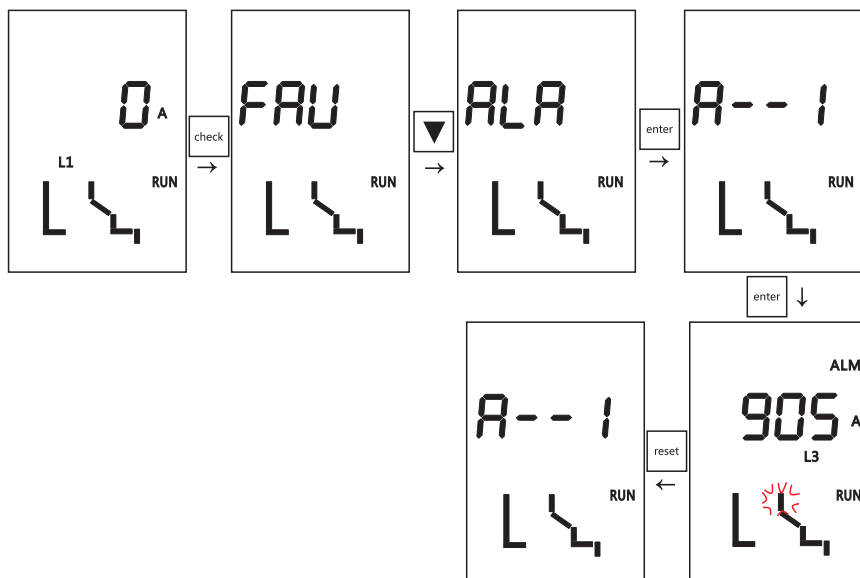


③Query state: press “Check” button in default interface to enter into query interface. Last 8 fault records, last 8 alarm records, breaker operation times, life record and thermal capacity can be queried in query state.

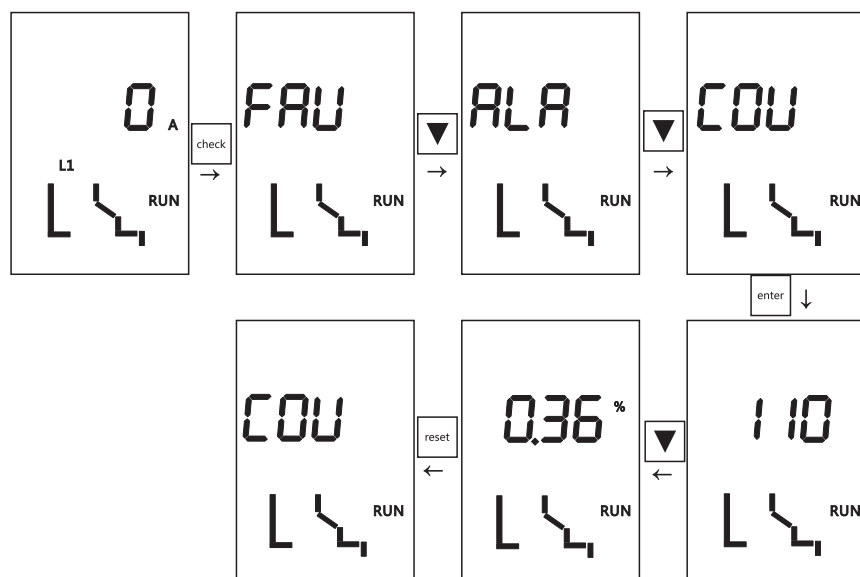
Example4 of querying second fault record is shown below:



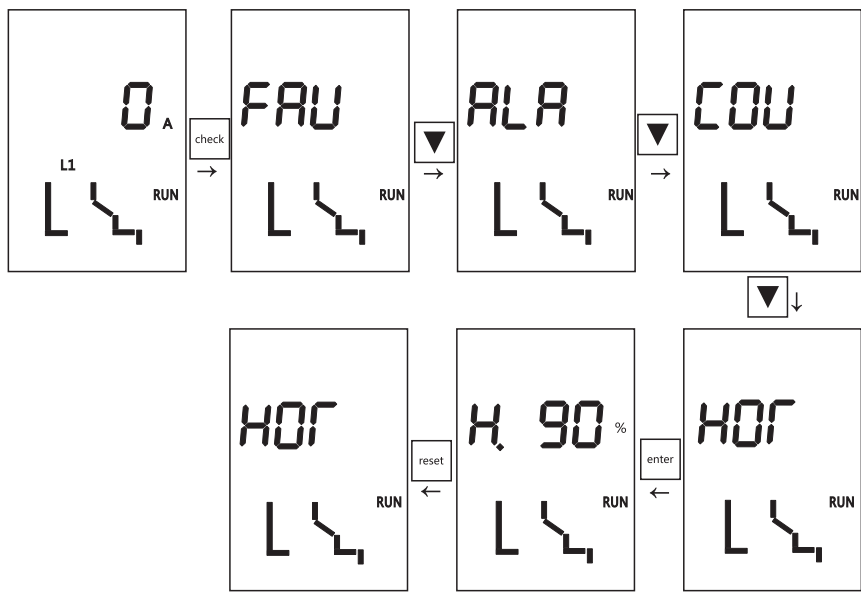
Example5 of querying first alarm record is shown below:



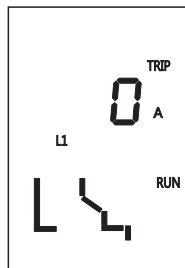
Example6 of querying breaker operation times and life record is shown below:



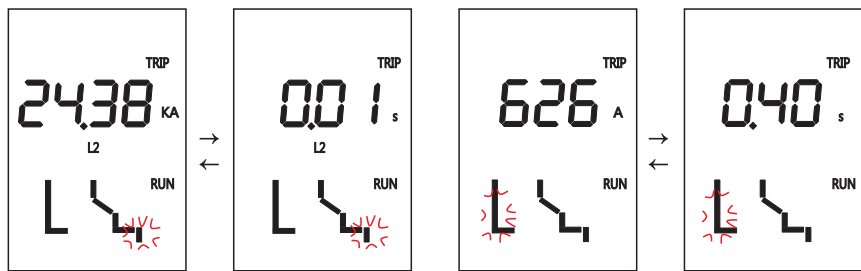
Example7 of querying thermal capacity after tripping is shown below:



④Tripping state: “Reset” button should be press to return default interface after tripping at fault.



Press “Test” button to simulate Instantaneous trip



Instantaneous trip state

Earthing trip state

14.3.3 Controller functions list

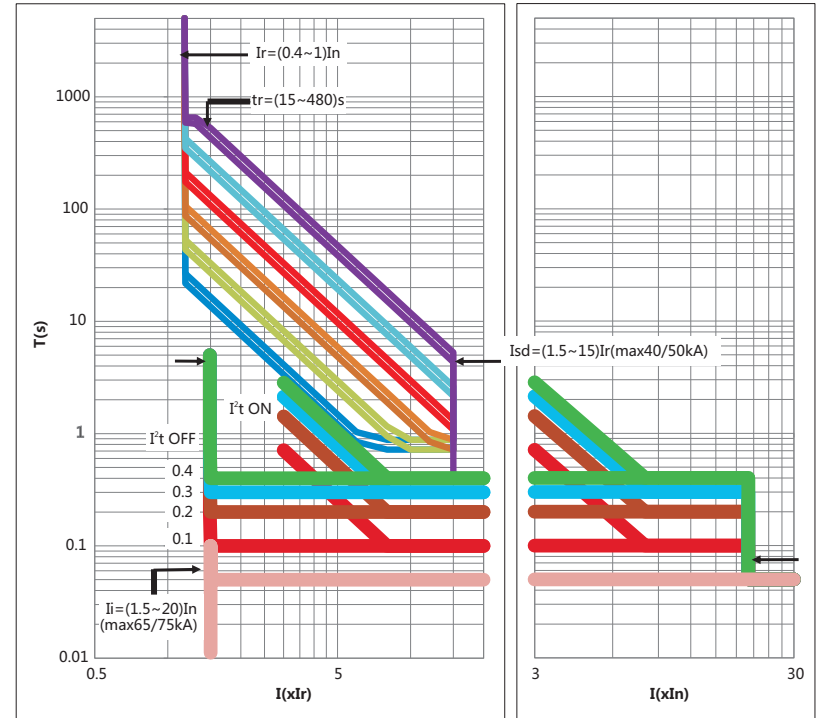
| M type | H type |
|---|---|
| 1 over-current protection (overload, short delay, instantaneous, earthing); vector sum grounding mode. 2 Neutral line protection 3 Current measurement 4 two test functions: (1)Instantaneous trip test simulated by mechanical button (2)Other trip tests simulated by software 5 Ten fault records 6 Ten alarm records 7 MCR protection 8 operation times records 9 thermal capacity 10 overload pre-alarm | 1 over-current protection (overload, short delay, instantaneous, earthing); vector sum grounding mode. 2 Neutral line protection 3 Current measurement 4 two test functions: (1)Instantaneous trip test simulated by mechanical button (2)Other trip tests simulated by software 5 Ten fault records 6 Ten alarm records 7 MCR protection 8 operation times records 9 thermal capacity 10 overload pre-alarm 11 communication function: MODBUS protocol 12 four DO function (optional) |

| 3M type | 3H type |
|---|--|
| 1 all functions of M-type controller are included 2 HMI:128*64 LCD | 1 all functions of 3M-type controller are included 2 voltage measurement and protection 3 frequency measurement and protection 4 power measurement and protection 5 electric energy, power-factor, harmonic measurement 6 communication function: MODBUS protocol 7 DI/DO function |

14.4 specifications of characteristics

14.4.1 Over-current protection characteristic curve

Over-current protection characteristic curve



14.4.2 Overload long time-delay protection

Operating characteristics

| Current Ratings Range(Ir) | tolerance | Current | Action time(s) | | | | | | Time tolerance |
|--|-----------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|------|------|------|-----|-----|----------------|
| (0.4~1)In+ OFF | ±10% | ≤1.05Ir | >2h Non-trip | | | | | | |
| | | > 1.3Ir | <1h trip | | | | | | |
| | | 1.5Ir(setting time) | 15 | 30 | 60 | 120 | 240 | 480 | ±10% |
| | | 2.0Ir | 8.4 | 16.9 | 33.7 | 67.5 | 135 | 270 | ±10% |
| Phase N Overload and Over-Current Characteristic | | | 100% or 50%(Applicable to 3P+N or 4P) | | | | | | |

14.3 Short-circuit short-delay protection

Short-circuit short delay protection has two protection modes. One is inverse time and definite time protection. $I^2Tsd = (8Ir)^2tsd$ works when current is low. In this formula, I is actual current, Tsd is actual trip time, tsd is set trip delay time. When I is over inverse time set value but below 8Ir, controller will operate according to over-current protection characteristic curve. When I is over both of inverse time set value and 8Ir, controller will operate according to definite time protection. The other is definite time protection and set time is 0.11s, 0.21s, 0.31s, and 0.41s. When I is over Isd but below Ii, controller will operate according to definite time protection.

Operating characteristics

| Current Ratings Range(Isd) | tolerance | Current | Action time(s) | | | | Time tolerance |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------------|--------------------------|------|------|------|----------------|
| (1.5~15)Ir+ OFF | ±10% | ≤0.9Isd | In the 2tsd Non-trip | | | | |
| | | > 1.1Isd | In the 2tsd Delayed-trip | | | | |
| | | tsd | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | ±15% |
| | | Returnable time | 0.06 | 0.14 | 0.25 | 0.33 | ±15% |

Note: a. When the intelligent controller is FrameII (Inm=3200A、4000A), Isd shouldn't be more than 40KA.

b. When the intelligent controller is FrameIII (Inm=6300), Isd shouldn't be more than 50KA.

c. When tsd is 0.1s or 0.2s, time permissible error is ±0.040s.

14.4.4 Short-circuit instantaneous protection

Instantaneous protection trip time should be less than 100ms.

Operating characteristics

| Current Ratings Range(Ii) | tolerance | Current | Time tolerance |
|---------------------------|-----------|----------|----------------------|
| (1.5~20)In+ OFF | ±15% | ≤0.85Ii | In the 0.2s Non-trip |
| | | > 1.15Ii | In the 0.2s trip |

Note: a. When the intelligent controller is Frame I (Inm=2000A), Ii shouldn't be more than 50KA.

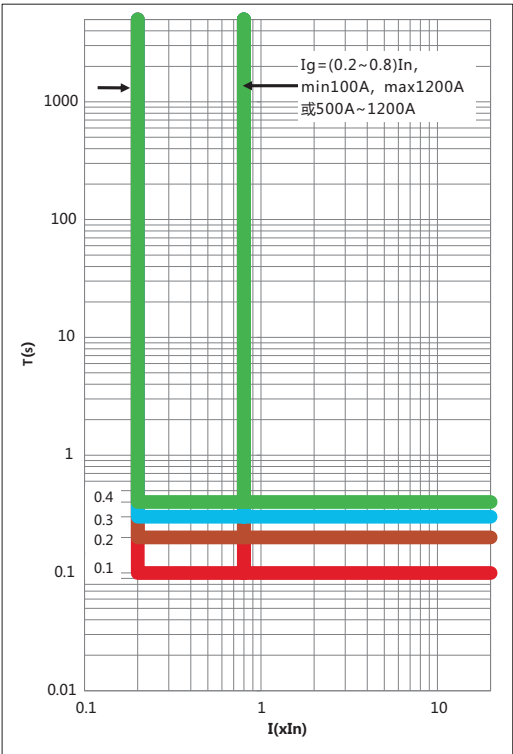
b. When the intelligent controller is FrameII (Inm=3200A、4000A), Ii shouldn't be more than 65KA.

c. When the intelligent controller is FrameIII (Inm=6300), Ii shouldn't be more than 75KA.

14.4.5 Earthing protection

Earthing protection has definite time characteristic. Fault delay time is shown below.

Earthing protection characteristic curve



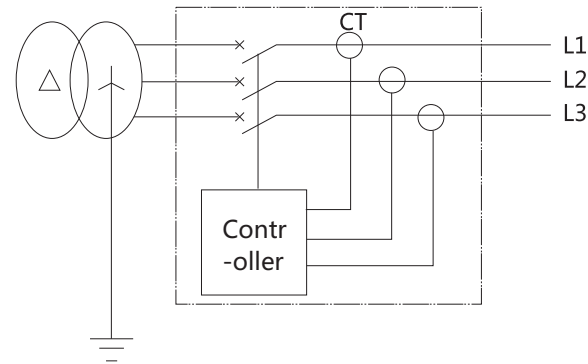
Operating characteristics of single-phase earthing protection

| Current Ratings Range(Ig) | tolerance | Current | Action time(s) | | | | Time tolerance |
|--|-----------|-----------------|--|------|------|------|----------------|
| Inm=1000/2000 , (0.2~0.8)In+ OFF Inm=3200/4000/6300, (500~1200)A+ OFF | ±10% | ≤0.9Ig | In the 2tg Non-tripping | | | | |
| | | > 1.1Ig | In the tg±0.032s or tg(1±25%) Tripping | | | | |
| | | tg | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | ±15% |
| | | Returnable time | 0.06 | 0.14 | 0.25 | 0.33 | ±15% |

Note: a. When tg is 0.1s or 0.2s, time permissible error is ±0.040s;
 b. When Inm is 1000A, Ig should be more than 100A. When Inm is 2000A, Ig shouldn't be more than 1200A.
 c. When Inm is 3200A, 4000A or 6300A, Ig should be between 500A and 1200A.

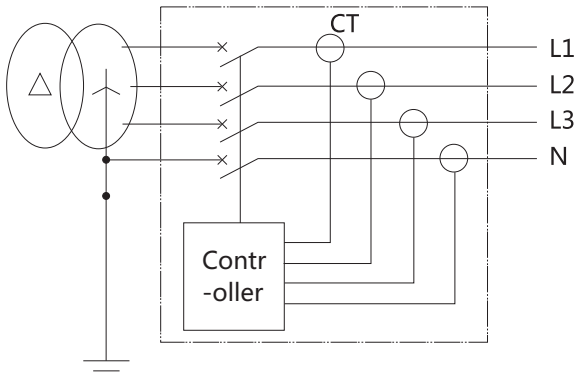
Single-phase protection is usually used in neutral-point solid ground system. Controller has two different protection modes, being vector sum mode and external transformer mode.
 In three-phase three-wire system using 3-pole breaker without external transformer, earthing fault signal comes from three- phase current vector sum. Operating characteristic is definite time protection.

3PT mode



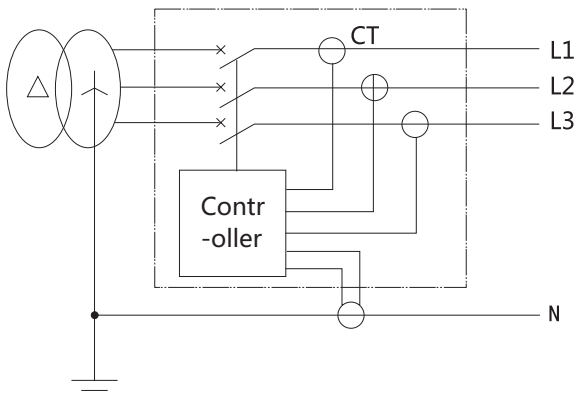
In three-phase four-wire system using 4-pole breaker without external transformer, earthing fault signal comes from three-phase current and N-Pole current vector sum. Operating characteristic is definite time protection.

4PT mode



In three-phase four-wire system using 3-pole breaker with external N-pole transformer, earthing fault signal comes from three-phase and N-Pole current vector sum. Operating characteristic is definite time protection.

(3P+N)T mode



Note:

- ① External N-pole transformer (connected to 6#, 7# terminal for NA1-1000, connected to 25#, 26# terminal for NA1-2000-6300) is a special product. Default lead wire is 2 meters long.
- ② Earthing protection in 3PT mode can only be used in balance load. It should be turned off or set value above allowable unbalance current when the load is unbalance or the controller may operate.
- ③ The distance between external transformer and breaker should be less than 5m in (3P+N)T mode. When lead wire of external transformer needs to be longer than 2 meters, special requirement should be noted when ordering.

15. Accessories

15.1 Under-voltage release

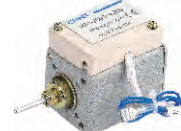
Without power supply, under-voltage release can't close.

It is classified into instantaneous and time-delay type.

Delay time 1s, 3s, 5s, 7s are fixed for NA1-1000; 1s, 3s, 5s are fixed for NA1-2000, 3200, 4000, 6300.

Within 1/2 time-delay range, circuit breaker does not trip when power voltage recovers and exceeds 85%Ue.

Characteristic



| Type | NA1-1000X | NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH/NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN/NA1-4000X/NA1-6300X/NA1-6300XN | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|---|------------|
| Rated control power voltage Us(V) | AC230, 400 | AC400, 230, 127 | DC220, 110 |
| Action voltage(V) | (0.35-0.7)Us | | |
| Reliable making voltage(V) | (0.85-1.1)Us | | |
| Reliable non-making voltage(V) | ≤0.35Us | | |
| Power loss(W) | 20VA | 48VA | 48W |

Optional configure: Auto suction type under-voltage release, and this device can substitute normal one, it can prevent mechanism form misoperation.

Make sure there is power supply on the under-voltage release, before making the circuit breaker.

15.2 Shunt release

Shunt release can realize the remote control to break the circuit breaker.
Characteristic



| Type | NA1-1000X | | NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH/NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN/NA1-4000X/NA1-6300X/NA1-6300XN | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|------------|---|--|------------|
| Rated control power voltage Us(V) | AC230, 400 | DC220, 110 | AC400, 230, 127 | | DC220, 110 |
| Work voltage | (0.7~1.1)Us | | | | |
| Power loss | 56VA | 250W | 300VA | | 132W70W |
| Breaking time | (50±10)ms | (50±10)ms | (30~50)ms | | (30~50)ms |

Forbid making the power for long time to avoid the shunt release being damaged.

15.3 Closing electromagnet

After the motor finishing the energy storage, closing release can instantly close the circuit breaker.
Characteristic



| Type | NA1-1000X | | NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH/NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN/NA1-4000X/NA1-6300X/NA1-6300XN | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|------------|---|--|------------|
| Rated control power voltage Us(V) | AC230, 400 | DC220, 110 | AC400, 230, 127 | | DC220, 110 |
| Work voltage | (0.85-1.1)Us | | | | |
| Power loss (W) | 56VA | 250W | 300VA | | 132W70W |
| Closing time | (50±10)ms | (50±10)ms | ≤70ms | | ≤70ms |

Forbid making the power for long time to avoid the closing release being damaged.

15.4 Motor-driven energy-storage mechanism

With the function of motor-driven energy storing and auto restoring energy after closing the circuit breaker, the mechanism can ensure closing the circuit breaker instantly after breaking the circuit breaker.
Manual energy-store is available.

Characteristic



| Type | NA1-1000X | | NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH/NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN/NA1-4000X/NA1-6300X/NA1-6300XN | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|------------|---|-------------|
| Rated control power voltage Us(V) | AC230, 400 | DC220, 110 | AC400, 230, 127 | DC220, 110 |
| Work voltage | (0.85-1.1)Us | | | |
| Power loss (W) | 90W | 90W | 85/110/150W | 85/110/150W |
| Closing time | ≤5s | ≤5s | ≤5s | ≤5s |
| Energy-storage time | | | | |
| Operation frequency | | | | |

15.5 Auxiliary contact NO
Standard model: 4NO(normal open)/4NC(normal close) and 6NC(normal close).

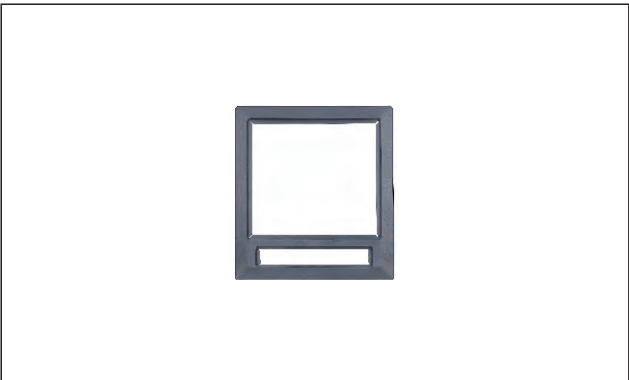
Characteristic



| Type | NA1-1000X | | | NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH/NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN/NA1-4000X/NA1-6300X/NA1-6300XN | | |
|---|-----------|-------|-------|---|-------|-------|
| Rated voltage (V) | AC230 | AC400 | DC220 | AC230 | AC400 | DC220 |
| conventional free-air thermal current Ith (A) | 10 | 6 | 0.5 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Rated control capacity | 300VA | 100VA | 60W | 300VA | 300VA | 60W |

| NA1-1000X | | | NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH/NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN/NA1-4000X/NA1-6300X/NA1-6300XN | | |
|-----------|---------|---------|---|---------|---------|
| Category | Voltage | Current | Category | Voltage | Current |
| AC-15 | AC230V | 1.3A | AC-15 | AC230V | 1.3A |
| | AC400V | 0.25A | | AC400V | 0.75A |
| DC-13 | DC110V | 0.55A | DC-13 | DC110V | 0.55A |
| | DC220V | 0.27A | | DC220V | 0.27A |

15.6 Doorcase
Installed on the door of the distribution cubicle, for sealing the distribution cubicle and making the protection class to IP40(fixed type and drawout type).



15.7 Phases barrier (Optional)
Installed between the busbars to increase the creepage distance.



15.8 Transparent shield (NA1-2000) (Optional)
Installed on the doorcase of the cubicle's small door, make the protection class to IP54. It is suitable for the fixed, drawout type circuit breaker and the load switch.



15.9 Off position locking mechanism

When the circuit breaker is disconnected, padlock can be used to lock it after pulling out the lock lever, then the circuit breaker can't be "Test" or "connected" position. (Padlock is prepared by users)

15.10 Key lock

Lock the circuit breaker on the OFF position, then the circuit breaker can't be closed.

Locks and keys will be provided by us.

Separate lock and key is matched with one set of the circuit breaker.

Three same locks and two same keys are matched with three circuit breaker.

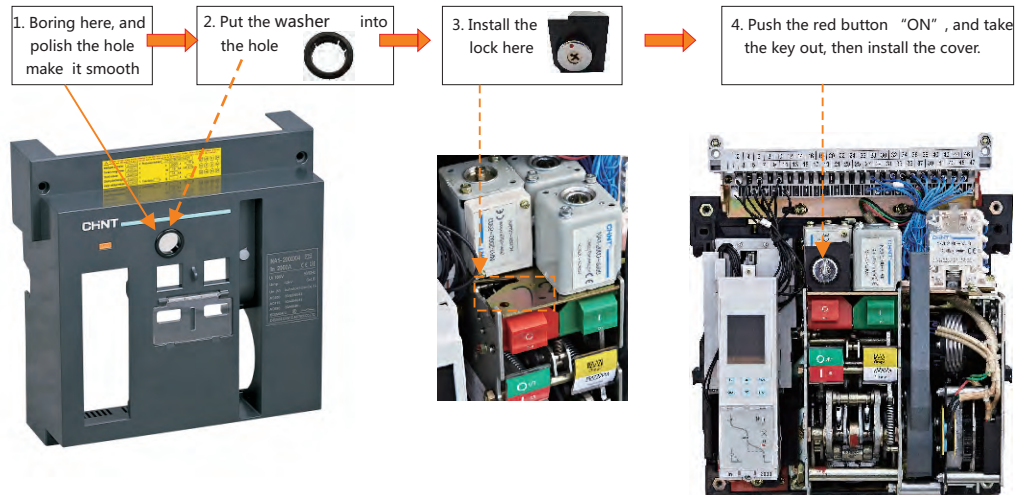
Note: Before pulling out the key, the break pushbutton should be pressed first, rotate the key anticlockwise, then pull it out.

★ NA1 Install the locking system

1. Components of the locking system:



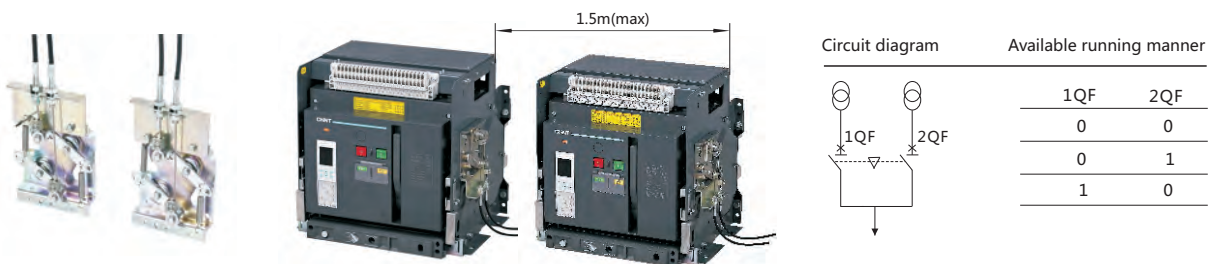
2. Installation sequence:



15.11 Cable mechanical interlock

It can realize the interlock of two horizontal or vertical-installed, three poles or four poles, drawout type or fixed type circuit breaker.

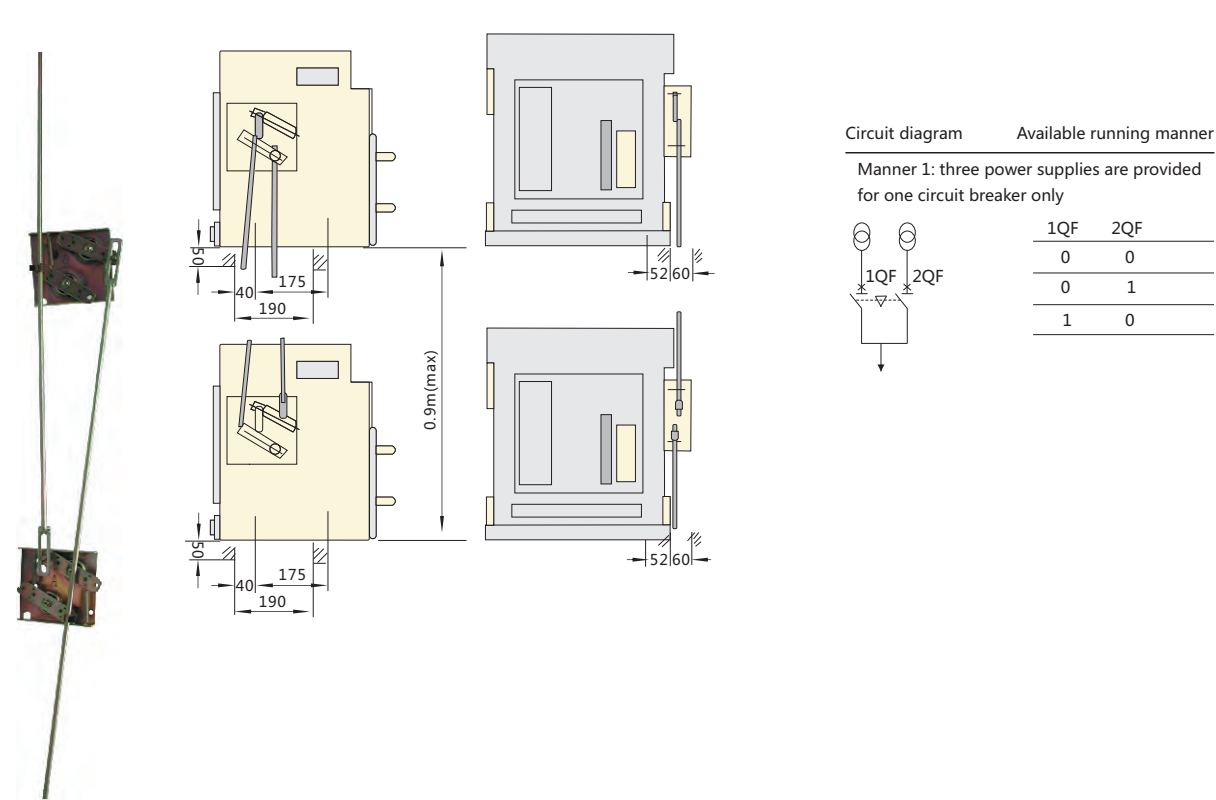
- If need bend the cable, make sure the radian is more than 120° .
- Check and make sure enough lubricating oil of the cable.
- The maximum distance between two interlock circuit breakers is 1.5m.



Notes: a. when the steel cable needs to be bent, enough transition arc should be reserved to guarantee flexible movement of steel cable;
b. check the steel cable and make sure there is enough lubricant in the steel cable to guarantee flexible movement of steel cable.

15.12 Connecting-rod type mechanical interlock

Two vertical-installed three-poles or four-poles, drawout-type or fixed type circuit breakers realize the interlock between one breaker with another two different-state breakers.



16. Maintenance and Overhaul of Circuit Breaker

Safety Precautions

The following operations must be executed in turn before conducting the maintenance or overhaul of circuit breakers:

- a. Circuit breaker opening operation to ensure the circuit breaker is in an opening state;
- b. Disconnecting the upper-level knife switch (if any) to ensure the main circuit and secondary circuit are uncharged;
- c. Circuit breaker discharging, opening operation to ensure the circuit breaker is in a discharging and opening state;
- d. The components which the personnel might contact must be uncharged.



Maintenance and overhaul cycle

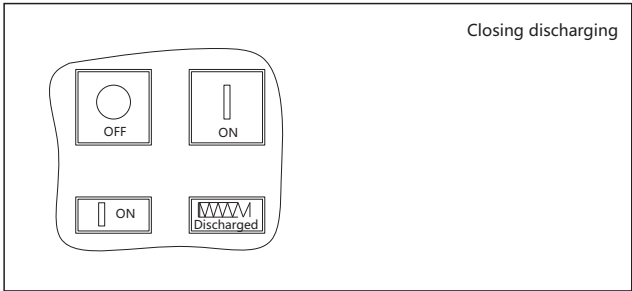
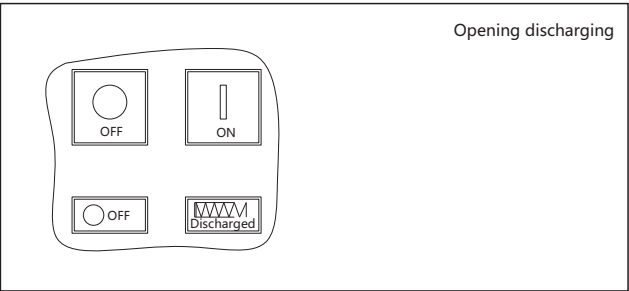
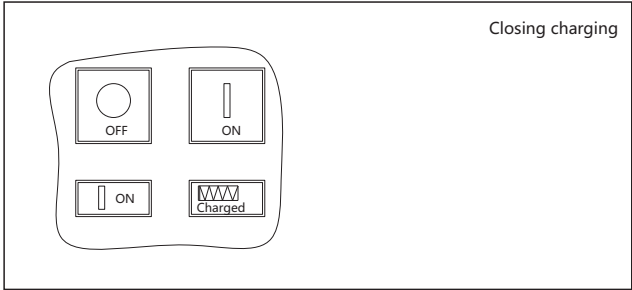
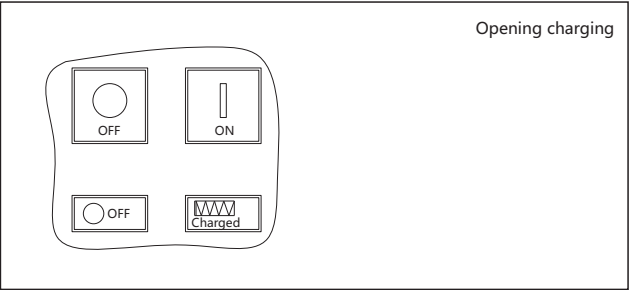
| Condition | Environment | Maintenance cycle | Overhaul cycle | Remarks |
|---------------------|---|--------------------|---|--|
| General environment | The air should be always kept clean and dry. There is no corrosive gas. The temperature is in between -5℃~+40℃ The humidity should conform to Specification 1.3 Operating Conditions c Requirement for extreme atmosphere conditions. | Every six months | Once per year (every six months for more than 3 years of mounting period) | Confirming to IEC60947-2 Requirement for general environmental conditions. |
| Severe environment | Low temperature -5℃~-40℃ or high temperature 40℃~65℃ or humidity≥90% | Every three months | Every six months (every three months for more than 3 years of mounting period) | |
| | Places with more dust and corrosive gases | Every month | Every three months | |

16.1 Maintenance of circuit breaker

- 16.1.1 Foreign objects (such as tools, wire leads or fragments, metal objects) in the switchgear should be regularly cleared.
- 16.1.2 The dust on the circuit breaker must be regularly cleared to maintain its good insulation.
- 16.1.3 The spring washers of the main circuit connecting bolts , the earthing bolts must be checked for whether they are flattened and the connection is firm.



- 16.1.4 Whether the opening or closing indication is correct and reliable.



16.2 Overhaul of circuit breaker

16.2.1 Connecting and mounting inspection

It is proposed to refer to the following requirement for the torsional forces of main circuit and secondary circuit.

| Fastener specification | Torque requirement N·m |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| M3 | 0.5~0.7 |
| M4 | 1.2~1.7 |
| M8 | 16~26 |
| M10 | 36~52 |
| M12 | 61~94 |

16.2.2 Insulating property test

The phase-phase and phase-earth insulation resistance, requirement $\geq 20\text{M}\Omega$.

The insulation resistance test must be first done after overhaul and long-time (≥ 7 days) of deenergization and before energization again.

16.2.3 Operating characteristic inspection

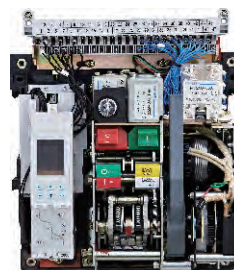
All accessories shall be connected with corresponding rated voltage according to the face shield nameplate requirement, and the following operations should be done:

Electric charging, closing and opening operation, 5times in cycle

Manual charging, closing and opening operation, 5times in cycle

The circuit breaker charging, opening and closing should be normal.

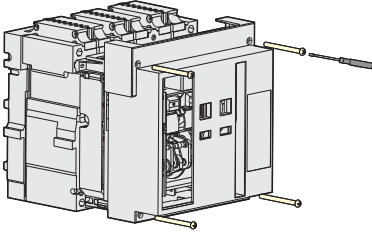
Note: The main circuit must be uncharged. If there is an under-voltage release, the rated voltage must be first connected.



Note: The picture takes NA1-2000X as an example

16.2.4 Inspection of circuit breaker components

16.2.4.1 Face shield dismantling



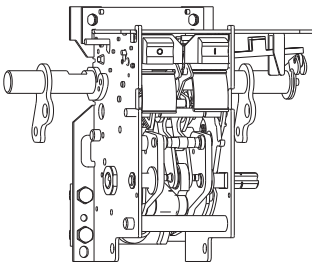
- Remove four bolts of circuit breaker fixed panel and take off the face shield.

Note: The picture takes NA1-2000X as an example.

16.2.4.2 Operating mechanism inspection

The mechanism components should be free of fracture and damage, and the fasteners are fastened.

Clear the dust and evenly apply oil onto the rotating components.



- Evenly apply 7012 low-temperature lubricating grease or lubricate same using the similar solid grease onto the mechanism rotating positions.

Note: The picture takes NA1-2000X as an example.

16.2.4.3 Intelligent controller (taking NA1-2000 type M type controller as an example)

Parameter setting should conform to the site use requirement.



1. Press the "Set" button to enter the parameter setting interface "Pro" .
2. Press the "Enter" button to enter the protective parameter setting and query interface.
3. Press the "▲" or "▼" button to in turn select the display of protective parameter setting details.
4. Press the "Reset" button to return to the upper-level menu or exit from the interface.

Simulated test tripping function



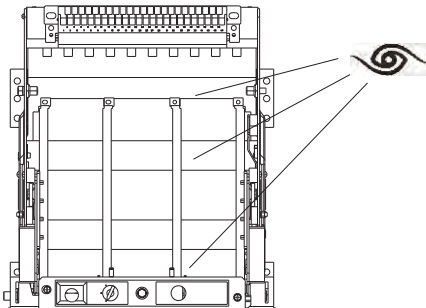
- Press the “Test” button to simulate the tripping test.



- Press the orange “Reset” button on the face shield to return to normal state.

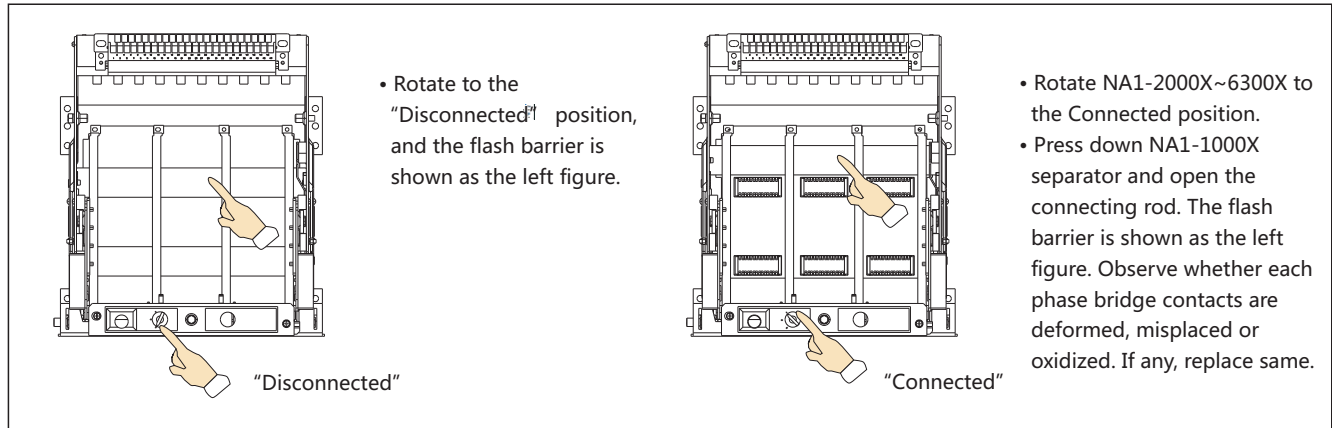
16.2.4.4 Drawer set inspection (conduct the test after removing the body, taking NA1-2000X as an example)

There are no foreign objects inside.

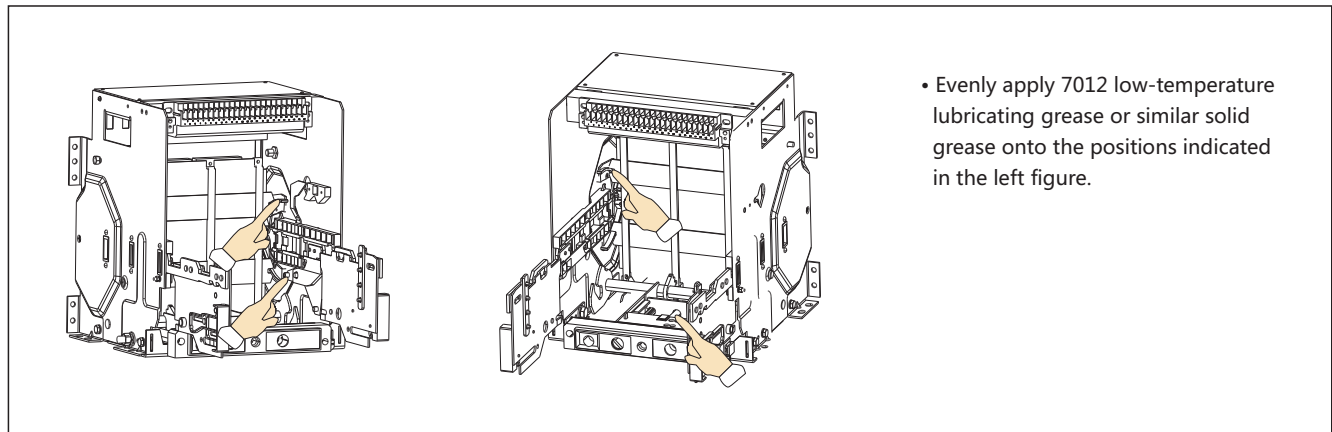


- Observe whether there are foreign objects inside the draw-out socket, like screws, wire leads, scrap iron; please clear same if any.

The flash barrier opening or closing is normal, and the spacing contact has no deformation or oxidation.



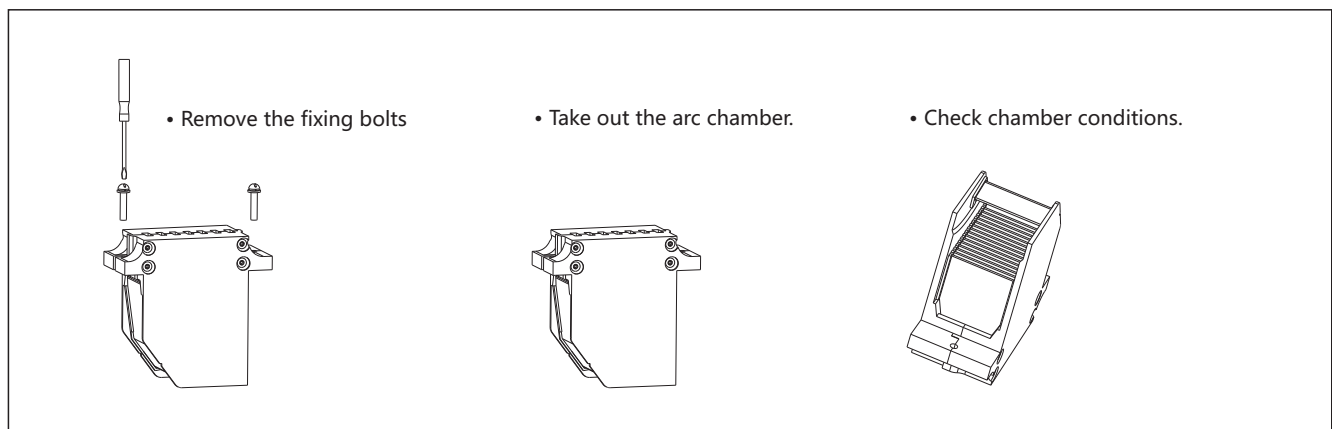
Rotate the friction positions and apply oil evenly.



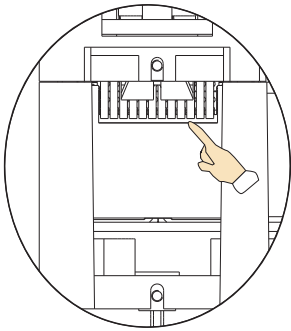
16.2.4.5 Arcing Chamber (taking NA1-2000X~6300X as an example)

Each arc and arcing chambers are not broken. If any, please promptly replace same and clear inside dust, corrosion layer and arc discharge point. In case of serious corrosion or rust, please promptly conduct replacement.

Note: Inspection must be done after short-circuit current breaking.



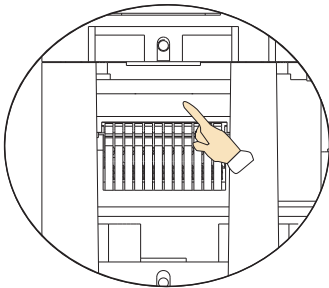
16.2.4.6 Required main contact (taking NA1-2000X~6300X as an example) over-travel ≥ 2 mm.



- Conduct manual closing operation, and observe the main contact over-travel.

Note: Please replace the contact if it reaches the position shown.

Clear dust, corrosion layer and particle burnt objects.



- Close the product and main contact is at the shown position. Observe any dust, particle burnt objects and oxidized corrosion layer of dynamic and static contacts. If any, please promptly clear same.

Note: Inspection must be done after short-circuit current breaking.

16.2.4.7 Secondary circuit inspection

No shell damage.

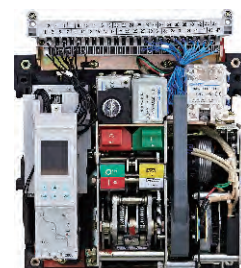
Inspect the contact between the draw-out body secondary circuit and drawer set secondary circuit using the multimeter. At the "Test" or "Connection" position, the contacts are in good contact, and the connecting screws are fastened, and the conductor insulation has no damage.



16.3 Replacement of undervoltage release, shunt release and closed electromagnet accessories. The following operations must be executed before replacing the accessories.
Cut off all power supplies and ensure the main circuit and secondary circuit power supplies are uncharged. The circuit breakers are in the discharging opening state.

16.3.1 Replacement of fixed accessories

Remove the panel fixing bolts and dismantle the panel.
Untie the tape and remove the connecting conductor.
Remove the fixed accessory mounting screws.
Dismantle the accessories and replace same.

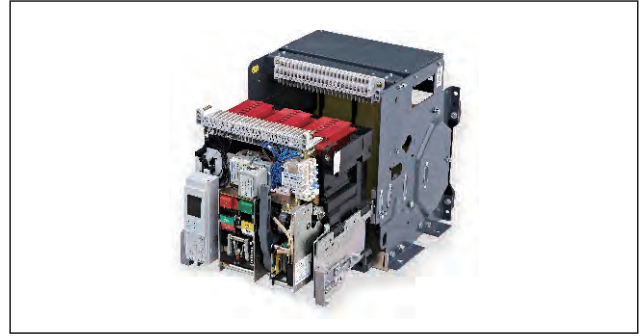


Note: The shunt release should be first dismantled before replacing the NA1-2000 undervoltage release.

16.3.2 Replacement of draw-out accessories

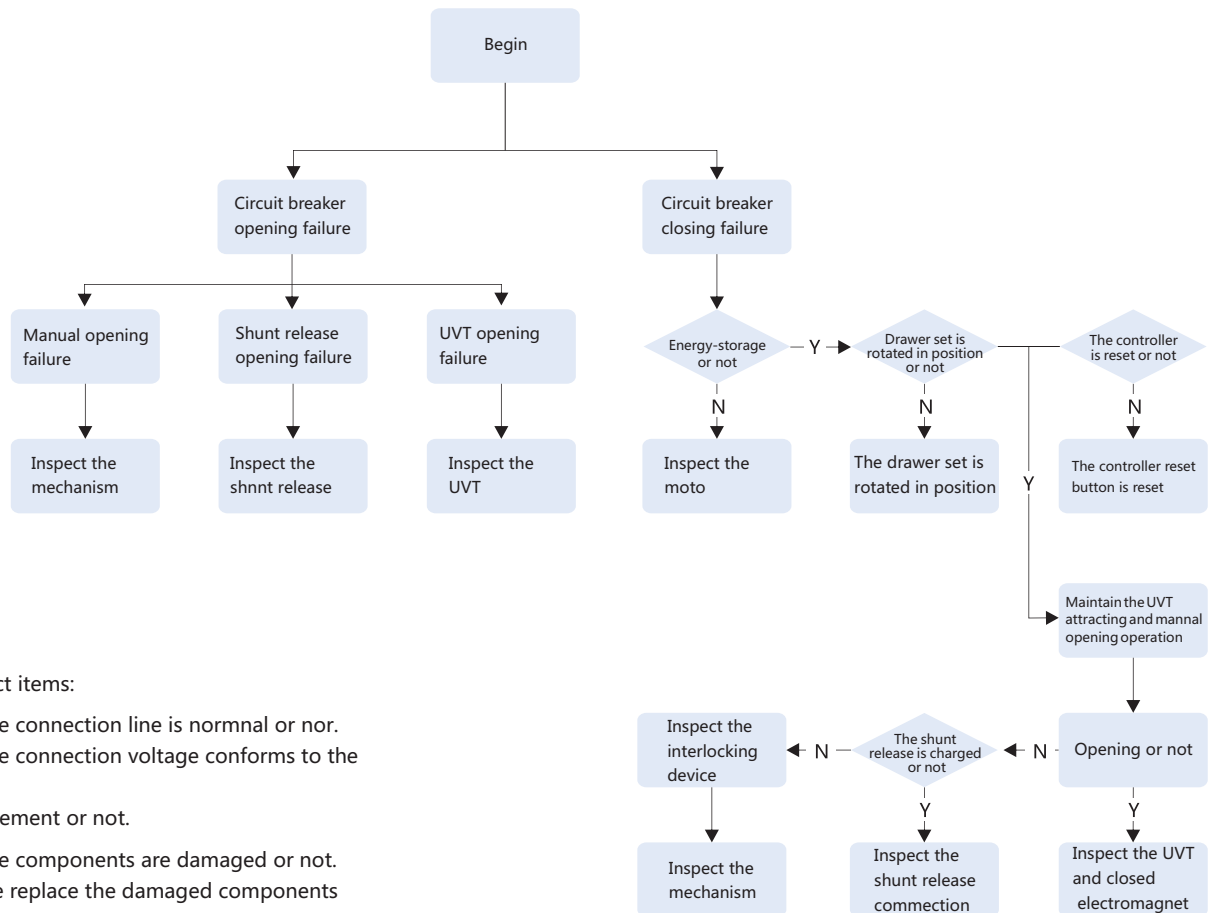
Rotate the body to the detachment position and remove the body.
 Remove the panel fixing bolts and dismantle the panel.
 Untie the tape and remove the connecting conductor.
 Remove the fixed accessory mounting screws.
 Dismantle the accessories and replace same.

Note: The shunt release should be first dismantled before replacing the NA1-2000 undervoltage release.



17. Common Failure Causes and Solutions

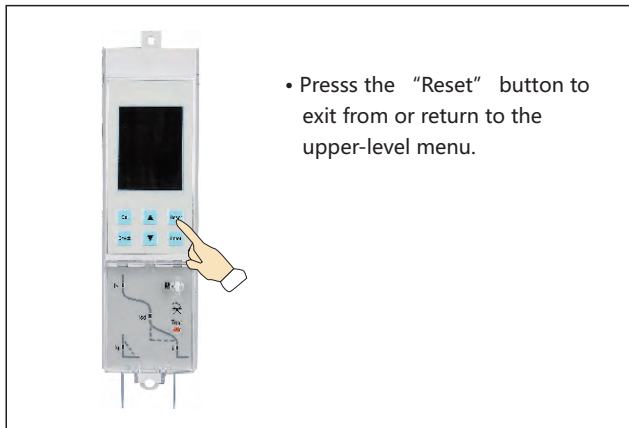
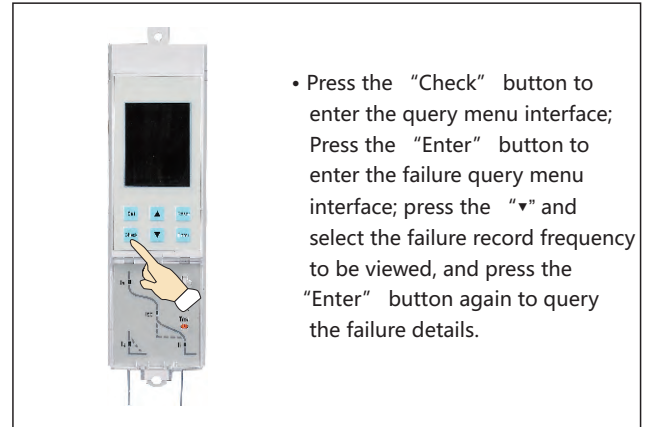
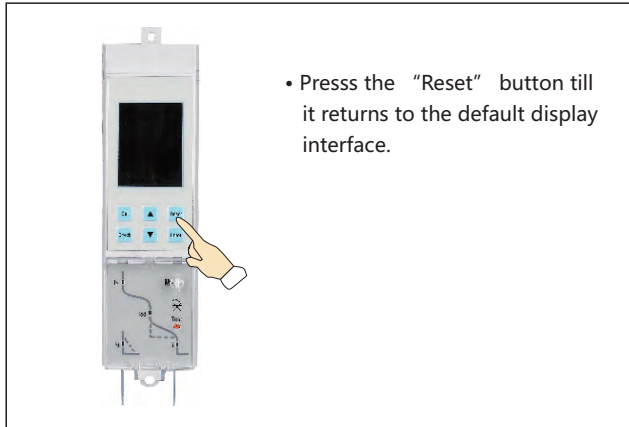
17.1 Troubleshooting logic



17.2 Faulty tripping analysis (taking NA1-2000X M as an example)

Failure cause identification

The failures are identified through the intelligent controller indication..



Note: The electrical closing operation is forbidden before troubleshooting.

18. Regular malfunction and solutions

| Fault description | Reasons analysis | Maintenance method |
|--|--|--|
| Tripping of circuit breaker | Over load tripping (Ir indicator flashing) | 1. Check the breaking current value and operation time of intelligent release. 2. Analyze the load and electric network, exclude the overload if it happens. 3. Match the actual operating current with long time-delay current setting value. 4. Press the reset button to reclose the breaker |
| | Short circuit tripping ("Isd" or "Ii" indicator flashing) | 1. Check the breaking current value and operation time of intelligent release. 2. Exclude the short circuit fault if it happens 3. Check the setting value of intelligent release 4. Check the normal state of breaker 5. Press the reset button to reclose the breaker |
| | Earthing fault tripping (IG indicator flashing) | 1. Check the breaking current value and acting time of intelligent release. 2. Exclude the earthing fault if that happens. 3. Match the fault current setting value with the actual protection. 4. Press the reset button to reclose the breaker. |
| | Under-voltage release fault: 1. Rated working voltage is less than 70%Ue 2. Fault of control unit | 1.Check the power is on or not 2.Check the power voltage of under-voltage release, it shouldn't be less than 85%Ue. 3.Replace the control unit of under-voltage release |
| | Mechanical interlock acting | Check the working state of two circuit breakers fixed with mechanical interlock |
| The breaker can't be closed | Intelligent release don't reset (panel is raised) | Press the reset button to reclose the breaker |
| | Secondary circuit of drawerout-type breaker isn't connected | Make the breaker to "making" position ("click" sound will be heard) |
| | Breaker hasn't stored energy | Check the secondary circuit: 1. Power voltage of motor shouldn't less than 85%Ue. 2. Check the storage mechanism, replace it if necessary. |
| The breaker can't be closed | Mechanical interlock acting leads to locking of breaker | Check the working state of two circuit breakers fixed with mechanical interlock |
| | Closing electromagnet: 1.Rated control voltage is less than 85%Us; 2.Closing electromagnet is damaged | 1. Power voltage of closing electromagnet shouldn't less than 85%Us. 2. Replace the electromagnet. |
| Tripping after closing the circuit breaker (Fault indicator flashing) | Tripping immediately: 1. Short circuit current is closed 2.Delay tripping because of transient current is high when closing; 3. Overload current is closed | 1. Check the breaking current value and operation time of intelligent release; 2. Exclude the short circuit fault if it happens; 3. Exclude overload fault 4. Check the normal state of breaker 5. Modify the current setting value of intelligent release 6. Press the reset button to reclose the breaker |
| Circuit breaker can't be opened | The breaker can't be opened manually 1. There is fault with mechanical operating mechanism | 1. Check the mechanism, if there is fault happened. |
| | The breaker can't be opened by motor remotely 1. There is fault with mechanical operating mechanism 2. Power voltage of shunt release is less than 70%Us; 3. Shunt release is damaged | 1. Check the mechanism, if there is fault happened. 2. Check the Power voltage of shunt release is less than 70%Us or not 3. Replace shunt release |

| Fault description | Reasons analysis | Maintenance method |
|---|--|--|
| Circuit breaker can't store energy | Manual storage can't be realized | Mechanical fault with the energy-storage device |
| | Motor storage can't be realized 1. Power voltage of motor energy-stored device is less than 85%Us; 2. There is mechanical fault with energy-storage device | 1. Power voltage of motor energy-stored device shouldn't less than 85%Us 2. Mechanical fault with the energy-storage device |
| Handle of drawerout-type circuit breaker can't be drawn in or out | 1. There is padlock at the "opening" position 2. Slideway or breaker body isn't pulled into its position | 1. Take away the padlock 2. Pull the slideway or breaker body into its position |
| Drawerout-type breaker can't be drawn out at the "opening" position | 1. Handle isn't pulled out 2. Breaker is not totally at the "opening" position | 1. Pull out the handle 2. Keep the circuit breaker totally at "opening" position |
| Drawerout-type breaker can't reach the "making" position | 1. Something drop into the drawer base, and lock the mechanism or mechanism fault happens. 2. Breaker body not match with the frame-size rated current of drawer base | 1. Check and clean the drawer base, or contact with manufacturer 2. Match the body with relevant drawer base |
| No display on intelligent release panel | 1. Release isn't connected with power 2. There is fault with release | 1. Check the power is connected or not 2. Cut off the power, then connect again. Otherwise contact with manufacturer |
| | Rated control voltage is less than 85%Us; | Check the electromagnet power voltage shouldn't be less than 85%Us. |
| Fault indicator still flashing after pressing the Reset button | Fault happened with intelligent release | Cut off the power, then connect again. Otherwise contact with manufacturer |

NA1-1000X~6300X Ordering specification

Customer:

Tel:

Date:

Quantity:

| Model | <input type="checkbox"/> NA1-1000X | <input type="checkbox"/> NA1-2000X <input type="checkbox"/> NA1-2000XN <input type="checkbox"/> NA1-2000XH | <input type="checkbox"/> NA1-3200X <input type="checkbox"/> NA1-3200XN | NA1-4000X | <input type="checkbox"/> NA1-6300X <input type="checkbox"/> NA1-6300XN | |
|---|---|--|--|---|---|------------|
| Rated current In (A) | <input type="checkbox"/> 200 <input type="checkbox"/> 400 <input type="checkbox"/> 630 <input type="checkbox"/> 800 <input type="checkbox"/> 1000 | <input type="checkbox"/> 630 <input type="checkbox"/> 800 <input type="checkbox"/> 1000 <input type="checkbox"/> 1250 <input type="checkbox"/> 1600 <input type="checkbox"/> 2000 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2000 <input type="checkbox"/> 2500 <input type="checkbox"/> 3200 | <input type="checkbox"/> 4000 | <input type="checkbox"/> 4000 <input type="checkbox"/> 5000 <input type="checkbox"/> 6300(no four poles) | |
| Installation mode | <input type="checkbox"/> Drawout type <input type="checkbox"/> Fixed type (Note: no fixed type when In > 4000A) | | | | | |
| Number of poles | <input type="checkbox"/> Three poles <input type="checkbox"/> Four poles | | | | | |
| Intelligent Controller | <input type="checkbox"/> M type Standard (Default configuration) | Protection function 1. <input type="checkbox"/> Ir overload long delay, Isd short-circuit short delay inverse time + definite time, Ii transient short-circuit, Ig single-phase grounding 4-section protection 2. <input type="checkbox"/> Ir overload long delay, Isd definite time short-circuit short delay, Ii transient short-circuit, Ig single-phase grounding 4-section protection | | Auxiliary functions 1. Ammeter function 2. Self-diagnostic function 3. Tuning function 4. Test function 5. Display function | Optional function / | |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> 3M type Multifunctional (Optional configuration) | 1. <input type="checkbox"/> Ir overload long delay, Isd short-circuit short delay inverse time + definite time, Ii transient short-circuit, Ig single-phase grounding 4-section protection 2. <input type="checkbox"/> Ir overload long delay, Isd definite time short-circuit short delay, Ii transient short-circuit, Ig single-phase grounding 4-section protection | | | | |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> 3H-type Communication type (Optional configuration) | 1. <input type="checkbox"/> Ir overload long delay Isd short-circuit short delay inverse time + definite time Ii transient short-circuit, Ig single-phase grounding 4-section protection 2. <input type="checkbox"/> Ir overload long delay, Isd definite time short-circuit short delay, Ii transient short-circuit, Ig single-phase grounding 4-section protection 3. <input type="checkbox"/> with PROFIBUS-DP communication protocol <input type="checkbox"/> with MODBUS communication protocol | | | | |
| | Notes: Protection function Settable range and conventional factory tuning | Ir long delay current setting range: (0.4 to 1) In Overload 1.5Ir action time setting range: 15,30,60 480s | | ! Conventional factory tuning: overload long delay 1.0In ! Conventional factory tuning: overload 1.5Ir; action 15s | | |
| | | Isd short delay current setting range: (1.5 to 15) Ir; short delay action time (0.1 ~ 0.4) s | | ! Conventional factory setting: short delay current 8Ir ; ! Conventional factory tuning: Short delay action time 0.4s [Note: 3M, 3H for (1.5 to 15) Ir] | | |
| Ii instantaneous current setting range: 1.5In ~ 50kA/65kA/75kA ! Conventional factory tuning: 12In [Note: 3M, 3H for (1.5In~50kA/65kA/75kA)] | | | | | | |
| Ig earthing protection current setting range: (0.2 to 0.8) In; the earthing protection time setting range: (0.1to0.4)s ! Conventional factory setting: 0.5 In; OFF | | | | | | |
| Controller power | <input type="checkbox"/> AC380V, <input type="checkbox"/> AC400V, <input type="checkbox"/> AC220V, <input type="checkbox"/> AC230V, <input type="checkbox"/> AC127V, <input type="checkbox"/> DC220V, <input type="checkbox"/> DC110V | | | | (Optional) | |
| Electrical accessories | Undervoltage release (default configuration) | <input type="checkbox"/> AC380V, <input type="checkbox"/> AC400V, <input type="checkbox"/> AC220V, <input type="checkbox"/> AC230V, <input type="checkbox"/> AC127V, <input type="checkbox"/> Order ____ V, <input type="checkbox"/> Non-undervoltage | | | | (Optional) |
| | Shunt release | <input type="checkbox"/> AC380V, <input type="checkbox"/> AC400V, <input type="checkbox"/> AC220V, <input type="checkbox"/> AC230V, <input type="checkbox"/> AC127V, <input type="checkbox"/> DC220V, <input type="checkbox"/> DC110V | | | | (Optional) |
| | Closing electromagnet | <input type="checkbox"/> AC380V, <input type="checkbox"/> AC400V, <input type="checkbox"/> AC220V, <input type="checkbox"/> AC230V, <input type="checkbox"/> AC127V, <input type="checkbox"/> DC220V, <input type="checkbox"/> DC110V | | | | (Optional) |
| | Electric motor | <input type="checkbox"/> AC380V, <input type="checkbox"/> AC400V, <input type="checkbox"/> AC220V, <input type="checkbox"/> AC230V, <input type="checkbox"/> AC127V, <input type="checkbox"/> DC220V, <input type="checkbox"/> DC110V | | | | (Optional) |
| Special requirements | Interlock device (surcharge) | Mechanical linkage: <input type="checkbox"/> Link interlock <input type="checkbox"/> Cable interlock Door interlock: <input type="checkbox"/> Switch body position door interlock <input type="checkbox"/> Switch on/off state door interlock (drawer-type) | | | | (Optional) |
| | Accessories (surcharge) | Button lock: <input type="checkbox"/> Panel products on/off button lock Key lock: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 lock 1 key <input type="checkbox"/> 2 locks 1 key <input type="checkbox"/> 3 locks 1 key <input type="checkbox"/> 3 locks 2 keys <input type="checkbox"/> 5 locks 3 keys <input type="checkbox"/> Special custom_lock_key External transformer: <input type="checkbox"/> External N phase transformer [(3P+N)T type] <input type="checkbox"/> External leakage zero sequence current transformer (E mode) <input type="checkbox"/> External ground current transformer (W) Module: <input type="checkbox"/> PSU-1 Power module <input type="checkbox"/> RU-1 relay module <input type="checkbox"/> ST-DP protocol converting module <input type="checkbox"/> Position signaling devices (<input type="checkbox"/> Connected <input type="checkbox"/> Test <input type="checkbox"/> Unconnected) <input type="checkbox"/> Mechanical counting device | | | | (Optional) |
| | The main circuit connection | <input type="checkbox"/> Horizontal connection (default) <input type="checkbox"/> Vertical connection (with L vertical bus-bar) <input type="checkbox"/> Rotation busbar horizontal connection (Drawer In ≤ 3200) <input type="checkbox"/> Rotation busbar vertical connection (drawer-type In ≤ 3200) | | | | (Optional) |

Note: The casing current, rated current and auxiliary control voltage must be specified when ordering!

Note: 1) Please mark "√" or fill figure in the relative " ☐ " if no mark, we will provide according to conventional.

Note: 2) The operational function of the intelligent controller and special requirements require additional costs.

Tel.:0577-62877777-6213 Fax :0577-62877777-6288



NA1-6300X



NA1-4000X



NA1-3200X



NA1-2000X



NA1-1000X

Configuration instructions

1. NA1-2000X~6300X fundamental configurations
 - a. Motor-driven:
 - Under-voltage instantaneous release;
 - Shunt release;
 - Closing electromagnet;
 - 4 suits of transform contact;
 - Motor driven operating mechanism;
 - M-type Intelligent Controller;
 - Horizontal wiring of main circuit;
 - Doorcase;
 - Element of main circuit;
 - Operating instructions of M-type Intelligent Controller
 - Operating instructions of Air Circuit Breaker;
 - Packing box;
 - Drawer seat (Drawout type)
 - b. Manual:
 - Under-voltage instantaneous release;
 - 4 suits of transform contact;
 - M-type Intelligent Controller;
 - Horizontal wiring of main circuit;
 - Doorcase;
 - Element of main circuit;
 - Operating instructions of M-type Intelligent Controller
 - Operating instructions of Air Circuit Breaker;
 - Packing box;
 - Drawer seat(Drawout type)
3. NA1-2000X~6300X operational configuration (additional costs)
 - Nonadjustable under voltage delayed release (1s, 3s, 5s);
 - Connecting-rod type mechanical interlock (for drawout type);
 - Wire-cable mechanical interlock; Button lock; Key lock;
 - Door interlock'Locking device;
 - External current transformer earthing protection;
 - Vertical busbar;
 - Rotating busbar ($I_N \leq 3200$);
 - 3NO (normal open) and 3NC (normal close) contacts;
 - 4NO and 4NC contacts; 5 groups changeover contacts;
 - 3 groups changeover contacts; H type intelligent controller;
 - Position signal; Counter; Protecting cover (NA1-2000);
 - Double power controller.
2. NA1-1000X fundamental configurations
 - a. Motor-driven:
 - Under-voltage instantaneous release;
 - Shunt release;
 - Closing electromagnet;
 - Motor driven operating mechanism;
 - 4 normal open and 4 normal close auxiliary contacts;
 - M-type Intelligent Controller;
 - Closing and breaking push button lock;
 - Horizontal wiring of main circuit;
 - Doorcase;
 - Element of main circuit;
 - Operating instructions of Air Circuit Breaker;
 - Packing box;
 - Drawer seat(Drawout type)
 - b. Manual:
 - Under-voltage instantaneous release;
 - 4 normal open and 4 normal close auxiliary contacts;
 - M-type Intelligent Controller;
 - Horizontal wiring of main circuit;
 - Closing and breaking push button lock;
 - Doorcase;
 - Element of main circuit;
 - Operating instructions of Air Circuit Breaker;
 - Packing box;
 - Drawer seat(Drawout type)
4. NA1-1000X operational configuration (additional costs)
 - Under voltage delayed release; wire-cable mechanical interlock;
 - key lock; External current transformer earthing protection;
 - Vertical busbar; 6 groups changeover contacts;
 - H type intelligent controller; Phases barrier, position signal

Note

[illegible]

Note

[illegible]